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$$f(n) \approx n^2 \quad f(3) = 3 \quad f(n) = an + b \rightarrow \begin{matrix} a=1 \\ b=0 \end{matrix} \quad f(n) = n$$

$$y = \sqrt{x - x^2} \quad D_y = [0, 1] \\ R_y = [0, \frac{1}{2}]$$

$$f(x) = \frac{x^3 - 4x}{x + 2} = \frac{x(x-2)(x+2)}{x+2} \xrightarrow{x \neq -2} f(x) = x(x-2) \quad \begin{matrix} D_f = \mathbb{R} - \{a, b\} \\ R_f = \mathbb{R} - \{1\} \\ [c, +\infty) \end{matrix} \quad x(x-2) = 1$$

$$x^2 - 2x - 1 = 0 \rightarrow (x-1), (x+2) = 0 \rightarrow \begin{matrix} x=1 \\ x=-2 \end{matrix} \Rightarrow D_f = \mathbb{R} - \{-2, 1\} \Rightarrow \begin{matrix} a=-2 \\ b=1 \end{matrix}$$

$$f(x) = x^2 - 2x \xrightarrow[\frac{b}{a} = 1]{\frac{-b}{2a} = -1} -1 \Rightarrow R_f = [-1, +\infty) - \{1\} \Rightarrow \boxed{C=-1} / f(\frac{1}{-2}) = (\frac{1}{-2})^2 + 2 = \boxed{3}$$

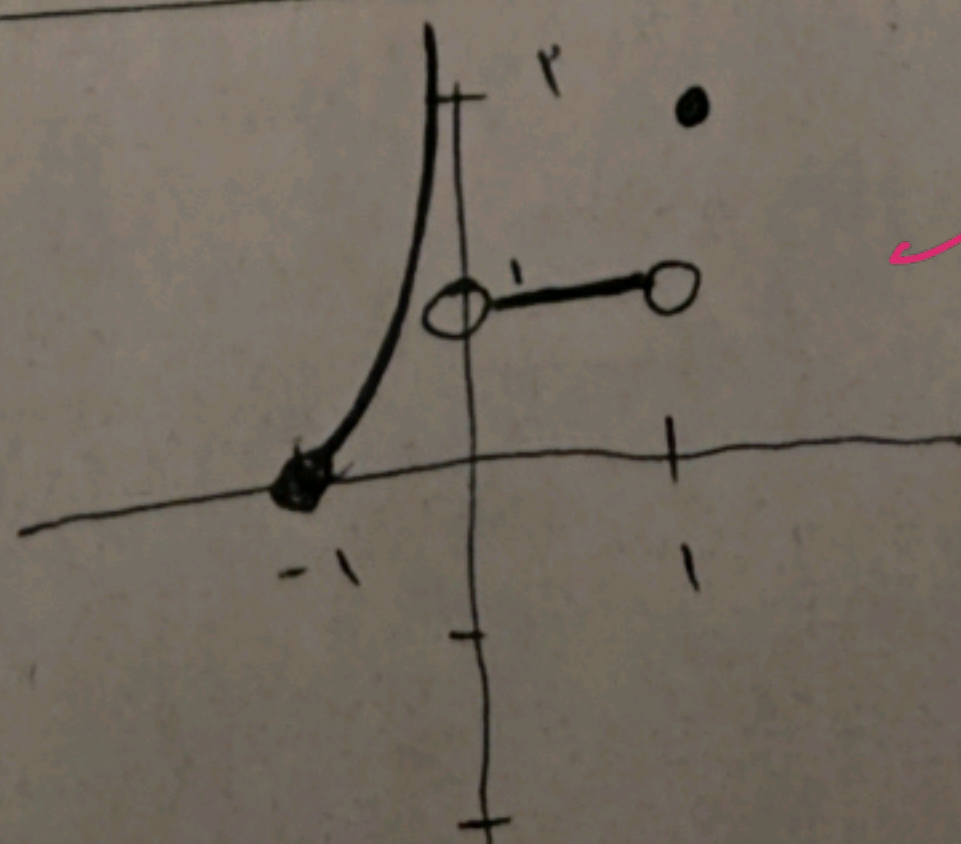
$$\sqrt{(x-2)^3} = \sqrt{x^3 + 12x - 4x^2 - 8} \Rightarrow a = -4, b = 12$$

$$D_f = [-4, 12] \rightarrow y = x-2 \xrightarrow{D=[9, 14]} R = [-1, 10]$$

$$y = \frac{x+1}{1-x} \xrightarrow{D} \frac{x+1}{1-x} \geq 0 \rightarrow \frac{-1}{1-x} \geq 0 \Rightarrow -1 \leq x < 1 : D_y = [-1, 1)$$

