

سوال ۲

۱) $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{2n+1}{n+1} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{2(n)+1}{(n)+1} = \frac{2}{1} = 2$ ۲) $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{2n+1}{n+1} = \frac{2}{1} = 2$ ۱

۳) $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{2n+1}{n+1} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{2(n)+1}{(n)+1} = 2$ ۴) $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{2n+1}{n+1} = \frac{2(0)+1}{(0)+1} = \frac{1}{1} = 1$ ۰

تقریباً ۰

۵) $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} [f(n)-2] = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} [f(n)-2] = f(n)-2 = 9$ ۲

۶) $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} [f(n)-2] = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} [f(n)-2] = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} [10] = 10$

$n < 2 \Rightarrow n < 1 \Rightarrow n-1 < 10$

۷) $\left[\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} f(n)-2 \right] = \left[\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} f(n)-2 \right] = [10] = 10$

۸) $\left[\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} f(n)-2 \right] = [f(n)-2] = [10] = 10$

۹) $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{2(n)+1}{n} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{2(n)+1}{n} = \frac{2}{1} = 2$ ۱۰) $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left[\frac{2(n)+1}{n} \right] = \left[\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{2(n)+1}{n} \right] = [2] = 2$

$(n < 2 \Rightarrow n < 1 \Rightarrow n-1 < 10)$

۱۱) $\left[\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{2(n)+1}{n} \right] = \left[\frac{2(n)+1}{n} \right] = [2] = 2$ ۱۲) $\left[\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{2(n)+1}{n} \right] = \left[\frac{2(n)+1}{n} \right] = [2] = 2$

۱۳) $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{n-1}{(n-1)(n-1)} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{n-1} \rightarrow \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{n-1} = \frac{1}{\infty} = 0$ (جواب)

$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{n-1} = \frac{1}{\infty} = 0$

۱۴) $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{n-1}{(n-1)^2} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{n-1} = \frac{1}{\infty} = 0$ (جواب)

$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{n-1} = \frac{1}{\infty} = 0$

$$x < -\frac{1}{p} \Rightarrow x^p < \frac{1}{19} \Rightarrow \frac{1}{x^p} > 19 \Rightarrow \frac{1}{x^p} > -19$$

Yusuf Rizki

(نقطہ شمار و داخل برائے خانہ سندھ بلا ہے)

-و) $\lim_{k \rightarrow \gamma} \frac{|k^\gamma - 1|}{k^\gamma - \gamma}$
 $k > \gamma \Rightarrow k^\gamma > 1 \Rightarrow k^\gamma - 1 > 0$
 $k < \gamma \Rightarrow k^\gamma < 1 \Rightarrow k^\gamma - 1 < 0$

$\lim_{k \rightarrow \gamma^+} \left(\frac{|k^\gamma - 1|}{k^\gamma - \gamma} \right) = \lim_{k \rightarrow \gamma^+} \left(\frac{k^\gamma - 1}{k^\gamma - \gamma} \right) = \lim_{k \rightarrow \gamma^+} \left(\frac{(k-\gamma)(k^\gamma + k^{\gamma-1} + \dots + 1)}{(k-\gamma)(k+\gamma)} \right) = \frac{1}{\gamma + \gamma} = \frac{1}{2\gamma}$

$\lim_{k \rightarrow \gamma^-} \left(\frac{|k^\gamma - 1|}{k^\gamma - \gamma} \right) = \lim_{k \rightarrow \gamma^-} \left(-\frac{k^\gamma - 1}{k^\gamma - \gamma} \right) = \lim_{k \rightarrow \gamma^-} \left(-\frac{(k-\gamma)(k^\gamma + k^{\gamma-1} + \dots + 1)}{(k-\gamma)(k+\gamma)} \right) = -\frac{1}{\gamma + \gamma} = -\frac{1}{2\gamma}$

