

نام و نام خانوادگی: ریاضی پاسخنامه تشریحی تکلیف شماره ۲۰۰ کلاس دهه اول B

۱۷, ۵

$$g'(u) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+\tan^2 u}} = \frac{1}{\sec u} = \cos u$$

$$g'\left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$$

$$f'(r) = \sqrt{r} \Rightarrow f'(r) = \frac{\sqrt{r}}{2}$$

۱

$$f(u) = \frac{1}{\cos u} = \sec u$$

$$f'(u) = \sec u \tan u$$

$$f'\left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} = \frac{1}{2}$$

۲

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \frac{\pi}{2}^-} \frac{(x-\frac{\pi}{2})\sqrt{\tan x}}{x-\frac{\pi}{2}} = \lim_{x \rightarrow \frac{\pi}{2}^-} \sqrt{\tan x} = \sqrt{4} = 2$$

۳

$$\frac{(x-\frac{\pi}{2})\sqrt{\tan x}}{x-\frac{\pi}{2}} = \sqrt{4} = 2$$

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{x} \Rightarrow f'(x) = -\frac{1}{x^2}$$

$$f'\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right) = -\frac{1}{\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2} = -\frac{4}{\pi^2}$$

۴

$$y' = \frac{a+1}{(a+1)^2} = \frac{1}{a+1}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{1}{a+1} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{a^2+4a+1}} \Rightarrow \sqrt{a^2+4a+1} = a+1$$

$$\Rightarrow a^2+4a+1 = a^2+2a+1 \Rightarrow 2a = 0 \Rightarrow a = 0$$

۵

$$\frac{a+1}{\sqrt{a^2+4a+1}} = \frac{1}{a+1} \Rightarrow \sqrt{a^2+4a+1} = a+1$$

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$$(a-1)(a^2+4a+1) = 0 \Rightarrow a = 1 \text{ or } a = -1 \text{ or } a = 0$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{y_n}{y_{n+1}} = \frac{y_n}{y_{n+1}} \rightarrow \frac{1}{2} \text{ as } n \rightarrow \infty \Rightarrow \frac{1}{2}$$

$$f(x) = 1 + 2x - 3x^2 \Rightarrow 1 - 2x - 3x^2 = 0 \Rightarrow x = \frac{1 \pm \sqrt{10}}{3}$$

$$-14 - (-12) = -2$$

2

$$f'(x) = \frac{\frac{1}{x}(\sqrt{x}-1) - \frac{1}{x\sqrt{x}}(\sqrt{x}+1)}{(\sqrt{x}-1)^2} = \frac{-1}{\sqrt{x}} \quad f'(x) = \frac{-1}{\sqrt{x}} \Rightarrow \frac{-1}{\sqrt{x}}$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{1}{f'(x)} \Rightarrow f'(x) = \frac{1}{f'(x)}$$

$$f(0) = 1 \Rightarrow \frac{1 + 10x - 1}{1} = 10x \Rightarrow 10x = 1 \Rightarrow x = \frac{1}{10}$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{1}{x} \left(\frac{1}{x} + 1 \right) + \frac{1}{x} \left(\frac{1}{x} + 1 \right)$$

$$f'(1) = 1 \times \frac{1}{1} + (-1) \times 1 = 0$$

$$\frac{f\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right) - f\left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right)}{g\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right) - g\left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right)} = \frac{-1 - 0}{1 - 1} = \frac{-1}{0}$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\sin^n(x^r) \times r n \sin^{n-1}(x^r) \times \cos x^r}{\left(r \sin^{\frac{r}{r}} \frac{1}{r}\right)^n} \xrightarrow{\text{Simplification}} \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{(x^r)^n \times n \times (x^r)^{n-1} \times r n}{\left(r \left(\frac{x}{r}\right)^r\right)^n} = \frac{(x)^{r_n + r_n - r + 1} \times r n}{(x)^{r_n} \times \frac{1}{r}}$$

$$= \frac{r n n^{n-1}}{\frac{1}{r^n} \times x^{r_n}} = r^{n+1} \times n \times x^{n-r_n-1} \rightarrow n-r_n-1=0 \rightarrow n = \frac{r_{n+1}}{r}$$

$$\hookrightarrow r^{n+1} \times \frac{r_{n+1}}{r} = r^r \sqrt{r} \rightarrow m = \frac{r}{r}, n = r \rightarrow r_m + n = 9$$

$$\phi^{-1}(r) = t \rightarrow \phi(t) = r \rightarrow \sqrt{t+1} = r\sqrt{t} - r \rightarrow \sqrt{t} = r \rightarrow t = 9$$

$$\phi^{-1}(r)' = \frac{1}{\phi'(9)}, \quad \phi'(r) = \frac{-r}{(\sqrt{r}-1)^2} \times \frac{1}{r\sqrt{r}}$$

$$\phi'(9) = \frac{-r}{(r)^2} \times \frac{1}{4} = -\frac{1}{12} \rightarrow \phi^{-1}(r)' = -12$$