

(r, a) f'(r) = ? (r, a) = (0, 1) => f'(r) = m = $\frac{1-a}{0-r} = \frac{-2}{-2} = \frac{r}{r}$ سوال 1

f(x) = sqrt(ax-1) (-1, 1), (r, r) f(a) = ? سوال 2

m = $\frac{r-1}{r+1} = \frac{1}{r}$ $y-1 = \frac{1}{r}(x+1) => y = \frac{1}{r}x + \frac{r}{r}$

sqrt(ax-1) = $\frac{1}{r}x + \frac{r}{r} => r\sqrt{ax-1} = x+r => r^2(ax-1) = x^2+rx+r^2 =>$

$x^2 + (1-9a)x + r^2 = 0 => \sqrt{b^2-4ac} = \sqrt{(1-9a)^2 - 4(r^2)} = 0 => (1-9a)^2 = 4r^2$

=> $\begin{cases} 1-9a=1 \rightarrow a=0 \\ 1-9a=-2 \rightarrow a=2/9 \end{cases} \Rightarrow f(a) = \sqrt{a} = \frac{r}{3}$

y = $\frac{x^2+mx+1}{x+r}$

سوال 3

$fy - rx = n => fy = n + rx => y = \frac{n}{r} + \frac{r}{r}x => \frac{r}{r} = \frac{r}{r}$
m+n = ?

y' = $\frac{(rx+m)(x+r) - (x^2+mx+1)}{(x+r)^2} => y'(1) = \frac{(r+m)(1+r) - (1+m+1)}{4} = \frac{r}{2}$

=> $f(m+r) - r - m = 1r => m=r => y = \frac{x^2+rx+1}{x+r} \xrightarrow{x=1} y=1 => A(1,1)$

$f(1,1) \xrightarrow{\text{نقطه}} \{y - rx = n => 1 - r = n => n=1-1=0\} \Rightarrow m+n = r+1 = 1+1 = 2$

سوال 4

f(x) = $\frac{r - \sin^2 x}{a - \sin^2 x}$

g'(pi/4) - f'(pi/4) = ?

g(x) = $\frac{r}{r + \sin x}$

$rg(x) - f(x) = \frac{r}{r + \sin x} - \frac{(r - \sin^2 x)(r + \sin^2 x + \sin^2 x)}{(r + \sin x)(r - \sin^2 x)} = \frac{-\sin x (r + \sin x)}{r + \sin x} = -\sin x => rg'(x) - f'(x) = -\cos x$

=> $-\cos \frac{\pi}{4} = -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$

$$f(x) = -\frac{1}{\sqrt{x+|x|}} \quad g'(\sqrt[r]{r}) f'(g(\sqrt[r]{r})) = ?$$

سؤال 8

$$g(x) = \frac{1}{x^a + |x^a|} \quad (f \circ g)'(x) = g'(x) \times f'(g(x)) \Rightarrow (f \circ g)'(\sqrt[r]{r}) = ?$$

$$\text{في } x > 0 \Rightarrow g(x) = \frac{1}{rx^a} \Rightarrow f(x) = \frac{-1}{\sqrt[r]{rx}} \rightarrow f \circ g(x) = \frac{-1}{\sqrt[r]{\frac{r}{rx^a}}} = \frac{-1}{\frac{1}{x}} = -x$$

$$\Rightarrow (f \circ g)'(x) = -1 \Rightarrow (f \circ g)'(\sqrt[r]{r}) = -1$$

$$f(x) = \left(\frac{-1 + \sin x}{1 + \sin x} \right)^r, \quad f(x) = xg(x) + 1 \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} g(x) = ?$$