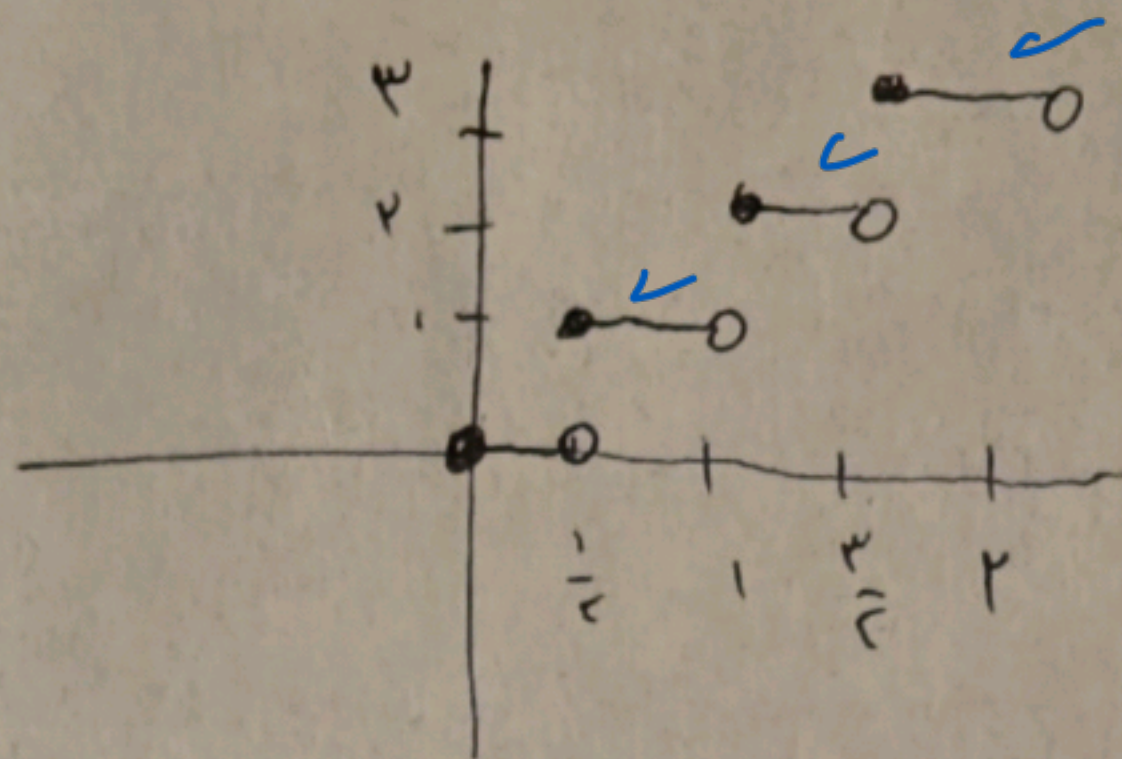
$$y = \frac{ax^2-1}{x^2+b} \xrightarrow{R} \left[\frac{-1}{b}, a\right) = [-1, 1) \Rightarrow b=1, a=1 \Rightarrow \boxed{a+b=2}$$

$$f(x) = \frac{|x| + |n|}{x}$$



$$y = \lfloor x \rfloor + \lfloor x + \frac{1}{2} \rfloor$$

از یک دوم تا ۲ را می‌خواهد



۴، ۰، ۱، ۲

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$$|c| < |d| \rightarrow (c-d)(c+d) < 0$$

$$(a+1)(a-2) < 0$$

$$a < -1 \rightarrow (2a+1)(-1) < 0 \quad a > -2 \rightarrow b < -2 \quad a-b < 0 \quad \checkmark$$

