

الف) $1 - \sqrt{3} \sin \alpha = \sqrt{3} \cos \alpha \rightarrow \sqrt{3} \sin \alpha + \sqrt{3} \cos \alpha - 1 = 0$
 $\begin{cases} \sin \alpha = \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} \\ \cos \alpha = -\frac{\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{3}} \end{cases} \rightarrow \sin \alpha = \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} \rightarrow \alpha = \arcsin \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} \rightarrow \alpha = \arcsin \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}$

ب) $\sqrt{2} \cos \alpha + \cos \alpha - \sqrt{3} = 0$
 $\begin{cases} \cos \alpha = 1 \rightarrow \alpha = 2k\pi \\ \cos \alpha = -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{2}} \end{cases}$

الف) $-\cos 2\alpha = \sqrt{2} \sin 2\alpha \cos 2\alpha \rightarrow \sin 2\alpha = -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$
 $\begin{cases} 2\alpha = \arcsin \left(-\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \rightarrow \alpha = \arcsin \left(-\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \\ 2\alpha = \pi - \arcsin \left(-\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \rightarrow \alpha = \frac{\pi}{2} - \arcsin \left(-\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \end{cases}$

ب) $\sqrt{2} \cos \alpha - 1 = -\sqrt{2} \sin \alpha \cos \alpha \rightarrow \cos \alpha = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$
 $\cos 2\alpha + \sin 2\alpha = 0 \rightarrow 1 + \sin 2\alpha = 0 \rightarrow \sin 2\alpha = -1$

الف) $\frac{\cos \alpha}{\sin \alpha} (\sqrt{2} \cos \alpha + 1) = \frac{1}{\sin \alpha} \rightarrow \sqrt{2} \cos \alpha + \cos \alpha = 1 \rightarrow \sqrt{2} \cos \alpha + \cos \alpha - 1 = 0$
 $\begin{cases} \cos \alpha = -1 \rightarrow \alpha = \pi \\ \cos \alpha = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \rightarrow \alpha = \arcsin \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \end{cases}$

ب) $\sqrt{2} \sin \alpha + \cos \alpha = 1 + \sin \alpha \cos \alpha \rightarrow \sqrt{2} - 1 = \sin \alpha \cos \alpha \rightarrow -\cos \alpha = \sin \alpha \cos \alpha \rightarrow -\cos \alpha = \sin \alpha$
 $1 + \sin 2\alpha = 0 \rightarrow \sin 2\alpha = -1 \rightarrow 2\alpha = \arcsin(-1) = \frac{3\pi}{2} \rightarrow \alpha = \frac{3\pi}{4}$

الف) $\cos \left(\frac{\pi}{2} + \alpha\right) = \frac{1}{2} \rightarrow \cos \left(\frac{\pi}{2} + \alpha\right) = -\frac{1}{2}$
 $\frac{\pi}{2} + \alpha = \arccos \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right) \rightarrow \alpha = \arccos \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right) - \frac{\pi}{2}$
 $\frac{\pi}{2} + \alpha = \pi - \arccos \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right) \rightarrow \alpha = \pi - \arccos \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right) - \frac{\pi}{2}$

ب) $\cos \left(\alpha - \frac{\pi}{4}\right) = \cos \left(\frac{\pi}{4} + \alpha\right) \rightarrow \alpha - \frac{\pi}{4} = \frac{\pi}{4} + \alpha \rightarrow \alpha = \frac{\pi}{4}$
 $\rightarrow \alpha = \frac{\pi}{4}$

$\frac{\sin \epsilon_m}{\sin 2\pi} + 1 = 1 \rightarrow \sin \epsilon_m = 0$
 $\epsilon_m = 2k\pi \rightarrow \epsilon_m = 2k\pi$
 $\sin \epsilon_m \neq 0 \rightarrow \epsilon_m = 2k\pi$

$$\frac{\sin \frac{\pi}{4}}{r \cos \alpha} = \frac{r \cos \alpha}{\sin \frac{\pi}{4}} \rightarrow \sin \frac{\pi}{4} = r \cos \alpha \rightarrow \frac{1 + \cos \alpha}{r} = r \cos \alpha \rightarrow 1 + \cos \alpha - \cos \alpha - 1 = 0$$

$$\cos \alpha = \frac{1 + r^2}{19} \quad \begin{cases} \cos \alpha = \frac{1}{5} \\ \cos \alpha = -\frac{1}{5} \end{cases}$$

$$-\sin \pi = \sin \pi \cos \alpha_m \rightarrow \cos \alpha_m = -1 \rightarrow \alpha_m = \pi k \pi + \pi$$

$$\rightarrow \alpha = \frac{\pi k \pi + \pi}{\pi}$$

$$\tan \left(\frac{\pi}{4} - \alpha \right) = \tan \pi m$$

$$\pi \alpha = k \pi + \frac{\pi}{4} - \alpha \rightarrow \pi \alpha = k \pi + \frac{\pi}{4} \Rightarrow \alpha = \frac{k \pi}{4} + \frac{\pi}{16}$$

$$1 + \sin \pi m = r \cos \pi m \Rightarrow 1 + \sin \pi m = r(1 - \sin \pi m)$$

$$r - r \sin \pi m + 1 - \sin \pi m = 0 \Rightarrow -r \sin \pi m + 1 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow r \sin \pi m = \frac{1}{r}$$

$$r \alpha = \pi k \pi - \frac{\pi}{4} \Rightarrow \alpha = \begin{cases} k \pi + \frac{\pi}{4} \\ k \pi - \frac{\pi}{4} \\ k \pi + \frac{\pi}{16} \end{cases} \Rightarrow \frac{\pi}{4}, \frac{11\pi}{16}, \frac{\pi}{16}$$

$$r \alpha = \pi k \pi + \frac{\pi}{4}$$

$$\alpha) \cos \alpha = -1 \Rightarrow \alpha = \pi k \pi + \pi \rightarrow \alpha = k \pi + \pi$$

$$\alpha) \sin \alpha = 0 \Rightarrow \alpha = \pi k \pi$$