

تکلیف شماره ۵

پارسی نیژاد، دوازدهم دختر B

$$n=1 \rightarrow 2f(1) = 1 + f(1) \Rightarrow f(1) = 1 \quad (1)$$

$$f(2n+1) + f(n+2) = 2n+1$$

$$\underbrace{f(2n+1) + f(n+2)}_{(2n+1) + (n+2)} = 2n+1$$

$$f(x) = x \Rightarrow y = \sqrt{x - x^2}$$

$$x - x^2 \quad \text{max} = \left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{4}\right) \quad R_f = (-\infty, \frac{1}{4}]$$

$$\sqrt{x - x^2} \Rightarrow R_f = [0, \frac{1}{2}]$$

$$y = \frac{x(x+2)(x-2)}{x+2} = x^2 - 2x \quad (2)$$

$$D_f = \mathbb{R} - \{a, b\} \quad R_f = [c, +\infty) - \{\Lambda\}$$

$$\Rightarrow f(a) = f(b) = \Lambda$$

$$x^2 - 2x = \Lambda \quad x^2 - 2x - \Lambda = 0 \quad (x-1)(x+2) = 0$$

$$a = 1 \quad b = -2 \quad c = \min = -1$$

$$f\left(\frac{a+b}{2c}\right) = f\left(\frac{1-2}{-2}\right) = f(-1) = (-1)^2 - 2(-1) = 3$$

$$y = \sqrt[3]{(x-2)^3} \Rightarrow a = -4 \quad b = 12 \quad (3)$$

$$\rightarrow y = (x-2) \quad D_f = [-4, +12]$$

$$R_f = [(-4-2), (12-2)] = [-6, 10]$$

$$y = \left(\frac{n+1}{1-n} \right)^{\frac{1}{b}} \xrightarrow{a^n > 0} \frac{n+1}{1-n} > 0 \quad (E)$$

$$\frac{-1}{-0} + \frac{1}{0} = -$$

$$n = (-1, 1)$$

$$y = \frac{ax^r - 1}{x^r + b} \begin{cases} x^r = 0 \rightarrow y = \frac{-1}{b} \\ x^r = +\infty \rightarrow y = a \end{cases}$$

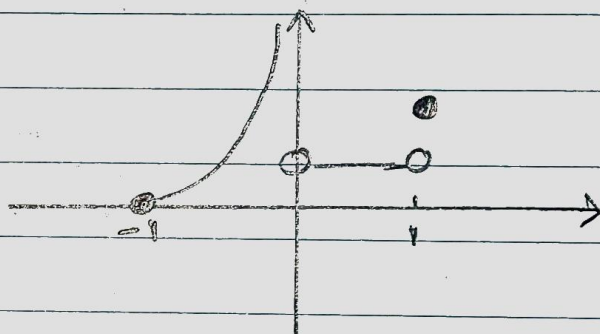
برای $b < 0$ فرج صفری $\rightarrow$ $a = 1, b = -1$

$a = -1, b = -1, a + b = -2$

$[-1, 0) \rightarrow \frac{-1-n}{n}$

$(0, 1) \rightarrow 0 + 1 = 1$

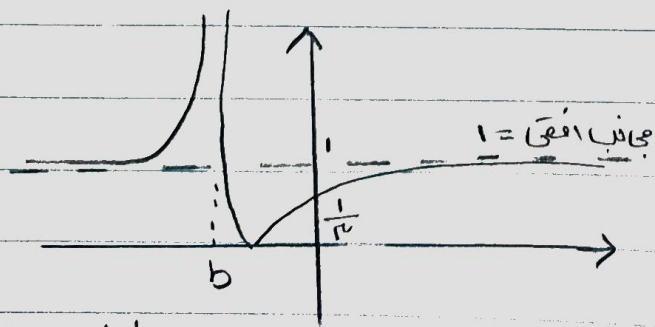
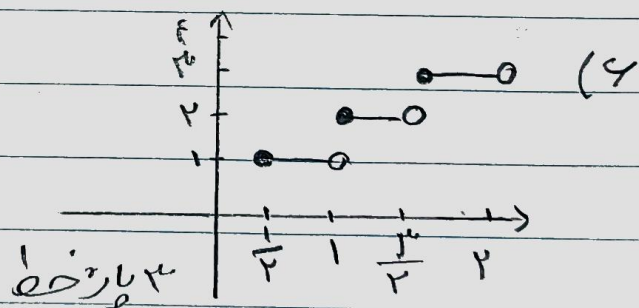
$\{1\} \rightarrow 2$



