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$\therefore) x \cos y = y \cos x \xrightarrow{x = \frac{\pi}{r}} \frac{\pi}{r} \cos y = 0$

$$\rightarrow y = \frac{x}{r}, \frac{y}{r}, \dots \rightarrow \dots$$

$$2.) \frac{x+y}{r}, \sqrt{xy} \Rightarrow x' + y' = \sqrt{xy}$$

$$\Rightarrow (x-y)^2 \Rightarrow x^2 - y^2 \Rightarrow 1 - 1 = 0$$

$$2) \quad ay^2 + 2x - y^2 - 2y = 0 \Rightarrow (x-y)(y^2+2) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow (y^r + r) > 0 \Rightarrow u = y \Rightarrow \text{--- } r \text{ ---}$$

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} x^2 - b & |x| \geq 1 \\ ax^4 x & -1 \leq x \leq 1 \end{cases}$$

✓

$$\Rightarrow, n-1 \geq r \Rightarrow n \geq r+1 \leq n-1 \leq r \Rightarrow n \leq -1$$

$$\Rightarrow f(-1) = r(-1)^r - b \cdot a + r(-1) \Rightarrow r - b + a - r$$

$$\Rightarrow a - b = 0$$

$$f(x) = \sqrt{a - bx - x^r} \Rightarrow \rho_f = [b, a]$$

$$\Rightarrow -x^r - bx + a \geq 0 \Rightarrow a - bx - x^r \geq 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \vec{x} = x = a + b \Rightarrow -\frac{b}{a} \Rightarrow a + b = -b$$

$$\Rightarrow \vec{x} = x = ab \leq \frac{a}{a} = 1 \quad \begin{matrix} ab = -a \\ a = -b \end{matrix}$$

$$\Rightarrow a = 1 \Rightarrow \rho_f = [-1, 1]$$

$$a = \frac{r}{r+1} \Rightarrow a = \frac{r}{r+1} \Rightarrow b = -\frac{r}{r+1} \Rightarrow c = -\frac{r}{r+1} \Rightarrow d = \frac{r}{r+1}$$

$$\Rightarrow -\frac{r}{r+1} + \frac{r}{r+1} = 0$$

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 اند) $\int \frac{1}{\ln|-\alpha|} \rightarrow \ln|-\alpha| \neq 0$ ✓

فرض کنیم $\alpha > 0$ و $\alpha \neq 1$ ✓
 $\Rightarrow D_f = \mathbb{R} - \{1\}$ ✓

$\alpha > 0, \alpha \neq 1 \Rightarrow \alpha \neq 0$ ✓

$\Rightarrow \alpha > 0 \Rightarrow \alpha - \sqrt{\alpha} > 0 \Rightarrow \alpha > \sqrt{\alpha}$ ✓

$\Rightarrow \alpha > 1 \Rightarrow D_f = [0, \alpha]$ ✓

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 اف) $f(x) = \sqrt[n]{\frac{x-1}{x}}$ $x > 0, x \neq 1$
 $\frac{x-1}{x} > 0 \Rightarrow x > \frac{1}{x}$ ✓

$\sqrt[n]{\frac{x-1}{x}} \geq 0 \Rightarrow x \geq \frac{1}{x}$
 $\Rightarrow x \leq \frac{1}{x} \Rightarrow D_f = \left(\frac{1}{x}, \frac{1}{x}\right]$ ✓
 $\cup (0, 1)$ ✓

ب) $f(x) = \sqrt[n]{\frac{1}{4 + \sqrt{|x|} - |x|}}$ ✓

$\Rightarrow 4 + \sqrt{|x|} - |x| > 0 \Rightarrow |x| - \sqrt{|x|} < 4$ ✓

$\Rightarrow (\sqrt{|x|} - 4)(\sqrt{|x|} + 4) < 0 \Rightarrow \frac{1}{\sqrt{|x|} - 4} < 0$ ✓

$$P_f(-a, a) \Rightarrow x \in [-a, a] \Rightarrow |x| \leq a$$

$$y = \sqrt{\frac{f(x) + a}{x+b}} \Rightarrow Dy \in [b, a]$$

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$$\frac{f(x) + a}{x+b} \geq 0 \quad x+b \neq 0 \Rightarrow x \neq -b$$

$$\Rightarrow x \neq -b \Rightarrow b \neq -x$$

$$y = \sqrt{f(x) - x + 1} \quad f(x) \begin{cases} x-1 & [x] \geq 1 \\ x+1 & [x] \leq 1 \end{cases} \rightarrow x \geq 0$$

$$x \geq 0 \Rightarrow y = \sqrt{x-1-x+1} = \sqrt{x} \Rightarrow x \geq 0$$

$$x < 0 \Rightarrow y = \sqrt{x+1-x+1} = \sqrt{x+2} \Rightarrow x \geq -\frac{1}{2}$$

$$\Rightarrow Dy \in [-\frac{1}{2}, 2]$$

$$y = \frac{f(x) + a}{(x+b)^2} \Rightarrow \frac{f(x) + a}{(x+b)^2} \geq 0$$

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$$\Rightarrow \frac{f(x) + a}{(x+b)^2} \geq 0 \Rightarrow x+b \neq 0 \Rightarrow Dy \in [-1, 1]$$

$$y = \sqrt{1 - \log(x-a)} \Rightarrow x-a > 0 \Rightarrow x > \frac{a}{r}$$

$$1 - \log(x-a) > 0 \Rightarrow$$

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$$\Rightarrow \log(x-a) \leq 1 \Rightarrow x-a \leq 10$$

$$\hookrightarrow x \leq 10 + a$$

$$\hookrightarrow x \leq 10 + \frac{a}{r}$$

$$\Rightarrow D_f = \left(\frac{a}{r}, 10 + \frac{a}{r} \right) = (b, c)$$

$$b = \frac{a}{r} \Rightarrow \left(10 + \frac{a}{r} \right)$$

$$\Rightarrow (b, c = 10 + \frac{a}{r} - \frac{a}{r} = 10)$$