سؤال 9

1

$$\left(\frac{-1 + \sin x}{1 + \sin x} \right)^r = xg(x) + 1 \Rightarrow xg(x) = \left(\frac{-1 + \sin x}{1 + \sin x} \right)^r - 1$$

$$y = x^r + 1$$

سؤال 10

$$\text{عكس } y = -x^r - 1 \Rightarrow \text{في } x = -\alpha \Rightarrow f'(\alpha) \times f'(-\alpha) = -1$$

$$f(x) = -x^r - 1 \Rightarrow f'(x) = -rx$$

$$\Rightarrow (-r\alpha) \times (r\alpha) = -1 \Rightarrow -r^2 \alpha^2 = -1 \Rightarrow \alpha^2 = \frac{1}{r^2} \Rightarrow \alpha = \pm \frac{1}{r}$$

$$\Rightarrow f(\alpha) = f(-\alpha) = -\alpha^r - 1 = -\frac{1}{r} - 1 = -\frac{r+1}{r} \Rightarrow y = -\frac{r+1}{r}$$

النتيجة $\frac{r+1}{r}$ ✓

2

سؤال 11

$$g(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^r-1}} \Rightarrow g(x) = (x^r-1)^{-\frac{1}{2}} \Rightarrow g'(x) = -\frac{1}{2} (x^r-1)^{-\frac{3}{2}} \times rx \Rightarrow g'(\sqrt[r]{\frac{a}{r}}) = -\frac{r}{2} \sqrt{a}$$

$$f(x) = (x[x])^r \xrightarrow{x \rightarrow r^+} [r^+] = r \Rightarrow f(x) = (rx)^r \Rightarrow f(x) = r^r x^r \Rightarrow f'(x) = r^r x^{r-1}$$

$$f \circ g \quad x = \frac{\sqrt{a}}{r} \Rightarrow f'(r^+) = r^r$$

3

$$f'(g(\frac{\sqrt{a}}{r})) \times g'(\frac{\sqrt{a}}{r}) = r^r \times (-\frac{r}{2} \sqrt{a}) = -\frac{r^2}{2} \sqrt{a}$$

$$g(x) = \frac{f(x) - 1}{x} \rightarrow \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} g(x) = f'(0)$$

4

$$f'(x) = \frac{r}{(1 + \sin x)^r} \times (\cos x \times r \left(\frac{\sin x - 1}{1 + \sin x} \right)) \rightarrow f'(0) = \frac{r}{1} \times 1 \times -r = -r$$

$$f(x) = 1x^{\frac{1}{r}} + 4x^{\frac{1}{r}} \rightarrow f'(x) = r \cdot x^{\frac{1}{r}-1} + 4r \cdot x^{\frac{1}{r}-1}$$

1

$$y - r\sqrt{a}(4a^r + r) = \frac{r \cdot a^r + r}{\sqrt{a}} (x - a)$$

مقادیر خودمان در نقطه $x = a$ برابر است با:

$$x, y = 0 \rightarrow -r\sqrt{a}(4a^r + r) = \frac{r \cdot a^r + r}{\sqrt{a}} (-a) \sim r(4a^r + r) = r \cdot a^r + r$$

$$4a^r + 4 = a^r + 1 \rightarrow 3a^r = -3 \rightarrow a = -1$$

$$m = r \cdot (r^{-1} \times \frac{r}{r}) + r(r^{-1} \times (-\frac{1}{r})) = 1\sqrt{r}$$

$$y = mx \rightarrow \frac{\sqrt{a}}{-2a^r + a + 1} = ma \rightarrow \frac{1}{-2a^r + a + 1} = m\sqrt{a}$$

4

$$m\sqrt{a}(-2a^r + a + 1) = 1 \rightarrow -2m(a^{\frac{1}{r}}) + m(a^{\frac{1}{r}}) + m(a)^{\frac{1}{r}} = 1$$

مستقر

$$-2m(a^{\frac{1}{r}}) + \frac{r}{r}m(a^{\frac{1}{r}}) + \frac{m}{r}(a^{-\frac{1}{r}}) = 0$$

$$\frac{m}{r}(a^{-\frac{1}{r}})(-1 \cdot a^r + ra + 1) = 0 \rightarrow a = -\frac{1}{a} \leq a = \frac{1}{r} (a > 0)$$

$$f(a) = \frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{r}}}{-r(\frac{1}{r}) + \frac{1}{r} + 1} = \frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{r}}}{1} = \sqrt{\frac{1}{r}}$$