

$$f(m) = \cos^5(rm) + am^r + b$$

$$\lim_{m \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(m)}{m} = \frac{\cos^5(rm) + am^r + b}{m} \xrightarrow{\text{سید}} \frac{(rm)^r + am^r + b}{m} \text{ س. } \frac{\text{تعیین}}{\text{بسط}} \quad b = 0$$

$$\lim_{m \rightarrow 0} \frac{f'(m)}{m} = r \rightarrow \frac{4 \cos^4(rm) \times -\sin rm + ram}{m} \xrightarrow{\text{سید}} \frac{4(rm)^4 \times -(rm) + ram}{m} = \frac{-4(rm)^4 + ram}{m}$$

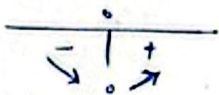
$$f'(m) = 4 \cos^4(rm) \times -\sin rm \times r = 4 \cos^4(rm) \times -\sin rm + ram$$

$$a + b = 1 + (0) = 1$$

$$\frac{-4 \times \Lambda m^4 + ram}{m} = \frac{m(-4\Lambda m^3 + ra)}{m} = r \quad \begin{cases} ra = r \\ a = 1 \end{cases}$$

$$f(m) = m^r - 1$$

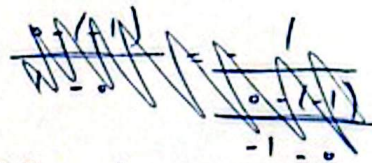
$$f'(m) = rm$$



$$m_1 = -\frac{1}{mr}$$

$$\frac{y_1 - y_0}{m_1 - m_0} = \frac{1}{\frac{1}{mr} - 0}$$

$$n \rightarrow \left\{ \frac{1}{r}, -\frac{1}{r} \right\}$$



$$m_1 = -m_r$$

$$r m_1 = -\frac{1}{r m_r}$$

$$\varepsilon m_1 m_r = -\varepsilon m_r^2 = -1$$

$$\begin{cases} m_1 = 1/r \\ m_r = -1/r \end{cases}$$

$$f(1/r) = (1/r)^r - 1 = -\varepsilon/r$$

$$f(-1/r) = (-1/r)^r - 1 = -\varepsilon/r$$

$$f(1/r) + f(-1/r) = -\frac{2\varepsilon}{r}$$

$$m.d. = \frac{\Delta y}{\Delta x} \rightarrow \frac{(4 - (-14))}{(2 - (-2))} = \frac{18}{4} = 4$$

$$d = 4m - 9$$

$$\left. \begin{aligned} f(m) = \frac{a}{r m - 1} \\ d = 4m - 9 \end{aligned} \right\} \frac{a}{r m - 1} = 4m - 9 \quad a = r(rm - 1)(4m - 9) \Rightarrow r(\varepsilon m^2 - rm - 9m + 9) \text{ س. } a$$

$$\left. \begin{aligned} r m^2 - r \varepsilon m + 9 - a = 0 \\ \Delta = 0 \end{aligned} \right\} \begin{aligned} &\rightarrow (4\varepsilon)^2 - \varepsilon(1r)(a - a) \text{ س.} \\ &\varepsilon((14\varepsilon) - (1r)(a - a)) \end{aligned}$$

$$f(a) = \frac{-r}{1 - 1} = \frac{-r}{a} = -\frac{1}{r}$$

$$\begin{cases} a - a = 1r \\ a = -r \end{cases}$$

$$f(m) = \frac{-r}{r m^2 - 1}$$

$$\frac{m+a}{am+1}$$

$$\sin m + \frac{1}{r} \cos m = \frac{r}{r} \sin m$$

$$\frac{1}{r} \cos m = \frac{1}{r} \sin m \quad \cos m = \sin m$$

$$\cos m = \sin m$$

$$m = k\pi + \frac{\pi}{4}$$

$$m \in [0, \pi] \rightarrow \left[\frac{\pi}{4}, \frac{5\pi}{4} \right]$$

$$f\left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right) = \frac{r\sqrt{r}}{\epsilon} \quad f\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right) = y$$

$$y = \sin m + b \rightarrow \frac{r\sqrt{r}}{\epsilon} = \frac{\sqrt{r}}{\epsilon} m + b$$

$$b = \frac{r\sqrt{r}}{\epsilon} - \frac{\sqrt{r}\pi}{14}$$

$$f'(m) = \sin m - \frac{1}{r} \cos m$$

$$f'\left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right) = 0 \rightarrow \left[\frac{\sqrt{r}}{\epsilon} = m \right]$$

