

$$\tan\left(\pi/4 + \frac{\pi}{6}\right) = 1 \rightarrow B(0,1)$$

$$T = \frac{R}{\mu} \rightarrow A \text{ و } C \quad \Delta ABC = \frac{1}{2} \times 1 \times \frac{R}{\mu} = \frac{R}{2\mu}$$

1

$$\frac{E}{q} - \frac{r}{\mu} \sin \alpha - \frac{1}{\epsilon} \cos^2 \alpha = 0 \rightarrow \frac{E}{q} - \frac{r}{\epsilon} \sin \alpha - \frac{1}{\epsilon} + \frac{1}{\epsilon} \sin^2 \alpha = 0 \quad \left\{ 1 + \left(\frac{r}{\mu}\right)^2 = \frac{4}{\lambda} \right\}$$



$$15 - 2 \cos \alpha - 9 + 9 \sin^2 \alpha = 0 \rightarrow 9 \sin^2 \alpha - 2 \cos \alpha + 6 = 0 \quad \left\{ \frac{E}{q} = \frac{1}{\epsilon} = \sin \alpha \right\}$$

$$\log \frac{\sin \alpha}{-\cos \alpha} = \log 2 \rightarrow \tan \alpha = -2 \quad \begin{matrix} \sqrt{5} \\ 1 \end{matrix} \quad \begin{matrix} \cos \alpha = \frac{1}{\sqrt{5}} \\ \sin \alpha = \frac{2}{\sqrt{5}} \end{matrix}$$

3

$$\frac{3}{\sqrt{10}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{10}} = \frac{4\sqrt{10}}{10}$$

$$4 \sin^2 \alpha - 4 \sin^2 \alpha + 1 = 0 \rightarrow \sin^2 \alpha = \frac{1 - \sqrt{5}}{10} \rightarrow \sin \alpha = \frac{1 - \sqrt{5}}{10}$$

4

$$\sin(\pi/3 + \pi/6) \Rightarrow \sin \pi/2 = 1$$

$$\frac{2 - 2 \cos \alpha}{\sin \alpha} = 1 \Rightarrow \cos \alpha = \frac{1 - \sin \alpha}{2}$$

$$\frac{\sin \alpha - 1}{\cos \alpha} = 1 \Rightarrow \cos \alpha = \frac{\sin \alpha - 1}{2}$$

نام و نام خانوادگی

5

$$\frac{r \cos + v \sin}{\sin \cos} = 0 \rightarrow r \cos + v \sin = 0 \rightarrow \tan = \frac{-r}{v}$$

$$\frac{-r}{v} - \frac{v}{r} = \frac{-1}{\sin \phi}$$

6

$$\frac{\sqrt{1 + \cos \phi}}{r \sin \left(\frac{\phi + \theta}{r} \right) \cos \left(\frac{\phi - \theta}{r} \right)} = \frac{\sqrt{r} \cos \tau}{r \sin \tau \cos \tau} = \sqrt{r}$$

7

$$1 - r \sin^2 \alpha = \cos^2 \alpha$$

$$r \cos^2 \alpha = \cos^2 \tau$$

$$\frac{\sin \alpha}{\sin \tau} \times \cos \alpha \times \cos \tau \times \cos \phi = \frac{1}{n} \tan \alpha$$

$$\frac{1 - \tan^2 \tau}{1 + \tan^2 \tau} = \cos \phi$$

8

$$* \sin^2 = (r - v \cos)^2 \rightarrow 1 - \cos^2 = r^2 - 1 + 2r \cos + v^2 \cos^2$$

$$1 \cdot \cos^2 - 1 + 2r \cos + v^2 = 0$$

$$* \Delta (r \cos^2 - 1) - 1 + 2r \cos = \left(\underbrace{1 \cdot \cos^2 - 1 + 2r \cos}_0 \right) - \Delta = -\Delta$$

9

$$\sin B \sin C = \frac{1}{r} (\cos(B-C) - \cos(B+C))$$

$-\cos A$

$$v \tau + v \tau + A = 1 \text{ a.}$$

$A = v \tau^2$

$$\frac{1}{r} (\cos(B-C) + \cos A) = \frac{1 + \cos A}{r} \rightarrow \cos(B-C) = 1 \rightarrow B-C=0$$

$B=C$
 $C = v \tau^2$

10