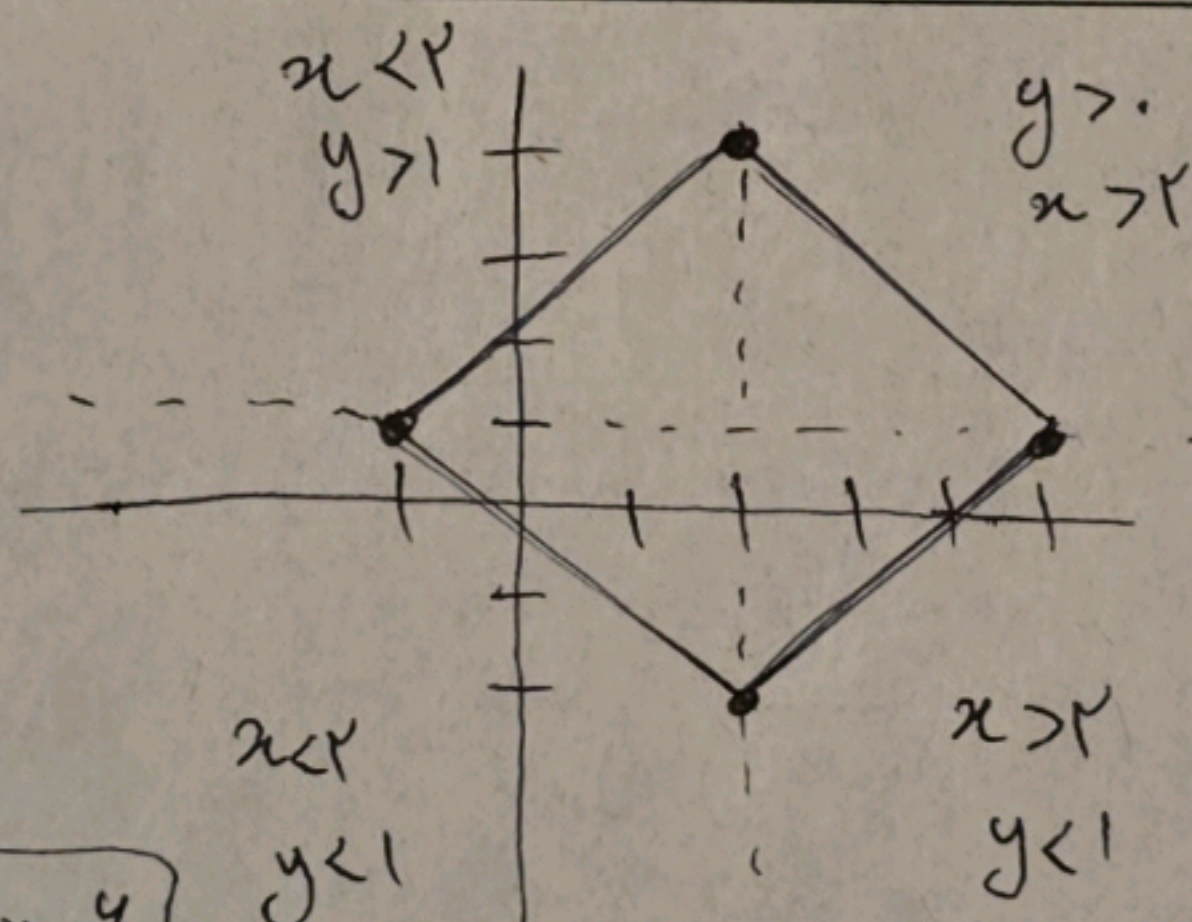
$$a < -1 \rightarrow (2a-1) < 0 \quad a < +1 \quad \text{عبارت}$$

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$$|x-2| + |y-1| = 3$$

$$\begin{matrix} x < 2 \\ y > 1 \end{matrix} \rightarrow y - x = 2 \rightarrow \boxed{y = x + 2}$$

$$\begin{matrix} x > 2 \\ y > 0 \end{matrix} \rightarrow x - 2 + y - 1 = 3 \rightarrow \boxed{y = -x + 6}$$

