

فصل اولی در حساب دیفرانسیل

۱۹,۵

$$g'(x) = (\mu(1 + \tan^2 x) - \sqrt{\mu} \sin x)$$

$$f'(\tan^2 x + \sqrt{\mu} \cos x)$$

$$\rightarrow g'(\frac{\pi}{4}) = (\frac{\mu-1}{\mu}) f'(\mu) \rightarrow f'(\mu) \frac{\sqrt{\mu}}{\mu}$$

$$f(x) = \mu \sin x (\cos^2 x - \mu \cos x + \mu)$$

$$f'(x) = (\cos x + \mu)(\cos^2 x - \mu \cos x + \mu)$$

$$\frac{(\mu - \cos x)(\mu + \cos x)}{(\mu - \cos x)(\mu + \cos x)}$$

$$\frac{\cos^2 x - \mu \cos x + \mu}{\mu - \cos x}$$

$$f(x) \cdot g'(x) = \frac{\cos^2 x - \mu \cos x}{\mu - \cos x} = \frac{\cos(\cos - \mu)}{-(\cos - \mu)}$$

$$-\cos x \rightarrow$$

$$f'(x) - \mu g'(x) = \sin x \sin(\frac{\sqrt{\mu}}{4}) \frac{1}{\mu}$$

$$f'(\frac{\mu}{\mu}) \rightarrow$$

$$\mu \frac{\mu}{\mu} \rightarrow f(x) = (\mu x - \mu) \sqrt{ax}$$

$$f'(x) = \mu \sqrt{\frac{\mu}{x}}$$

$$\mu (\frac{\mu}{\mu}) \rightarrow f(x) = -(\mu x - \mu) \sqrt{ax}$$

$$\rightarrow f'(x) = -\mu \sqrt{\frac{\mu}{x}}$$

$$\mu \sqrt{\frac{\mu}{x}} a = \mu \sqrt{4} \rightarrow \mu \times \frac{\mu}{x} a = \mu 4$$

$$\rightarrow (a = \mu)$$

$$y = -ax + \mu$$

$$f'(x) = -a$$

$$f(x) = -ax + \mu$$

$$-ax + \mu = 1 \rightarrow ax = \frac{\mu}{a} \rightarrow f'(x) = -\frac{\mu}{a}$$

P_{SMVP}

-a

$$\frac{a\lambda - 1}{\mu_{\lambda+1}} = \frac{\lambda + a}{\nu}$$

$$\nu a\lambda - \nu = \mu_{\lambda+1} + 1\omega\lambda + \lambda + a$$

→

$$\mu_{\lambda+1} + \lambda(14 - \nu a) + 1\mu = 0$$

$$0 = 0 \Rightarrow K9a^{\mu} - \mu\omega K a + \mu\omega 4 - 1K\mu_s = 0$$

$$K9a^{\mu} - \mu\omega K a + 11\mu_s = 0$$

$$\div \nu \rightarrow \nu a^{\mu} - \mu\mu_a + 14s = 0$$

②

$$as\mu\mu \pm \sqrt{4K \times 9} \quad s \quad \frac{\mu\mu \pm \mu K}{1K} \quad s \quad K, \frac{K}{\nu}$$

$$\boxed{asK} \rightarrow \mu_{\lambda+1} - 1\mu a + 1\mu = 0 \rightarrow \lambda s \mu$$

$f(x) \rightarrow$

-9

$$f'(x) = 12x^2 + a \rightarrow 12 + a = 0 \rightarrow a = -12$$

s - CO

در نقطه دو مقدار تابع در مسو تابع صفر است f'

$$1 + 12a - b = 0 \rightarrow b = 12a + 1$$

$$-12 + 12a - b = 0$$

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$$\frac{\sin^{n-1}(x) (P_n) \cos x}{(1 - \cos x)^m} \quad s \quad -v$$

$$\frac{x^m \sin x \times x^{n-1}}{x^{pm}} \quad \left(\frac{x^p}{x}\right)^m$$

$$s \quad \frac{x^{n-1} \times x^{m+1}}{x^{pm}} \times n \quad s \quad \frac{x^{n+m}}{x^{pm}}$$

$$n-1 = pm$$

$$n \times x^{m+1} \times \frac{1}{x^{pm}} \rightarrow n \times x^{n+1} \times \frac{1}{x^{pm}}$$

$$m+n \leq 9$$

$$\rightarrow n \leq 1$$

$$\checkmark \quad m \leq \frac{1}{2} \quad \text{D}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{x}+1}{\sqrt{x}-1} = P \rightarrow P\sqrt{x} - P = \sqrt{x} + 1$$

$$\sqrt{x} = P \rightarrow x = P^2$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{1}{P\sqrt{x}} (\sqrt{x}-1) - \frac{1}{P\sqrt{x}} (\sqrt{x}+1)$$

$$(\sqrt{x}-1)^P$$

$$\frac{\frac{1}{4}(P) - \frac{1}{4}(K)}{x} = -\frac{1}{P}$$

✓ -12 ← f' (x)

-9

$$\left[\begin{matrix} -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{matrix} \right] \rightarrow f(x) = 1$$

$$f(x) s (1) (-a+1) = -1a+1$$

$$\frac{1+1a-1}{1} = 1a-1 = -1 \rightarrow a = \frac{1}{p}$$

$$n s 1 \quad f'(x) = (x^p+1)^p (p x^{p-1}) (a x+1) + (a) (x^p+1)^p$$

$$m \rightarrow \quad \begin{matrix} p \times p \times p \times \frac{1}{p} + (-\frac{1}{p}) \times 1 \\ \frac{p \times p \times p}{p \times p} = 1 p - 1 = 1 \end{matrix} \quad \text{✓}$$

-10

$$y_s \sinh x \cosh x$$

$$\left[\frac{\pi}{k}, \frac{\pi}{p} \right] \rightarrow f\left(\frac{\pi}{p}\right) s - 1 \rightarrow \frac{-1}{\frac{\pi}{k}} s - \frac{\pi}{\frac{\pi}{k}}$$

$$y_s \sinh^p - \cosh^p \quad \boxed{-\cosh x}$$

$$\cancel{y_s \sinh x}$$

$$\left[\frac{\pi}{k}, \frac{\pi}{p} \right] = \frac{-1}{\frac{\pi}{k}} s - \frac{\pi}{\frac{\pi}{k}}$$

$$\frac{-\frac{\pi}{k}}{\frac{\pi}{k}} s - 1 \quad \text{✓}$$

$$n \rightarrow \frac{\pi}{2}^+ \leadsto f(n) = \varepsilon n - \pi \sqrt{\frac{\pi a}{2}}$$

مشت سدر
صفر شونده

$$f'(n) = \frac{\pi \sqrt{\pi a}}{2} = \pi \sqrt{\pi a}$$

$$n \rightarrow \frac{\pi}{2}^- \leadsto f(n) = -\varepsilon n + \pi \sqrt{\frac{\pi a}{2}}$$

مشت سدر
صفر شونده

$$f'(n) = \frac{-\pi \sqrt{\pi a}}{2} = -\pi \sqrt{\pi a}$$

$$\leftarrow \sqrt{\pi a} = \pi \sqrt{4} \rightarrow \sqrt{\pi a} = \sqrt{\frac{4}{\pi}} \rightarrow a = \frac{1}{\pi}$$

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