

$$(f(u))' = u' f'(u)$$

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$$\frac{1 + \cos^2 x}{1 - \cos^2 x} = \frac{\sum (1 + \cos x)}{1 - \cos^2 x}$$

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$$(f - g)' = \left(\frac{\cos^2 x - \sum \cos x}{1 - \cos^2 x} \right)' = \frac{\cos(\cos^2 x - \sum)}{1 - \cos^2 x} - (\cos x)'$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{1}{1 - \cos^2 x} \rightarrow -\frac{1}{1 - \cos^2 x} \cdot (-2 \cos x \sin x) = \frac{2 \cos x \sin x}{1 - \cos^2 x} \\ & = 1 \sqrt{\frac{2a}{1-a}} = 2\sqrt{a} \rightarrow a = 1/4 \end{aligned}$$

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$$\begin{aligned} y &= -ax + 1 \\ f'(y) &= -a \\ f'(1) &= -a = -\frac{1}{a} \\ &\rightarrow -a - \frac{1}{a} + 1 = -1 \rightarrow -a = -\frac{1}{a} \\ &\rightarrow a = \frac{1}{a} \end{aligned}$$

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$$\begin{aligned} y &= \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}} + \frac{a}{x} \Rightarrow y' = \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}} \\ \frac{a+1}{(x+1)^2} &= \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}} \Rightarrow \sqrt{x(a+1)} = (x+1)^2 \\ \frac{ax-1}{x+1} &= \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}} + a \quad \frac{x}{\sqrt{x}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}} + a = a(x-1) \end{aligned}$$

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$$f(x) = 0 \quad 1 - 2x - b = 0 \rightarrow b = -14$$

$$f'(x) = 0 \rightarrow 2nx + a = 0 \rightarrow 12 + a = -14$$

$$-14 + 12 = -2 \quad a = -12$$

$$f(n) = 2x \cos nx \sin^{n-1}(nx)$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin^n(nx) \times 2x \cos nx \sin^{n-1}(nx)}{(1 - \cos nx)^n} = \frac{0}{0}$$

$$f(n) = \frac{n+1}{n-1} \rightarrow y+1-y = \frac{n+1}{n-1} \rightarrow 1+y-1 = y+1$$

$$\rightarrow \sqrt{n} = \frac{y+1}{y-1} \rightarrow y = \frac{(n+1)^2}{(n-1)^2} = \frac{(n+1)^2}{(n-1)^2}$$

$$y' = \frac{2(n+1)(n-1)^2 - 2(n-1)(n+1)^2}{(n-1)^4} \rightarrow \frac{2 \times 1 \times 1 - 2 \times 1 \times 9}{1} = -16$$

$$\text{Mean Value Theorem: } \frac{f(b) - f(a)}{b - a} = 1(-a+1) - 1 = 1 \rightarrow a = -1/2$$

$$\rightarrow n = 1$$

$$f'(n) = 2(n) (n^2+1)^2 \times (-1/2 + 1) + -1/2 (n^2+1)^2$$

$$\rightarrow f'(1) = 4 - 2 = 2$$

$$\frac{f(b) - f(a)}{b - a} \rightarrow \frac{\sin \frac{\pi}{2} \cos \pi - \sin \frac{\pi}{2} \cos \frac{\pi}{2}}{\frac{\pi}{2} - \frac{\pi}{2}} = \frac{-1}{\frac{\pi}{2}}$$

$$\sin^2 n - \cos^2 n = 1 \times \sin^2 n - \cos^2 n \rightarrow -\cos^2 n$$

$$= \cos^2 \frac{\pi}{2} - \cos^2 \frac{\pi}{2} = \frac{1}{\frac{\pi}{2}} = \frac{2}{\pi} \rightarrow -1$$