

صالح صائمی

نام آنگ جان را ندرت آموخت

دوازدهم - تیر ۱۳۹۲
تکلیف شماره ۲۲

$$g'(u) = (2 \tan u (1 + \tan^2 u) - \sqrt{2} \sin u) f'(\tan^2 u + \sqrt{2} \cos u) \rightarrow$$

(۱)

$$g'\left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right) = f'(2) \times (2 \times 2 - 1) = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$$

$$f(u) = \frac{(\cos u + 2)(\cos^2 u + 2 - 2 \cos u)}{(2 - \cos u)(\cos u + 2)} = \frac{\cos^2 u - 2 \cos u + 2}{2 - \cos u} \rightarrow f - 2g = \frac{\cos^2 u - 2 \cos u}{2 - \cos u}$$

(۲)

$$= \frac{-\cos u (2 - \cos u)}{2 - \cos u} = -\cos u \rightarrow f'(u) - 2g'(u) = \sin u \rightarrow f'\left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right) - 2g'\left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right) = \sin \frac{\pi}{4} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$$

$$f(x) \begin{cases} x \rightarrow \frac{\pi}{4}^+ \rightarrow (x - \frac{\pi}{4}) \sqrt{\tan x} \rightarrow f'\left(\frac{\pi}{4}^+\right) = \sqrt{\frac{\tan x}{x}} + (0^+) \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}} \sqrt{\frac{\tan x}{x}} \\ x \rightarrow \frac{\pi}{4}^- \rightarrow (-x + \frac{\pi}{4}) \sqrt{\tan x} \rightarrow f'\left(\frac{\pi}{4}^-\right) = -\sqrt{\frac{\tan x}{x}} + (0^-) \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}} \sqrt{\frac{\tan x}{x}} \end{cases}$$

(۳)

$$\rightarrow f'_+\left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right) - f'_-\left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right) = 2\sqrt{2} \times \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} = 2\sqrt{2} \rightarrow \sqrt{2} \times \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \rightarrow a = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$$

$$\begin{cases} f(\pi) = 2 - \sqrt{2} \\ f'(\pi) = -a \end{cases} \Rightarrow 2 - \sqrt{2} - a = -1 \rightarrow a = \frac{3}{2} \Rightarrow f'(\pi) = -\frac{3}{2}$$

(۴)

$$\forall y = x + \omega \quad \frac{x=y}{\text{, } m = \frac{1}{V}} \Rightarrow y' = \frac{a + \omega}{(Vn+1)^V} = \frac{1}{V} \quad \frac{x=\omega}{\text{, } \frac{a+\omega}{\frac{V}{C} \times \frac{V}{C}}} = \frac{1}{V} \Rightarrow a = \frac{-\omega}{\frac{V}{C}}$$

$$f'(V) = 0 \Rightarrow 4a^2 + a = 0 \Rightarrow 14a = 0 \Rightarrow a = -14 \Rightarrow b - a = \frac{14}{C}$$

$$f(V) = 0 \Rightarrow 4a^2 - b = 0 \Rightarrow b = -14$$

$$f'(n) = V a n \sin^{n-1}(n^V) \cdot \cos(n^V) \Rightarrow \lim_{n \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(n) \cdot f'(n)}{(1 - \cos n)^m} = \lim_{n \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin^V(n^V) \cdot V a n \cos(n^V) \cdot \sin^{n-1}(n^V)}{(1 - \cos n)^m}$$

$$\text{L'Hôpital} = \lim_{n \rightarrow 0} \frac{V a n \sin^{n-1}(n^V)}{\left(\frac{n^V}{V}\right)^m} = \lim_{n \rightarrow 0} \frac{V a n^{Vm-1}}{\frac{n^{Vm}}{V^m}} = \lim_{n \rightarrow 0} \frac{V^{m+1} a n^{m-1}}{n^{Vm}} = V^m \sqrt{V}$$

$$Vm = Vn-1 \Rightarrow m = Vn-1 \Rightarrow n=V, m=\frac{V}{V} \Rightarrow Vm+n = \frac{V}{V}$$

$$f(n) = V \Rightarrow V = \frac{\sqrt{x}+1}{\sqrt{x}-1} \Rightarrow x=9 \Rightarrow (f^{-1}(x))' = \frac{1}{f'(9)} \Rightarrow f'(n) = \frac{\frac{1}{\sqrt{x}}(\sqrt{x}-1) - \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}}(\sqrt{x}+1)}{(\sqrt{x}-1)^2}$$

$$= \frac{\frac{1}{\sqrt{x}}(V-1)}{V} = -\frac{1}{14} \Rightarrow (f^{-1}(V))' = -14$$

$$\frac{f(0) - f(-1)}{0 - (-1)} = 11 = \frac{1 + 14a - 1}{1} \Rightarrow 14a - V = -11 \Rightarrow a = -\frac{1}{14}$$

$$f'(n) = V(a n^V + 1)(Vn)(-\frac{1}{V}n+1) - \frac{1}{V}(n^V+1)^V \Rightarrow f'(1) = \frac{1}{V}$$

$$\frac{f(\frac{\pi}{V}) - f(\frac{\pi}{V})}{\frac{\pi}{V} - \frac{\pi}{V}} \Rightarrow f_1(n) = \frac{\sin \frac{\pi}{V} \cos \frac{\pi}{V} - \sin \frac{\pi}{V} \cos \pi}{\frac{\pi}{V}} = -\frac{1}{V}$$

$$f_2(n) = (\sin^V - \cos^V)(\sin^V + \cos^V) = \sin^V - \cos^V \Rightarrow \frac{\sin^V \frac{\pi}{V} - \cos^V \frac{\pi}{V} - \sin^V \frac{\pi}{V} + \cos^V \frac{\pi}{V}}{\frac{\pi}{V}} = -1$$

-1 = نبت ← $\frac{1}{\frac{1}{V}}$