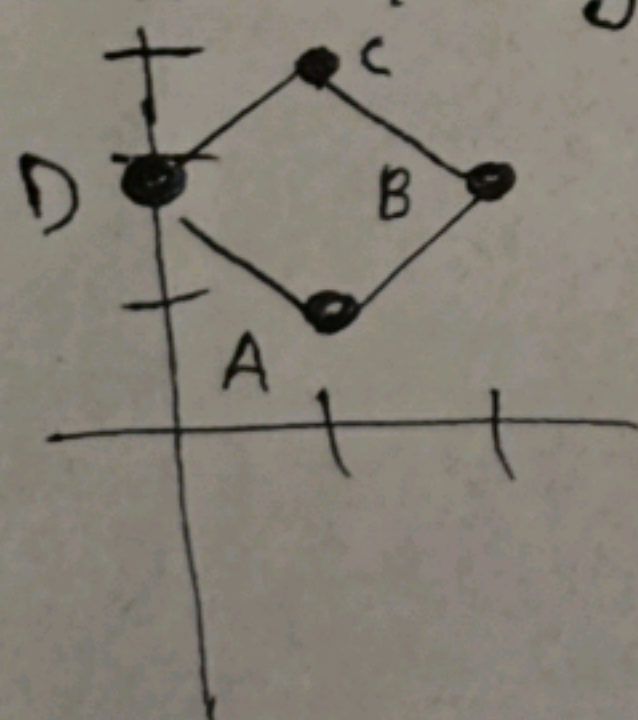


$$\begin{matrix} x < 2 \\ y < 1 \end{matrix} \rightarrow 2 - x + 1 - y = 3 \rightarrow \boxed{y = -x}$$

$$\begin{matrix} x > 2 \\ y < 1 \end{matrix} \rightarrow x - 2 - y + 1 = 3 \rightarrow \boxed{y = x - 4}$$

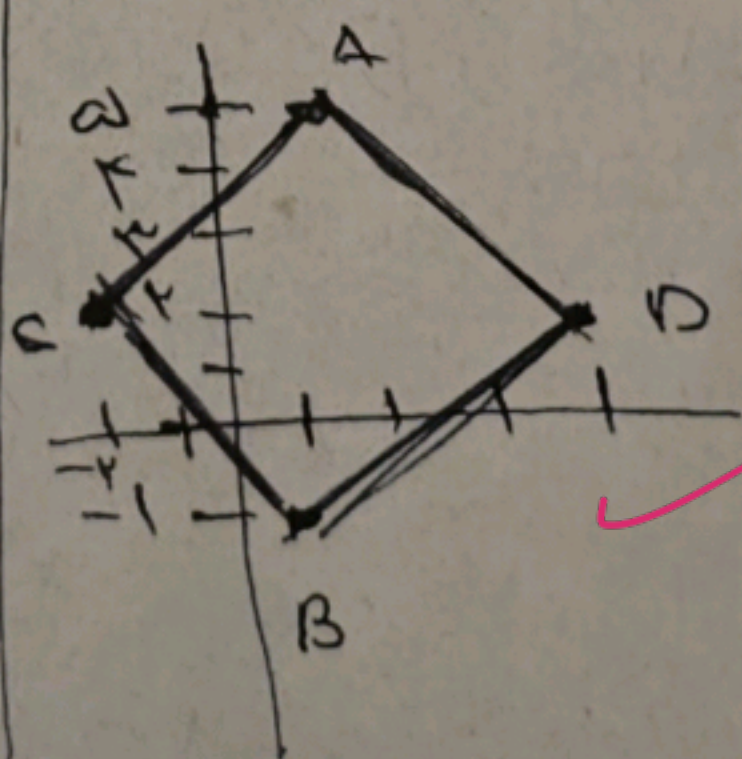
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$$الف) |x-1| + |y-2| = 1$$



$$\begin{matrix} A | 1 \\ B | 2 \\ C | 3 \\ D | 0 \end{matrix}$$

$$ب) |x-1| - |y-2| = -3$$



$$\begin{matrix} A | 1 \\ B | -1 \\ C | -2 \\ D | 3 \end{matrix}$$

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$$y = 3x + |ax + b|$$

$$a = 0$$

باید سبب خواها هم علامت‌باز
اگر $a = 0$ باشد معادله درجه یک ساده‌ای
تشکیل می‌شود که به آن R_1 است.

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