

$$f(m) = m^2 + 2m + 1 + 9m^2 - 4m + 1 + m^2 + nm + mn$$

$$(10m) a^2 + (n-2) a + 2 + mn \rightarrow 10 + m = 0$$

$$m = -10$$

$$g(m) = \{ (2, -10), (2, p+1), (p+1, -1), (p+1, p+1) \}$$

$$n-2 \geq 0 \quad n \geq 2$$

$$p+1 = -10 \quad p = -11$$

$$m+n+p+1 = -10+2+(-11)+1 = -18$$

$$y = \sqrt{\frac{n-2}{(n^2-2)(n^2+2)}} \Rightarrow y = \sqrt{\frac{n-2}{(n-2)(n+2)(n^2+2)}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{n+2}}$$

$$D_y = (-2, +\infty) \cup \{2\}$$

$$f(x) = \frac{2x^2+1}{x^2-2(-x)}$$

$$f - 2(-x) \neq 0 \Rightarrow f \neq 2(-x)$$

$$[-2] \neq 2 \quad D_f = \mathbb{R} - (-2, -2]$$

$$-3 < x \leq -2$$

$$\sqrt{\frac{x(m^2-1)}{|m|+x}} \rightarrow \frac{1}{\sqrt{|m|+x}} \geq \frac{1}{-1} + \frac{1}{-1} + \frac{1}{-1} + \frac{1}{-1}$$

$$|m|+x > 0 \rightarrow (0, +\infty)$$

$$[1, +\infty)$$

$$\sqrt{\frac{|m-2|-x^2}{|m|-1}} \Rightarrow \frac{1}{\sqrt{|m|-1}} \geq \frac{1}{-1} + \frac{1}{-1} + \frac{1}{-1} + \frac{1}{-1}$$

$$|m|-1 \geq x^2 \Rightarrow x^2 \leq |m|-1$$

$$x^2 + m - 2 \leq 0 \Rightarrow m^2 - m + 2 \leq 0$$

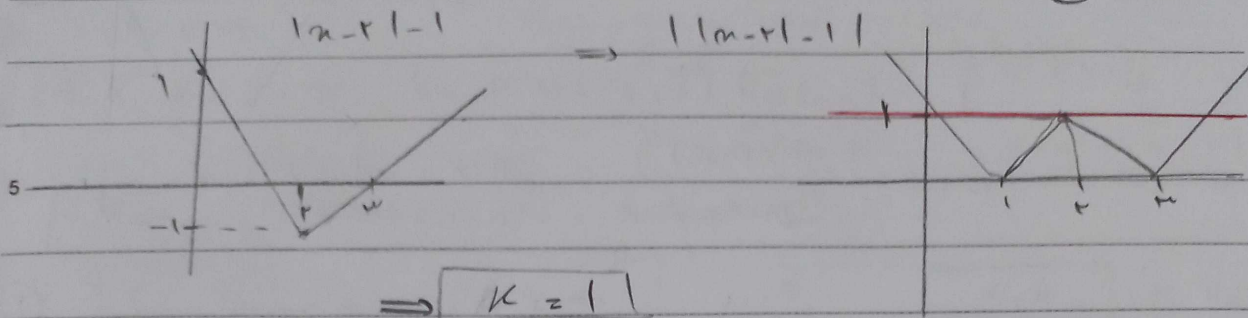
$$|m|-1 \neq 0 \Rightarrow |m| \neq 1 \Rightarrow m \neq \pm 1$$

