

دائرة بـ = 17

نام آنکه در وقت آخرت

بسیار

$$\cos^2 x = 1 - \sin^2 x = \sin^2 x - 1 \rightarrow \sin^2 x + \sin^2 x + \cos^2 x = 0 \rightarrow \sin^2 x = -\cos^2 x \quad (1) \text{ الف}$$

$$\rightarrow \sin^2 x = \frac{1}{4} \checkmark$$

$$\begin{cases} x = 2k\pi + \pi \\ x = 2k\pi + \frac{3\pi}{2} \end{cases}$$

$$\cos^2 x = 2\cos^2 x - 1 \rightarrow 2\cos^2 x - 1 + \cos^2 x = 0 \rightarrow \cos^2 x = \frac{1}{3} \checkmark \quad (ب)$$

$$\rightarrow \cos x = \pm \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} \rightarrow x = 2k\pi$$

$$\sin^2 x - \cos^2 x = (\sin^2 x + \cos^2 x)(\sin^2 x - \cos^2 x) = -\cos^2 x = \sin^2 x = \sin^2 x \cos^2 x \quad (2) \text{ الف}$$

$$\rightarrow \cos^2 x (\sin^2 x + 1) = 0 \rightarrow \cos^2 x = 0 \rightarrow x = k\pi + \frac{\pi}{2} \rightarrow x = \frac{k\pi}{2} + \frac{\pi}{2}$$

$$\rightarrow \sin^2 x = -\frac{1}{4} \rightarrow x = 2k\pi + \frac{\pi}{2} \rightarrow x = k\pi + \frac{\pi}{2}$$

$$\rightarrow x = 2k\pi - \frac{\pi}{2} \rightarrow x = k\pi - \frac{\pi}{2}$$

$$\cos^2 x + \sin^2 x = 0 \rightarrow \cos^2 x = -\sin^2 x \rightarrow x = k\pi + \frac{\pi}{2} \rightarrow x = \frac{k\pi}{2} + \frac{\pi}{2} \quad (ب)$$

$$\frac{\cos^2 x + 1}{\sin^2 x} = \frac{\cos^2 x + 1}{\sin^2 x} \rightarrow \cos^2 x + 1 = \frac{1}{\sin^2 x} \rightarrow \cos^2 x + \sin^2 x - 1 = 0 \rightarrow \cos^2 x = \frac{1}{4} \quad (3) \text{ الف}$$

$$\rightarrow \cos x = \pm \frac{1}{2} \checkmark$$

$$2(1 - \cos^2 x) - \sin^2 x \cos^2 x + \cos^2 x = 2 - \cos^2 x - \sin^2 x \cos^2 x = 0 \rightarrow \cos^2 x (\cos^2 x - 1) = 0$$

$$\rightarrow \cos^2 x = 0 \rightarrow x = k\pi + \frac{\pi}{2}$$

$$\rightarrow \sin^2 x = \cos^2 x \rightarrow x = k\pi + \frac{\pi}{4}$$

$$\cos\left(x - \frac{\pi}{4}\right) = \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{4} - x\right) = \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{4} + x\right) \rightarrow \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{4} + x\right) \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{4} + x\right) = \frac{1}{4} \quad (4) \text{ الف}$$

$$\rightarrow \frac{1}{4} \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{4} + 2x\right) = \frac{1}{4} \rightarrow \cos^2 x = \frac{1}{4} \rightarrow x = 2k\pi + \frac{\pi}{2} \rightarrow x = k\pi + \frac{\pi}{2}$$

$$\cos\left(x - \frac{\pi}{4}\right) = \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{4} - x + \frac{\pi}{4}\right) = \sin\left(-x + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) = -\sin(x) \sin\left(x - \frac{\pi}{2}\right)$$

$$x - \frac{\pi}{4} = 2k\pi + \frac{\pi}{2} \quad \text{X}$$

$$\rightarrow x - \frac{\pi}{4} = 2k\pi + \frac{\pi}{2} - x \rightarrow x = \frac{k\pi}{2} + \frac{3\pi}{4}$$

boofi

محل

$$\frac{\sin^2 m + \sin^2 n}{\sin^2 m} = \frac{\sin^2 m + \cos^2 m}{\sin^2 m} = 1 = \frac{\sin^2 m}{\sin^2 m} + 1 \xrightarrow{\sin^2 m \neq 0} \sin^2 m = 0 \quad (2)$$