(حد ندارد)

$$\rightarrow \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{|\sin n|}{\sin 2n} \rightarrow \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{-\sin n \cdot \frac{0}{0}}{\sin n \cos n} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{-1}{\cos n} = \frac{-1}{\cos(-1)} = \boxed{\frac{1}{\cos 1}} \quad (\text{محدود دارد})$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\sin n \cdot \frac{0}{0}}{\sin n \cos n} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left(\frac{1}{\cos n} \right) = \frac{1}{-1} = \boxed{-\frac{1}{\cos 1}}$$

$\frac{\pi}{2} < n < \pi \Rightarrow \sin n > 0$
 $\pi < n < \frac{3\pi}{2} \Rightarrow \sin n < 0$

$$\text{الف) } \lim_{n \rightarrow \frac{\pi}{2}} \sqrt{\cos n} \Rightarrow \lim_{n \rightarrow \frac{\pi}{2}} (\sqrt{\cos n}) = \sqrt{0} = 0$$

(محدود دارد)

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \frac{\pi}{2}} (\sqrt{\cos n}) \rightarrow \text{تعریف نشده}$$

$\frac{\pi}{2} < n < \pi \Rightarrow \cos n < 0$ (الف)
 $\pi < n < \frac{3\pi}{2} \Rightarrow \cos n < 0$ (ب)

$$\rightarrow \lim_{n \rightarrow 0} \sqrt{n-2\sqrt{n}} \rightarrow \lim_{n \rightarrow 0^+} \sqrt{n-2\sqrt{n}} = \lim_{n \rightarrow 0^+} \sqrt{n-2\sqrt{n}} = \lim_{n \rightarrow 0^+} \sqrt{n} = 0$$

(محدود دارد)

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow 0} \sqrt{n-2\sqrt{n}} = \lim_{n \rightarrow 0} \sqrt{n-2\sqrt{n}} \rightarrow \text{تعریف نشده}$$

$$\text{الف) } \lim_{n \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{(-1)^{[\sin n]}}{n^2(n-1)} = \lim_{n \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{(-1)^{[\sin n]}}{n^2(n-1)} = \frac{-1}{0^-} = +\infty$$

$\frac{\pi}{2} < n < \pi \Rightarrow \sin n > 0 \Rightarrow [\sin n] = 0$
 $\pi < n < \frac{3\pi}{2} \Rightarrow \sin n < 0 \Rightarrow [\sin n] = -1$

$$\rightarrow \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{n^2 - \{n\}}{n - [n]} \rightarrow \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{n^2 - 1}{n - 1} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{(n-1)(n+1)}{n-1} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} (n+1) = \boxed{\infty}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \{n\} &= \infty \\ \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} [n] &= \infty \end{aligned}$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{n^2 - 1}{n - 1} = \frac{\infty}{\infty} = \boxed{0} \quad (\text{حد ندارد})$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \{n\} = 1$$

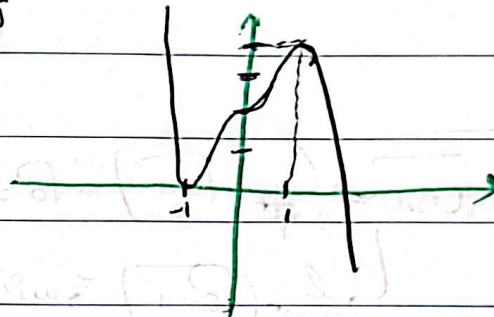
$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} [n] = \infty$$

$$\text{مثال ۱) } y = \ln x - \ln x + 1 \xrightarrow{\text{مشتق}} y' = \frac{1}{x} - \frac{1}{x} = -\frac{1}{x^2} (x^2 - 1) = -\frac{1}{x^2} (x-1)(x+1)$$

تعیین علامت مشتق

-	+	+	-
↘	↗	↗	↘

نقاط بحرانی: $0, 1, -1$



$$\rightarrow y = x^2 - 2x^2 + 1 \xrightarrow{\text{مشتق}} y' = 2x - 4x = -2x (x^2 - 1) = -2x (x-1)(x+1)$$

تعیین علامت مشتق

-	+	-	+
↘	↗	↘	↗

نقاط بحرانی: $0, 1, -1$