$$0 = \frac{\sqrt{r}}{\epsilon} m + \left(\frac{r\sqrt{r}}{\epsilon} - \frac{\sqrt{r}\pi}{14} \right) \rightarrow \frac{\epsilon\sqrt{r}m + r\sqrt{r} - \sqrt{r}\pi}{14} = 0$$

$$\epsilon m + r - \pi = 0$$

$$m = \frac{\pi - r}{\epsilon}$$

$$\sqrt{r} \left(\frac{\epsilon m + r - \pi}{14} \right) = 0$$

$$f(m) = r m^2 - 4 m^2 - 12 m + 1$$

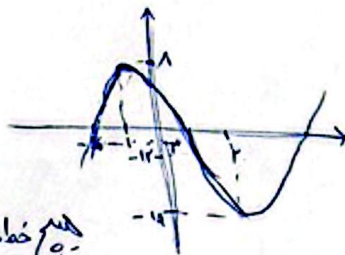
$$f'(m) = 4m^2 - 4m - 12 \quad 4(m^2 - m - 3) \rightarrow 4(m-3)(m+1) = 0$$

$$m_1 = \frac{dy}{dm} = \frac{1 - (-12)}{-1 - (-3)} = \frac{r - 12}{-r} = -9$$

	-1	3
y	+	-
y	1	-12

$$d = -4m - 1$$

$$\therefore y = \frac{y_{\max} + y_{\min}}{2} = \frac{1 + (-12)}{2} = -\frac{11}{2}$$



$$m_{\text{axis}} = \frac{-b}{2a} \rightarrow \frac{-(-3)}{4} = \frac{3}{4}$$

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$$y = km^r + (k+1)m^r \quad \text{مماثل} \rightarrow m < 0$$

$$y' = rkm^{r-1} + r(k+1)m^{r-1}$$

$$y'' = 4km^{r-2} + r(k+1)m^{r-2}$$

$$\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} = y'' = 4km^{r-2} + r(k+1)m^{r-2} = 4km^{r-2} - r(k+1)m^{r-2} \quad m < -\frac{r(k+1)}{r+4k} \rightarrow -\frac{(k+1)}{r+k} < 0$$

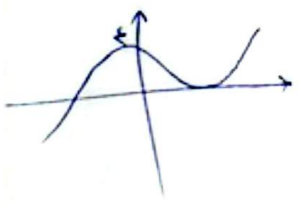
$$\frac{m}{y'} = \frac{-1}{-r} + \frac{0}{r} = \frac{1}{r} \quad \left\{ k \in \mathbb{Z}, k < 0 \mid \text{كج: } (-\infty, -1] \right\}$$

$$f(m) = m^r + am^r + bm + 1 \quad -1 + a - b + 1 = -\epsilon$$

$$(-1, -\epsilon) \quad a - b = -r$$

b

$$f(m) = m^r + am^r + bm + c \quad f(0) = \epsilon \rightarrow c = \epsilon \quad f(m) = m^r + am^r + \epsilon \rightarrow f(m) = m^r - 4m^r + \epsilon$$



$$f'(0) = 0 \quad r m^{r-1} + r a m + b = 0 \rightarrow b = 0 \quad f(m) = m^r - 4m^r = 0 \quad r m (m - r) \rightarrow \boxed{m \rightarrow r}$$

$$f''(m) = 4m + r a = 0 \rightarrow m = -\frac{r a}{4}$$

$$f\left(-\frac{r a}{4}\right) = \frac{-a^r}{r^{\frac{r}{4}}} + \frac{a^r}{a} + \epsilon = r \quad \frac{r a^{\frac{r}{4}}}{r^{\frac{r}{4}}} = r \quad \frac{a^{\frac{r}{4}}}{r^{\frac{r}{4}}} = 1 \quad \boxed{a = -r}$$

$$\frac{y_{\max} + y_{\min}}{r} = y \quad \text{ذات} \quad \frac{\epsilon + 0}{r} = r$$

$$f(m) = m^r - 4m^r + b$$

$$f(0) = b$$

$$f(\sqrt{r}) = -\epsilon \quad f(-\sqrt{r}) = -\epsilon$$

$$f'(m) = r m^{r-1} - 4r m + r(m^r - 3) = 0 \quad \rightarrow m = 0$$

$$\rightarrow m = \pm \sqrt{r}$$

$$f''(m) = 12m^{r-2} - 12 \quad 12(m^r - 1) = 0 \quad m = \pm 1 \quad f(1) = 0$$

$$f(-1) = 0$$

