

$$y = ax + b \rightarrow \omega = \mu a + 1 \Rightarrow a = \frac{\mu}{\mu}$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{\mu}{\mu}$$

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$$y = ax + b \quad \begin{matrix} -(1 = -a + b) & a = \frac{1}{\mu} & f'(x) = \frac{1}{\mu} & f(x) = \frac{a}{\sqrt{ax-1}} = \frac{1}{\mu} \\ \mu = \mu a + b & b = \frac{\mu}{\mu} & & \end{matrix}$$

$$\mu \sqrt{ax-1} = \mu a \Rightarrow \mu ax - \mu = \mu a^2 \Rightarrow \mu ax - \mu = \mu a^2 \Rightarrow \mu ax - \mu = \mu a^2 \Rightarrow \frac{1}{\mu} ax + \frac{\mu}{\mu} = \sqrt{ax-1}$$

$$\frac{1}{9} ax + \frac{14}{9} + \frac{1}{9} = ax - 1 \Rightarrow ax + (1 - 9a)x + 14 = 0 \quad (1 - 9a)^2 = 1$$

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$$\begin{cases} a = 4 & ax - 1 \geq 0 \\ a = -\frac{4}{9} & a \neq -\frac{4}{9} \end{cases}$$

$$y'(1) = \frac{\mu}{\mu} \quad y' = \frac{(\mu n + m)(x + \mu) - (x^2 + mx + 1)(1)}{(x + \mu)^2}$$

$$y'(1) = \frac{(\mu + m)\mu - (\mu + m)}{14} = \frac{\mu(\mu + m)}{14} = \frac{\mu}{\mu} \Rightarrow \mu + m = 14 \Rightarrow m = 14 - \mu$$

$$\frac{\mu}{\mu} + \frac{n}{\mu} = 1 \Rightarrow n = 1$$

$$m + n = \mu$$

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$$(\mu g - f)' \left(\frac{\Delta \pi}{\mu} \right) \Rightarrow \frac{9 - 9 - \sin^2 - \mu \sin}{\mu + \sin} \quad \left\{ \begin{matrix} f(x) = \frac{(\mu - \sin)(9 + \sin^2 + \mu \sin)}{(\mu - \sin)(\mu + \sin)} \end{matrix} \right.$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{-\sin(\sin + \mu)}{\sin + \mu} = -\sin$$

$$(-\sin)' = -\cos \Rightarrow -\cos \frac{\Delta \pi}{\mu} = -\frac{1}{\mu}$$

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$$f_{\log} = \frac{-1}{\sqrt{\frac{\mu}{\mu n \omega}}} \Rightarrow \log = -x \quad (f_{\log})' = -1$$

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$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(x)-1}{x} = \frac{0}{0} \xrightarrow{\text{Hop}} f'(x)$$

$$f'(x) = \psi \left(\frac{f(x)-1}{f(x)+1} \right) (1) \Rightarrow f'(x) = \psi \left(\frac{f(x)-1}{f(x)+1} \right)$$

$$f'(0) = -2$$

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$$\begin{cases} y' = -\nu x & m = \nu \alpha \\ y = -\nu x^2 - 1 & m = -2\nu \end{cases} \quad -\nu \alpha \times \nu \alpha = -1 \Rightarrow \alpha = \pm \frac{1}{\nu}$$

$$(A, \alpha) \quad A = \left(\frac{1}{\nu}, -\frac{2}{\nu} \right) \quad B = \left(-\frac{1}{\nu}, -\frac{2}{\nu} \right)$$

$$(B, -\alpha)$$

$$\frac{1}{\nu}$$

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$$d = ax \rightarrow d = f(x) \quad d' = f'(x) \Rightarrow da = f'(x) x$$

$$a_m = \frac{x}{\sqrt{x}} (f_m^2 + \nu) + 14x^2 \sqrt{x} \Rightarrow \nu \sqrt{x} (f_m^2 + \nu) + 14x^2 \sqrt{x}$$

$$\Rightarrow f_m^2 - 14x^2 + \nu \Rightarrow 14x^2 = \nu \Rightarrow x^2 = \frac{\nu}{14} \Rightarrow x = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{\sqrt{14}} \sqrt{\nu} \\ -\frac{1}{\sqrt{14}} \sqrt{\nu} \end{cases}$$

$$f\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{14}}\right) = \frac{\nu}{\sqrt{14}} (1 + \nu) = \sqrt{14} \nu$$

$$a = \sqrt{14} \nu \times \nu = 14 \nu$$

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$$d = ax \xrightarrow{x=A} Aa = \frac{\sqrt{A}}{-\nu A^2 + A + 1} \quad a = \left(\frac{1}{\nu \sqrt{A}} (-\nu A^2 + A + 1) - \sqrt{A} (-\nu A + 1) \right) \times \frac{1}{(-\nu A^2 + A + 1)^2}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{\sqrt{A}}{A(-\nu A^2 + A + 1)} = \frac{-\nu A^2 + A + 1 + \nu A^2 - \nu A}{\nu \sqrt{A}} \times \frac{1}{(-\nu A^2 + A + 1)^2} \Rightarrow \frac{\sqrt{A}}{A} = \frac{4A^2 - A + 1}{\nu \sqrt{A} (-\nu A^2 + A + 1)}$$

$$\frac{4A^2 - A + 1}{\nu \sqrt{A} (-\nu A^2 + A + 1)}$$

$$-\nu A^2 + \nu A^2 + \nu A = 4A^2 - A^2 + A \Rightarrow 1, \nu A^2 - \nu A^2 - A = 0$$

$$A = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{\nu} \sqrt{\nu} \\ -\frac{1}{\nu} \sqrt{\nu} \end{cases}$$

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$$\left(\frac{f \circ g \right)' \left(\frac{\sqrt{\omega}}{\nu} \right) = g' \left(\frac{\sqrt{\omega}}{\nu} \right) \cdot f' \left(g \left(\frac{\sqrt{\omega}}{\nu} \right) \right) \quad g \left(\frac{\sqrt{\omega}}{\nu} \right) = \nu^2 \Rightarrow [a] = \nu$$

$$f(x) = \lambda x^4 \Rightarrow f'(x) = 4\lambda x^3 \Rightarrow f'(\nu) = 4\lambda \nu^3$$

$$g(x) = (x^2 - 1)^{-\frac{1}{\nu}} \Rightarrow g'(x) = -\frac{1}{\nu} (2x) (x^2 - 1)^{-\frac{1}{\nu} - 1} \Rightarrow g' \left(\frac{\sqrt{\omega}}{\nu} \right) = -\sqrt{\omega}$$

$$\frac{-\sqrt{\omega} \times 4\lambda \nu^3}{-\nu \sqrt{\omega}} = \lambda$$

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