

۱۹،۲۵ آفرین

نام و نام خانوادگی آفرین پاسخنانه تشریحی تکلیف شماره ۲۳ کلاس

$$g'(x) = (2(\tan x)(1 + \tan^2 x) - \sqrt{2} \sin x) f'(\tan^2 x + \sqrt{2} \cos x)$$

$$(2x - 1 \times \frac{2}{\sqrt{2}} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}) \times f'(1 + \frac{\sqrt{2}x}{\sqrt{2}}) = \sqrt{2}$$

$$f'(2) = \boxed{\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}}$$

$x = \frac{\pi}{4}$

$$f(x) = \frac{\cos^2 x + 1 - 2 \cos x}{2 - \cos x} \quad g(x) = \frac{2}{2 - \cos x}$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{-2 \sin 2x + \sin 2x \cos x}{\cos^2 x - 2 \cos x + 1} \quad g'(x) = \frac{2 \sin x}{\cos^2 x - 2 \cos x + 1}$$

$$f'(x) - 2g'(x) = \frac{\sin x \cos^2 x - 2 \sin x \cos x + 2 \sin x}{\cos^2 x - 2 \cos x + 1} \xrightarrow{x = \frac{\pi}{4}} \sin(\frac{\pi}{4}) = \boxed{-\frac{1}{2}}$$

چون شیب هاستریناندر $\sqrt{4}$ و $-\sqrt{4}$

$$f'_+(\frac{\sqrt{4}}{2}) = (\frac{\sqrt{4}}{2} - 2) \sqrt{a}$$

$$2\sqrt{ax} = \sqrt{4} \rightarrow \frac{\sqrt{4}}{2} a \times 2 = \sqrt{4} \rightarrow \frac{\sqrt{4}}{2} = \sqrt{4}a \rightarrow 2a = \frac{4}{2} \Rightarrow a = \boxed{\frac{1}{2}}$$

$$y = -ax + 2 \rightarrow m = -a, \quad y = 2 - \varepsilon a$$

$$f(\varepsilon) = 2 - \varepsilon a, \quad f'(\varepsilon) = -a$$

$$2 - a\varepsilon = -1 \rightarrow a = \frac{3}{\varepsilon}$$

$$f'(2) = \boxed{-\frac{3}{2}}$$

$$\frac{x+a}{v} = y \rightarrow y' = \frac{1}{v}$$

$$y = \frac{ax-1}{rx+1} \rightarrow y' = \frac{a-r}{(rx+1)^2}$$

$$\left\{ \frac{a+r}{(rx+1)^2} = \frac{1}{v}, \quad \frac{x+a}{v} = \frac{ax-1}{rx+1} \right.$$

$x=2, a=2$

$$\begin{aligned} \varphi(r) &= \cdot \int \frac{1}{x^2} r + a \rightarrow a = -12 \\ \varphi'(r) &= \cdot \int 1 - 2\varepsilon - b = 0 \rightarrow b = -14 \end{aligned} \quad \left. \vphantom{\int} \right\} -14 + 12 = -2$$

$$\begin{aligned} \varphi'(x) \times \varphi(x) &= r n x (\sin(x^r))^{\frac{1}{r}n-1} \times \cos(x^r) \xrightarrow{x \rightarrow 0} \sin x^r = x^r \quad 1 - \cos x^r = \frac{x^r}{2} \\ &\quad \cos x^r = 1 \\ &\quad \left. \vphantom{\int} \right\} \frac{\varphi(x) \varphi'(x)}{(1 - \cos x)^m} = r n x r^m x^{\frac{1}{r}n-1-rm} \\ &\quad \rightarrow r n x^{\frac{1}{r}n-1-rm} \\ &\quad (1 - \cos x)^m = \left(\frac{x^r}{2}\right)^m \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{1}{r}n-1-rm &= 0 \rightarrow rm = \frac{1}{r}n-1 \\ \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\varphi(x) \varphi'(x)}{(1 - \cos x)^m} &= r n x r^m = r^{\frac{1}{r}n-1} \left. \vphantom{\int} \right\} r n x r^{\frac{1}{r}n-1-r} = r^{\frac{1}{r}n-1} \rightarrow n = r, m = \frac{r}{r} \\ &\quad \rightarrow r + v = 11 \quad r m + n = v + r = 9 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \varphi^{-1}(x) &= \frac{1}{\varphi'(y)} \rightarrow \varphi^{-1}(x) = \frac{1}{\varphi'(x)} \rightarrow \varphi'(r) = -\frac{\sqrt{r}}{r} - \frac{1}{r} \\ \varphi'(x) &= \frac{1}{r x - x \sqrt{x} - \sqrt{x}} \quad \text{!} \rightarrow \varphi'(9) \quad \text{!} \rightarrow \varphi^{-1}(r) = -\frac{r\sqrt{r}}{r+\sqrt{r}} \end{aligned}$$

$$t_{an} = \frac{\varphi(0) - \varphi(-1)}{0 - (-1)} = 1 - 1 + 1a = 1a - v = -1 \rightarrow a = -\frac{1}{r}$$

$$\varphi'(1) = \frac{1}{r} \left(\frac{1}{r} \right)^{\frac{1}{r}} + \left(-\frac{1}{r} \right) = 1$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{-1 - 0}{\frac{1}{r}} &= -\frac{r}{1} \quad , \quad \frac{(1-0) - \left(\frac{1}{r} - \frac{1}{r}\right)}{\frac{1}{r}} = \frac{r}{1} \\ &\quad \frac{\frac{1}{r}}{\frac{1}{r}} = 1 \end{aligned}$$

$$\varphi^{-1}(r) = t \rightarrow \varphi(t) = r \rightarrow \sqrt{t+1} = r\sqrt{t} - r \rightarrow \sqrt{t} = r \rightarrow t = r^2$$

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$$\varphi^{-1}(r)' = \frac{1}{\varphi'(a)} \quad , \quad \varphi'(r) = \frac{-r}{(\sqrt{r}-1)^2} \times \frac{1}{r\sqrt{r}}$$

$$\varphi'(a) = \frac{-r}{(r)^2} \times \frac{1}{4} = -\frac{1}{1r} \rightarrow \varphi^{-1}(r)' = -1r$$