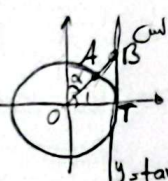


1



$$\frac{\sin \hat{O}_1}{BT} = \frac{OA}{OB} \Rightarrow OB = \frac{\sin \hat{O}_1}{\sin \hat{O}_1} = \frac{1}{\cos \hat{O}_1} = OB$$

$$\hat{O}_1 = \alpha = \cos \hat{O}_1 = \sin \alpha \Rightarrow OB = \frac{1}{\sin \alpha}$$

$$AB = OB - OA = \frac{1}{\sin \alpha} - 1 = \frac{1 - \sin \alpha}{\sin \alpha}$$

2

$$\frac{AC}{\sin D} = \frac{AB}{\sin C} = \frac{AD}{\sin B}$$

$$\frac{AB}{\sin A} = \frac{AB}{\sin B} = \frac{AD}{\sin B}$$

$$AC = \frac{AB \sin A}{\sin B} = 4 \sin A$$

$$AB = \frac{4 \sin B}{\sin A} \Rightarrow \frac{AB}{AC} = \frac{4 \sin B}{4 \sqrt{2} \sin A} \Rightarrow \frac{AB}{AC} = \frac{\sin B}{\sqrt{2} \sin A}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{AB}{AC} = \frac{\sqrt{2} \sin A}{4 \sqrt{2} \sin A} = \frac{1}{4}$$

الف) اگرچه که در این مسئله از ۳ ضلع و ۳ زاویه استفاده شده است، اما در این مسئله از ۳ ضلع و ۳ زاویه استفاده شده است.

$$\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \times \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \times \sin 45^\circ \right) + \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \times \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \times \sin 45^\circ \right) + \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \times \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \times \sin 45^\circ \right) \Rightarrow \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} = \frac{3}{\sqrt{2}}$$

$$\frac{1}{\sin A} = \frac{AC}{\sin A} = \frac{4 \sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{2} \sin A} \Rightarrow \frac{1}{\sqrt{2} \sin A} = \frac{4 \sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{2} \sin A} \Rightarrow \frac{1}{\sqrt{2} \sin A} = \frac{4 \sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{2} \sin A}$$

$$\frac{1}{\sin A} = \frac{AB}{\sin A} \Rightarrow \frac{1}{\sqrt{2} \sin A} = \frac{AB}{\sqrt{2} \sin A} \Rightarrow \frac{1}{\sqrt{2} \sin A} = \frac{AB}{\sqrt{2} \sin A}$$

$$\frac{1}{\sin A} = \frac{BC}{\sin A} \Rightarrow \frac{1}{\sqrt{2} \sin A} = \frac{BC}{\sqrt{2} \sin A} \Rightarrow \frac{1}{\sqrt{2} \sin A} = \frac{BC}{\sqrt{2} \sin A}$$

$$3 \log_2 2 \times \log_2 2 \Rightarrow 3 \log_2 2 \Rightarrow 12 \times \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{2} \Rightarrow 3$$

$$2 \cos^2 \alpha - \cos^2 \alpha - 2 \sin^2 \alpha + \sin^2 \alpha \Rightarrow 2 \cos^2 \alpha - 2 \sin^2 \alpha + \sin^2 \alpha - \cos^2 \alpha$$

$$2(\cos^2 \alpha - \sin^2 \alpha) \Rightarrow 2(\cos^2 \alpha - \sin^2 \alpha)(\cos^2 \alpha + \sin^2 \alpha) \Rightarrow 2 \cos 2\alpha$$

$$2 \cos 2\alpha - \cos 2\alpha = \cos 2\alpha = 1 \Rightarrow \cos 2\alpha = 1 \Rightarrow 2\alpha = 0 \Rightarrow \alpha = 0$$