$$\left. \begin{aligned} \sin^2 m = 0 \Rightarrow m = k\pi \rightarrow n = \frac{k\pi}{\sqrt{2}} \\ \sin^2 n \neq 0, \cos^2 n \neq 0 \Rightarrow n \neq \frac{k\pi}{\sqrt{2}} \end{aligned} \right\} \Rightarrow n = \frac{k\pi}{\sqrt{2}} + \frac{\pi}{\sqrt{2}}$$

$$\frac{\tan \frac{\pi}{\sqrt{2}} - \tan n}{1 + \tan \frac{\pi}{\sqrt{2}} \tan n} = \tan \left(\frac{\pi}{\sqrt{2}} - n \right) = \tan^2 m, \quad m = k\pi + \frac{\pi}{\sqrt{2}} - n$$

$$n = \frac{k\pi}{\sqrt{2}} + \frac{\pi}{\sqrt{2}}$$

$$\sqrt{\sin^2 n + \cos^2 n + 2 \sin n \cos n} = |\sin n + \cos n| = \sqrt{2} (\sin n + \cos n) (\cos n - \sin n) \quad (9)$$

$$\Rightarrow \sqrt{2} \cos n - \sqrt{2} \sin n = 1 \Rightarrow \frac{\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{2}} = \cos n - \sin n$$

$$\hookrightarrow \sqrt{2} \cos n - \sqrt{2} \sin n = -1 \Rightarrow \frac{\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{2}} = \sin n - \cos n$$

$$\text{اذا } (\sin^2 n + \cos^2 n) (\sin^2 n - \cos^2 n) = 1 \Rightarrow \sin^2 n - \cos^2 n = \sin^2 n + \cos^2 n, \quad \cos^2 n = 0$$

$$\cos^2 n = 0 \Rightarrow \cos n = 0 \Rightarrow n = \frac{\pi}{2} + k\pi$$

$$\text{ب) } (\sin n - \cos n) (1 + \sin n \cos n) = -1 \Rightarrow (\sin n - \cos n) \left(1 + \frac{\sin^2 n}{\sqrt{2}} \right) = -1$$

$$\cos^2 n - \sin^2 n \cos^2 n = \sin^2 n + \cos^2 n \Rightarrow \sin^2 n (1 + \cos^2 n) = 0 \xrightarrow{\sin^2 n \neq 0} \sin n = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow n = k\pi$$

$$\hookrightarrow \cos^2 n = 1, \quad m = \frac{\pi}{2} + k\pi + \pi$$

$$\text{محل: } 0, \pi, \frac{\pi}{2}, \frac{3\pi}{2} \rightarrow \text{محل}$$

$$n = \frac{\pi}{2} + k\pi$$

$$\frac{\sin^2 \frac{\pi}{\sqrt{2}}}{1 + \cos \frac{\pi}{\sqrt{2}}} = \frac{1 + \cos \frac{\pi}{\sqrt{2}}}{\sin \frac{\pi}{\sqrt{2}}} \Rightarrow \sin^2 \frac{\pi}{\sqrt{2}} = (1 + \cos \frac{\pi}{\sqrt{2}})^2, \quad 1 - \cos^2 \frac{\pi}{\sqrt{2}} = \cos^2 \frac{\pi}{\sqrt{2}} + 1 + 2 \cos \frac{\pi}{\sqrt{2}}$$

$$2 \cos^2 \frac{\pi}{\sqrt{2}} + 2 \cos \frac{\pi}{\sqrt{2}} = 0 \Rightarrow 2 \cos \frac{\pi}{\sqrt{2}} (\cos \frac{\pi}{\sqrt{2}} + 1) = 0 \Rightarrow \cos \frac{\pi}{\sqrt{2}} = 0 \Rightarrow \frac{\pi}{\sqrt{2}} = k\pi + \frac{\pi}{2} \Rightarrow n = \frac{\pi}{2} + k\pi$$

$$\hookrightarrow \cos \frac{\pi}{\sqrt{2}} = 1 \quad \text{وحيث } \left[-\frac{\pi}{2}, \frac{\pi}{2} \right] \text{ : محل}$$

بوفی

$$|-\pi - \pi| = 2\pi$$