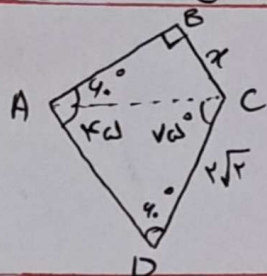


$$\frac{BC}{\sin A} = \frac{AC}{\sin B} \Rightarrow \frac{20}{\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}} = \frac{20\sqrt{2}}{\sin B} \Rightarrow \sin B = \frac{20\sqrt{2} \times \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}}{20} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \Rightarrow B = 45^\circ \quad (1)$$

$B + C = 120^\circ \Rightarrow C = 120^\circ - 45^\circ = 75^\circ$



$$\frac{DC}{\sin 45^\circ} = \frac{AC}{\sin 40^\circ} \Rightarrow \frac{20\sqrt{2}}{\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}} = \frac{AC}{\frac{4}{5}} \Rightarrow AC = 20\sqrt{2} \quad (2)$$

$$\sin 40^\circ = \frac{x}{AC} \Rightarrow x = AC \times \sin 40^\circ = 20\sqrt{2} \times \frac{4}{5} = 16\sqrt{2}$$

$$\frac{a}{\sin A} = \frac{b}{\sin B} = \frac{c}{\sin C} = k \Rightarrow \begin{cases} a = \sin A \times k \\ b = \sin B \times k \\ c = \sin C \times k \end{cases} \quad (b^2 - r) \frac{\sin C}{\sin B} = c \Rightarrow (b^2 - r) \frac{\sin C}{\sin B} = \sin C \times k \Rightarrow$$

$$\Rightarrow b^2 - b - r = 0 \Rightarrow (b - r)(b + 1) = 0 \Rightarrow \begin{cases} b = r & \text{GUESS} \\ b = -1 & \text{GUESS} \end{cases} \Rightarrow \frac{b^2 - r}{\sin B} = k \Rightarrow b^2 - r = \sin B \times k \Rightarrow b^2 - r = b \Rightarrow$$

$$AC = \sqrt{(AB)^2 + (BC)^2 - 2(AB)(BC)\cos B} \Rightarrow (14)^2 = (2)^2 + (21)^2 - 2(2)(21)(\cos B) \Rightarrow$$

$$\Rightarrow 196 \cos B = 400 + 441 - 196 = 645 \Rightarrow \cos B = \frac{645}{196} = \frac{322.5}{98} = \frac{r}{2} \quad \sin^2 B + \cos^2 B = 1 \Rightarrow$$

$$\Rightarrow \sin B = \sqrt{\frac{9}{16}} = \frac{3}{4} \quad \sin^2 B = 1 - \frac{14}{16} = \frac{2}{16} = \frac{1}{8} \Rightarrow$$

$$BC = \sqrt{(AC)^2 + (AB)^2 - 2(AC)(AB)\cos A} \Rightarrow (BC)^2 = a^2 = (2)^2 + (2+2\sqrt{2})^2 - 2(2)(2+2\sqrt{2})(\frac{1}{2}) \Rightarrow$$

$$\Rightarrow a^2 = 22 \Rightarrow a = \sqrt{22} = 2\sqrt{11} \quad \frac{a}{\sin A} = \frac{b}{\sin B} \Rightarrow \frac{2\sqrt{11}}{\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}} = \frac{r}{\sin B} \Rightarrow \sin B = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \Rightarrow$$

$$B = 45^\circ \Rightarrow C = 180^\circ - (40^\circ + 45^\circ) = 95^\circ$$

$$BC = \sqrt{(AB)^2 + (AC)^2 - 2(AB)(AC)\cos A} \Rightarrow (r)^2 = (1)^2 + (2)^2 - 2(1)(2)\cos \alpha \Rightarrow \cos \alpha = \frac{1}{2} \quad (3)$$

$$DE = \sqrt{(AE)^2 + (AD)^2 - 2(AE)(AD)\cos A} \Rightarrow (DE)^2 = (2)^2 + (4)^2 - 2(2)(4)(\frac{1}{2}) = 12 \Rightarrow DE = \sqrt{12} = 2\sqrt{3}$$

$$BC = \sqrt{(AB)^2 + (AC)^2 - 2(AB)(AC)\cos A} \Rightarrow (BC)^2 = (2)^2 + (2)^2 - 2(2)(2)(\frac{1}{2}) = 4 \Rightarrow BC = 2 \quad (4)$$

$$S = \frac{1}{2} (AB)(AC)(\sin A) = \frac{1}{2} (2)(2)(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}) = 1 \quad (5)$$

$$\frac{(b+c)^2 - a^2}{bc(\cos A + 1)} = \frac{b^2 + c^2 + 2bc - (b^2 + c^2 - 2(b)(c)\cos A)}{bc(\cos A + 1)} = \frac{2bc(\cos A + 1)}{bc(\cos A + 1)} = 2 \quad (6)$$

$$\frac{a^2 + b^2 - c^2}{a+b-c} = a^2 \Rightarrow a^2 + b^2 - c^2 = a^2 + a^2b - a^2c \Rightarrow b^2 - c^2 = a^2b - a^2c \Rightarrow b^2 + c^2 + bc = a^2 \Rightarrow$$

$$b^2 + c^2 + bc = b^2 + c^2 - 2(b)(c)(\cos A) \Rightarrow bc = -2bc \cos A \Rightarrow \cos A = -\frac{1}{2}$$

$$S = \frac{1}{2} (BA)(AC) \sin A = \frac{1}{2} (r - \cos \theta)(1 + 2\cos \theta)(\frac{1}{2}) = 1 \Rightarrow -3\cos^2 \theta + 1\cos \theta + 3 = 1 \Rightarrow 3\cos^2 \theta - 1\cos \theta + 2 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \cos \theta = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{3} & \text{GUESS} \\ \frac{2}{3} & \text{GUESS} \end{cases} \quad a^2 = (AB)^2 + (AC)^2 - 2(AC)(AC)(\cos A) = (2)^2 + (2)^2 - 2(2)(2)(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}) = 4 - 4\sqrt{3}$$