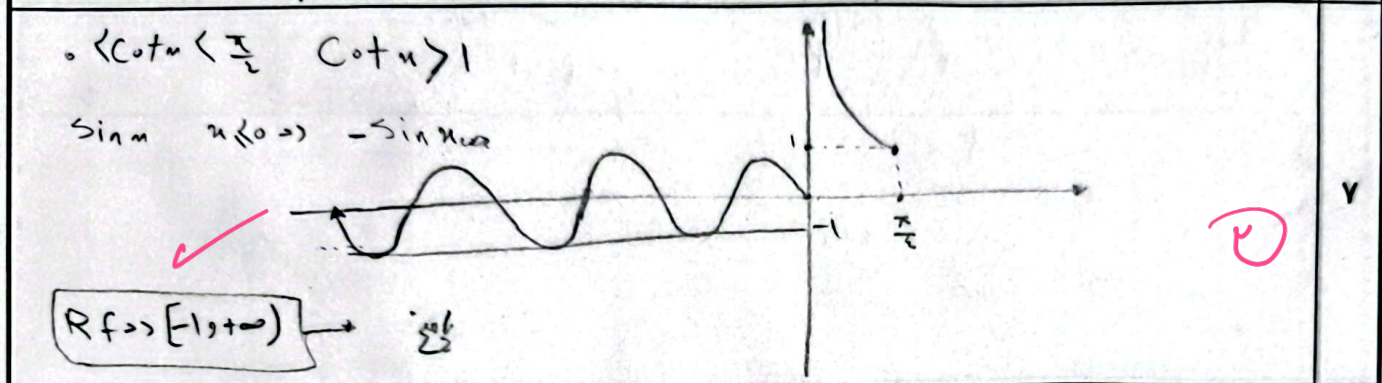
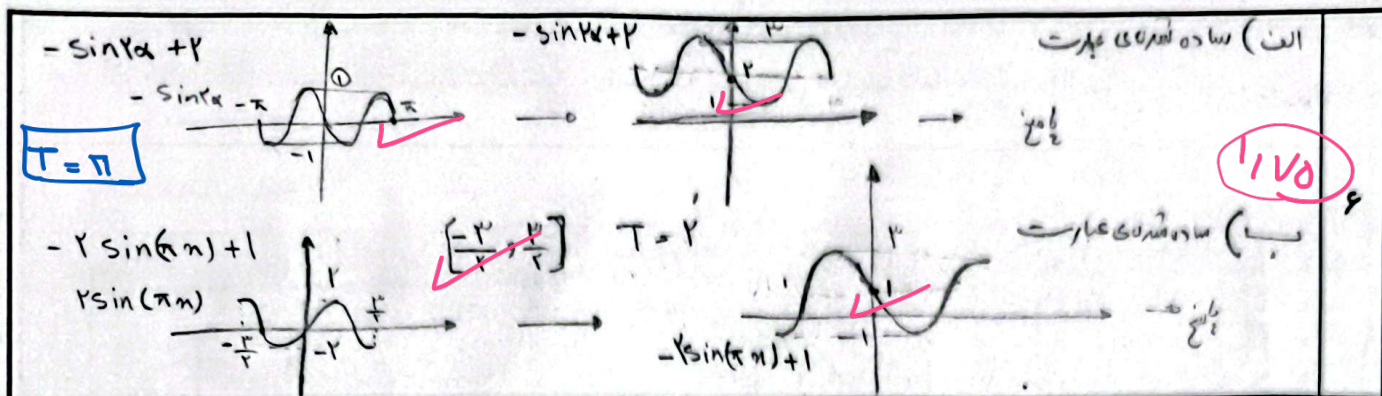
$$\sin 2\alpha = 2 \sin \alpha \cos \alpha \Rightarrow 2 \times 0 \times 1 = 0 \Rightarrow \sin 2\alpha = 0 \Rightarrow 2\alpha = 0 \Rightarrow \alpha = 0$$

$$\sin 2\alpha = 2 \sin \alpha \cos \alpha \Rightarrow 2 \times 0 \times 1 = 0 \Rightarrow \sin 2\alpha = 0 \Rightarrow 2\alpha = 0 \Rightarrow \alpha = 0$$

$$\sin 2\alpha = 2 \sin \alpha \cos \alpha \Rightarrow 2 \times 0 \times 1 = 0 \Rightarrow \sin 2\alpha = 0 \Rightarrow 2\alpha = 0 \Rightarrow \alpha = 0$$

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$$T = \frac{r_n}{r} = \pi$$



$a + b \frac{\sin(rn)}{r} \times \cos(rn) \Rightarrow r + b \frac{\sin(rn)}{r} \Rightarrow a + \frac{b}{r} \sin(rn)$
 $a = r \quad \frac{b}{r} \Rightarrow r \Rightarrow b = \Lambda$
 $T \Rightarrow \frac{\pi}{10} \quad \frac{1 \times \pi}{1 \times C} \Rightarrow \frac{\pi}{10} \Rightarrow \frac{1}{\pi} = |C| \Rightarrow \sin > 0 \Rightarrow C = \frac{1}{\pi}$
 $\Lambda \times \frac{1}{\pi} \Rightarrow \frac{1}{\pi} = \boxed{\Lambda} \rightarrow$

$\alpha > \pi \Rightarrow \frac{\pi}{2}$
 $3 \cos 2\alpha - 1$
 $3 \cos 2\alpha - 1 = 0 \Rightarrow \cos 2\alpha = \frac{1}{3} \Rightarrow \cos 2\alpha = \frac{1}{9}$
 $1 + \tan^2 \alpha = \frac{9}{4} \Rightarrow \tan^2 \alpha = \frac{5}{4} \Rightarrow |\tan \alpha| = \frac{\sqrt{5}}{2} \Rightarrow \tan > 0 \Rightarrow \tan \alpha = \frac{\sqrt{5}}{2}$

$-\frac{r \sin(\pi)}{r} = -1 \Rightarrow$
 $-\frac{1}{r} \alpha + 1 \Rightarrow -\frac{1}{r} \alpha \frac{r}{r} + 1 \Rightarrow -\frac{r}{2} + 1 \Rightarrow \frac{1}{2} = \boxed{\frac{r}{2}}$