$[\frac{1}{2}, 1) \rightarrow 0 + 1 = 1$

$[1, 1.5) \rightarrow 1 + 1 = 2$

$[1.5, 2) \rightarrow 1 + 2 = 3$



میان افقی $= \frac{1}{a} = 1 \quad (\checkmark)$

$\Rightarrow a = 1$

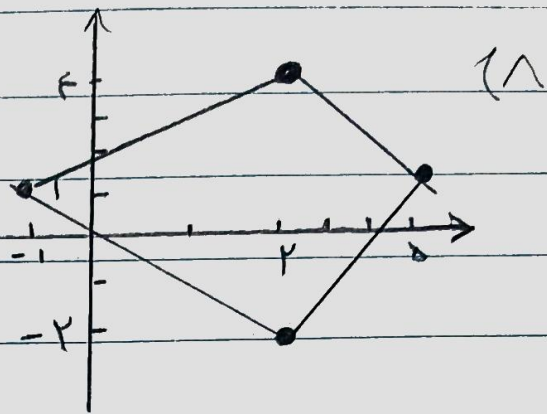
$f(b) = 1 \Rightarrow \left| \frac{b+1}{b+2^r} \right| = 1$

$\frac{b+1}{b+2^r} = (-1) \Rightarrow b+1 = -b-2^r$
 $b = -2$

$\left| \frac{n+1}{a*n+2^r} \right|$ نور

$a - b = (1) - (-2) = 3$

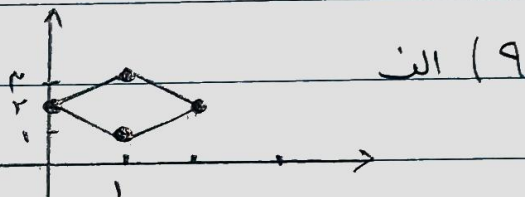
$y \backslash x$	$x < 2$	$x > 2$
$y > 1$	$y = x + 2$	$y = 4 - x$
$y < 1$	$y = -x$	$y = x - 4$



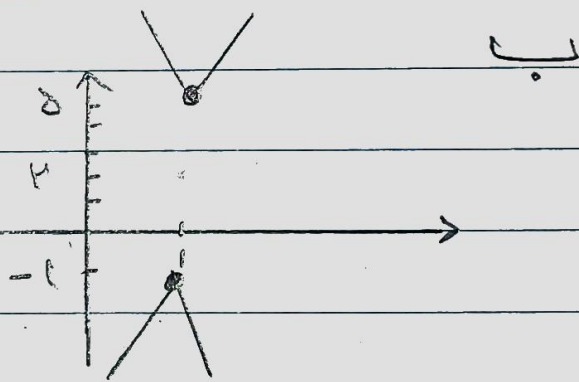
$$|x-1| + |y-2| = 1$$

$$x=1 \rightarrow y=2, 0$$

$$y=2 \rightarrow x=2, 0$$



$$x(-1) \rightarrow |y-2| - |x-1| = 1$$



$$\begin{cases} x \geq 0 \rightarrow y = (r+a)x + b \\ x < 0 \rightarrow y = (r-a)x - b \end{cases}$$

(1)

دالة كآبر R است- استيب ها هم علامت با 2

$$r+a > 0 \rightarrow a > -r, \quad r-a > 0 \rightarrow a < r$$

$$\Rightarrow a \in (-r, r)$$