

$$f(x) = \sqrt{\log_2(x-1)} \quad g(x) = \sqrt{-x^2 + 2x - 2} = \sqrt{-(x-1)^2} \quad Dg = \{x\}$$

$$D_{f \circ g} = \{x \in D_f \mid f(x) \in D_g\}$$

$$\sqrt{\log_2(x-1)} = 1$$

$$\log_2(x-1) = 2 \Rightarrow x-1 = 2^2 \Rightarrow x = 5$$

$$D_f = [1, +\infty)$$

$$D_g = \{x\}$$

$$g \circ f(x) = (2x-5)^2 - 2(2x-5) + 1 = 4x^2 - 12x + 11$$

$$f \circ g(x) = 2(x^2 - 2x + 1) - 1 = 2x^2 - 4x + 1$$

$$4x^2 - 12x + 11 = 2x^2 - 4x + 1$$

$$2x^2 - 8x + 10 = 0$$

$$x^2 - 4x + 5 = 0 \Rightarrow x = 2 \pm i$$

$$g(2x) = 2x^2 + 11 \Rightarrow g(x) = \frac{2x^2}{2} + 11 \Rightarrow g(x-1) = \frac{2}{2}(x-1)^2 + 11$$

$$\Rightarrow g_{\min}(10) = 11$$

$$f(x) = 2x-5 \quad f \circ g(x) = 2x^2 - 4x + 1 \quad g \circ f(x) = ?$$

$$2g-5 = 2x^2 - 4x + 1$$

$$2g = 2x^2 - 4x + 6$$

$$g = x^2 - 2x + 3$$

$$g = (x-1)^2 + 2$$

$$g \circ f(x) = (2x-5)^2$$

$$= 4x^2 - 20x + 25$$

$$2x+5 = f(x) = cx+d \quad g(x) = bx+e = 2x-1$$

$$f-g = -x+6 = (c-b)x+d-e$$

$$c-b = -1 \quad d-e = 6$$

$$2bx+re = 2x^2 + 10x - 12$$

$$2b = 2 \Rightarrow b = 1 \quad r = 10 \quad e = -12$$

$$d = 12 + 10 - 12 = 10 \quad c = 1 \quad e = -1$$

$$4x+2 = -\frac{1}{2}x+2$$

$$a = -\frac{1}{2}$$

$$f(x) = 9^x \quad g(x) = \log_9 x$$

$$f \circ g(x) \leq g \circ f(x)$$

$$9^x \leq 9^x$$

$$9^x - 9^x \leq 0$$

$$x \in [0, 1]$$

$$f \circ g = 9^{\log_9 x} = x^{\log_9 9} = x^1 = x$$

$$g \circ f = \log_9 9^x = x$$

$$D_{g \circ f} = \{x \in D_f \mid 9^x > 0\} = \mathbb{R}$$

$$A = \{0, 1\} \cap D_{f \circ g} = \{x \in D_g \mid g(x) \in D_f\} = \{x \in \mathbb{R} \mid x \in (0, +\infty)\} = (0, +\infty)$$

$$f\left(\frac{x-1}{x}\right) = x^{\frac{x-1}{x}} = x^{1-\frac{1}{x}} = x \cdot x^{-\frac{1}{x}} = x - \frac{1}{x} + \frac{1}{x^2} = x - \frac{1}{x} + \frac{1}{x^2}$$

$$\Rightarrow f(x) = x + x^2$$

$$f(x) = \log_2 x \quad g(x) = 1 - x^2$$

$$A = D_{f \circ g} \quad B = R_{f \circ g}$$

$$A = D_{f \circ g} = \{x \in D_g \mid g(x) \in D_f\} = \{x \in \mathbb{R} \mid 1 - x^2 > 0\} = (-1, 1)$$

$$-1 < x < 1$$

$$1 - x^2 > 0$$

$$x \in (-1, 1)$$

$$= (-\infty, 0) \cup (1, +\infty)$$

$$R_{g \circ f} = (-\infty, 0)$$

$$1, 2, 3$$

$$f \circ g(x) = \log_2 (1 - x^2) = \log_2 (1 - x^2)$$

$$B = R_{f \circ g} = (-\infty, 2]$$

$$A \cap B = (-\infty, 0)$$

$$R_g = (-\infty, 1] \xrightarrow{\log_2} R_{f \circ g} = (-\infty, 1] \rightarrow D_{f \circ g} = (-1, 1) \rightarrow A \cap B = (-1, 1)$$

$$h(g(x)) = f(x) \quad h(x) = x^2 + 1 \quad g(x) = x - 1$$

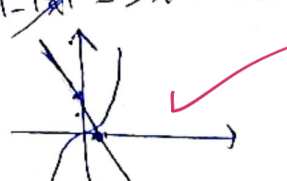
$$f \circ f(x) = 1 - 1^2 f(x)$$

$$h(g(x)) = (x-1)^2 + 1 + (x-1) = x^2 - 2x + 1 + 1 + x - 1 = x^2 - x + 1$$

$$f(x) = 1 - 1^2 x^2$$

$$x^2 - x + 1 = 1 - x^2 \Rightarrow x^2 = -x + 1$$

2. 3. 4. 5.



$$f(x) = x - \frac{x}{x} \quad g \circ f(x) = ax^2 + 1 \quad g(1) = 1$$

$$x - \frac{x}{x} = 1 \Rightarrow x^2 - 1 - x = 0 \Rightarrow x = -1 \leq 2$$

$$g \circ f(-1) = g(1) = -a - 1 = 1 \Rightarrow a = -1$$

$$g \circ f(2) = g(1) = -a + 1 = 1 \Rightarrow a = 0$$