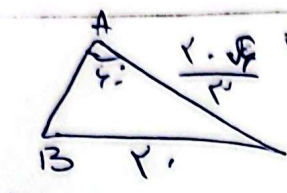
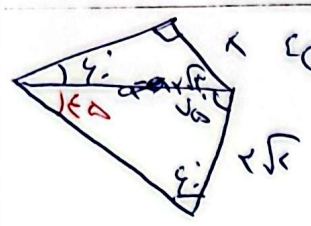


نام و نام خانوادگی: آزمون: پاسخنامه تشریحی تکلیف شماره ۱۳۰ ... کلاس: ... دوازدهم ریاضی A



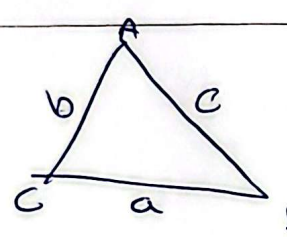
$AB=2, AC=1, \angle A=60^\circ \rightarrow A' = 60^\circ$
 قسینوس $\frac{2^2 + 1^2 - BC^2}{2 \cdot 2 \cdot 1} = \cos 60^\circ \Rightarrow \frac{4 + 1 - BC^2}{4} = \frac{1}{2} \Rightarrow 5 - BC^2 = 2 \Rightarrow BC^2 = 3 \Rightarrow BC = \sqrt{3}$
 $\angle B = 45^\circ \rightarrow \angle C = 75^\circ$

(۲)



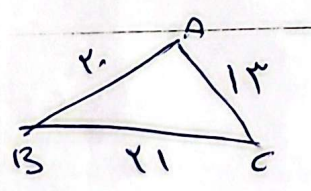
قسینوس $\frac{2^2 + 1^2 - BC^2}{2 \cdot 2 \cdot 1} = \cos 60^\circ \Rightarrow \frac{4 + 1 - BC^2}{4} = \frac{1}{2} \Rightarrow BC^2 = 3 \Rightarrow BC = \sqrt{3}$
 $\rightarrow x = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} a = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \cdot 2\sqrt{2} = \sqrt{2}$

(۲)



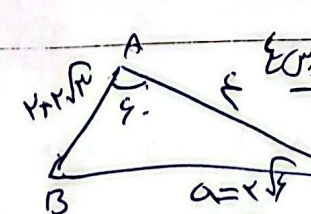
$\frac{b^2 + c^2 - a^2}{2bc} = \cos 60^\circ \Rightarrow \frac{b^2 + c^2 - a^2}{2bc} = \frac{1}{2} \Rightarrow b^2 + c^2 - a^2 = bc$
 $\Rightarrow (b-c)(b+c) = a^2 \Rightarrow b=2$

(۲)



$(13)^2 = (2)^2 + (1)^2 - 2(2)(1)\cos 13^\circ$
 $169 = 4 + 1 - 4\cos 13^\circ \Rightarrow \cos 13^\circ = \frac{1}{4}$
 $\rightarrow \sin 13^\circ = \frac{3}{4}$

(۲)



$a^2 = 16 + 1 - 2(2)(1)\cos 60^\circ = 13$
 $a = \sqrt{13}$
 $\frac{2^2 + 1^2 - a^2}{2 \cdot 2 \cdot 1} = \cos 60^\circ \Rightarrow \frac{4 + 1 - 13}{4} = \frac{1}{2} \Rightarrow \frac{-8}{4} = \frac{1}{2} \Rightarrow -2 = \frac{1}{2}$
 $\rightarrow \sin 13^\circ = \frac{3}{4}$
 $\rightarrow \angle B = 45^\circ \rightarrow \angle C = 75^\circ$

(۲)



Q

