

$$\frac{-\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}a - \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}b}{-\frac{a}{2} + \frac{b}{2}} = \frac{\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}(a+b)}{\frac{1}{2}(b-a)} = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{1} \rightarrow \frac{a+b}{b-a} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} \rightarrow \sqrt{3}a + \sqrt{3}b = b - a$$

$$\sqrt{3}b = -\sqrt{3}a \rightarrow \frac{b}{a} = -1$$

①

$$\cos \alpha = \frac{1}{2} \rightarrow \sin \alpha = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \text{ و } \alpha = \frac{\pi}{3} \quad \frac{\pi}{3} + \frac{\pi}{4} = \frac{7\pi}{12} = \frac{175^\circ}{2}$$

$OP = OP' = r = 1$

$$(PP')^2 = 1^2 + 1^2 - 2(1)(1)\cos\left(\frac{7\pi}{12}\right) = 2 - 2\cos\left(\frac{7\pi}{12}\right)$$

$$P = 2 + 2 + 2\sqrt{3} = 4 + 2\sqrt{3}$$


②

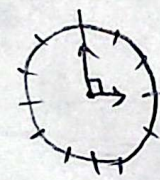
دقیقه	ساعت
9.0	12.0
12	1.0

$$\frac{D}{9} = \frac{D}{12} \rightarrow D = 2. \quad \kappa = \frac{D \times 12}{P} = \frac{2 \times 12}{P} = \frac{24}{P} = \epsilon \cdot \min \rightarrow \gamma = \epsilon \cdot \min$$

③

ساعت	دقیقه
min 9.0	0
1	10

دقیقه	ساعت
min 9.0	12.0
1	1

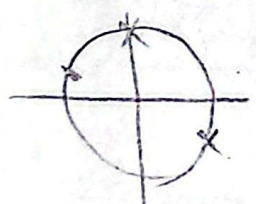


هر دقیقه ۵ درجه به هم نزدیک می شود
اولین بار دقیقه شمار قبل از ساعت شمار
و بار دوم دقیقه شمار بعد از ساعت شمار قرار می گیرد پس یعنی ۱۲.۱۰ درجه فاصله شان تغییر می کند

$$\frac{11.0}{0.5} = \frac{11.0 \times 12}{P} = 2. \min$$

④

$$-\frac{1}{P} \leq \sin \alpha \leq \frac{1}{P} \quad -\frac{1}{P} \leq \frac{m-3}{2} \leq \frac{1}{P} \rightarrow -2 \leq m-3 \leq 2$$

$$0.5 \leq m \leq 1$$


⑤

$$\sin 10^\circ = \cos 80^\circ$$

$$\cos 10^\circ = -\sin 80^\circ$$

$$\cos 190^\circ = -\cos 10^\circ$$

$$\sin 190^\circ = -\sin 10^\circ$$

$$\frac{\cos 10^\circ - \cos 190^\circ}{-\cos 10^\circ - \cos 190^\circ} = \frac{1}{1} = 1$$

$$\frac{\epsilon - \kappa}{-\epsilon - \kappa} = 1 \rightarrow \epsilon - \kappa = -1 \rightarrow \kappa = \epsilon + 1$$

⑥

$$1 - \cos x = r + r \cos x \rightarrow -1 = r \cos x \Rightarrow \cos x = -\frac{1}{r}$$



$$\frac{\cot x + \cot x}{\tan x - r \tan x} = \frac{r \cot x}{-\tan x} = \frac{r \frac{\cos x}{\sin x}}{-\frac{\sin x}{\cos x}} = \frac{-r \cos^2 x}{\sin^2 x} = \frac{-r \times \frac{1}{x}}{\frac{x}{r}} = -\frac{1}{x}$$

$$\frac{r \times \frac{1}{x}}{\frac{1}{x}} = \frac{r}{x} \rightarrow R = \frac{1}{x} \rightarrow \frac{r}{x} \times r_A = \frac{1}{x} \times r_B \rightarrow r_A = \frac{r}{r} r_B$$

$$\frac{SA}{SB} = \left(\frac{r_A}{r_B}\right)^2 = \left(\frac{r r_B}{r r_B}\right)^2 = \frac{1}{x}$$

$$\tan \theta = \frac{1}{\sqrt{r}} \rightarrow AB = \sqrt{r} \quad S = \frac{AB \times BC}{r} = \frac{\sqrt{r} \times \frac{r}{r}}{r} = \frac{\sqrt{r}}{r} \rightarrow BC = r \rightarrow DC = 1$$

$$\tan C = \frac{\sqrt{r}}{r} \rightarrow \sin C = \frac{r + \tan C}{1 + \tan^2 C} = \frac{r + \frac{\sqrt{r}}{r}}{1 + \frac{r}{r}} = \frac{\frac{r^2 + \sqrt{r}}{r}}{\frac{2r}{r}} = \frac{r^2 + \sqrt{r}}{2r} = \frac{\sqrt{r}}{2}$$



$$MN = r \sin \frac{\theta}{r} \rightarrow \sqrt{r} = r \times \sqrt{r} \sin \frac{\theta}{r} \rightarrow \frac{\sqrt{r} \times \sqrt{r}}{r \times r} = \frac{\sqrt{r}}{r} = \sin \frac{\theta}{r}$$

$$r^2 - r^2 = r^2(r - 1) = r \times r^2 = r^3 \rightarrow r = \sqrt{r}$$

$$\cos \frac{\theta}{r} = \frac{\sqrt{r}}{r}$$

$$\sin \theta = r \cos \frac{\theta}{r} \sin \frac{\theta}{r} = r \times \frac{\sqrt{r}}{r} \times \frac{\sqrt{r}}{r} = \frac{10}{r} = \frac{2}{r}$$