$$D_y = [-2, 1) \cup \{1\}$$

نویسندگان

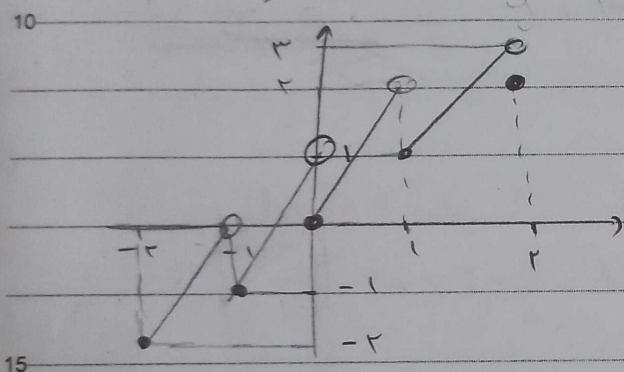
$$||x-r|-1| - k \neq \Rightarrow ||m-r|-1| \neq k \quad (4)$$

نویسندگان



$$\Rightarrow k = 1$$

$$-r \leq x < -1 \quad y \geq r+1 \quad 0 \leq x < 1 \quad y \geq r+1 \quad (5)$$



$$1 \leq x < r \quad y \geq r+1$$

$$x \geq r \quad y \geq r+1$$

$$-1 \leq x < 0 \quad y \geq r+1$$

$$f(m) = \frac{m^2 - 2m + r}{m+a} + b \Rightarrow f(m) = \frac{(m-1)(m-r)}{m+a} + b \quad (6)$$

$$a_2 = -1 \leq a_2 = r \quad \left\{ \begin{array}{l} a_2 = -1 \quad \frac{(m-1)(m-r)}{(m-1)} + b \Rightarrow b = r \\ a_2 = r \quad \frac{(m-1)(m-r)}{m-r} + b \Rightarrow b = 1 \end{array} \right.$$

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$$(1) a_2 = -1, b = r$$

$$(2) a_2 = r, b = 1$$

$$[f(m) = x] \text{ نویسندگان}$$

$$(1) a - b = -1 - r = -r - 1$$

$$(2) a - b = r - 1 = r - 1$$

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سولند زانجان

هم ضرب فواصل

$$f(x) \Rightarrow x \neq \pm 1 \quad \frac{x^3 + 2x^2 - x - 2}{x^2 - 1} = \frac{(x-1)(x^2 + 3x + 2)}{(x-1)(x+1)} \quad (\checkmark)$$

$$f(x) = \frac{(x-1)(x+1)(x+2)}{(x-1)(x+1)} = x+2$$

$$g(x) = x + c$$

$$c = 2$$

$$f(x) = g(x)$$

$$\Rightarrow g(1) = 3 \neq f(1)$$

$$g(-1) = 1 \neq f(-1)$$

$x \neq \pm 1$ (دایره) $x = \pm 1$ (دایره)

$$f(x) = \frac{ax + 2}{x + b} \Rightarrow f(1) = \frac{a + 2}{1 + b} = 3 \quad 3 + 3b = a + 2$$

$$f(-1) = \frac{-a + 2}{b - 1} = 1 \quad b - 1 = -a + 2$$

$$\begin{cases} 3b - a = -1 \\ b + a = 2 \end{cases}$$

$$b + a = 2$$

$$fb = 2$$

$$b = \frac{1}{f}$$

$$a = \frac{2}{f}$$

$$b + c = \frac{1}{f} + 2$$

$$\left[b + c = \frac{2}{f} \right]$$

$$2f - g = 2(\sqrt{\varepsilon x - 3a + k - 1}) - (\sqrt{b - \varepsilon x + 3k}) \quad (1)$$

$$2f - g = 2\sqrt{\varepsilon x - 3a + 2k - 2} - \sqrt{b - \varepsilon x - 3k} = 2\sqrt{\varepsilon x - 3a + k} - \sqrt{b - \varepsilon x - 2}$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{دایره } n=1 \Rightarrow 2\sqrt{\varepsilon - 3a} - k - \sqrt{b - \varepsilon - 2} = k$$

$$f - 3a = 0 \Rightarrow 3a = \varepsilon \quad b - \varepsilon = 0 \quad b = \varepsilon$$

$$-k - 2 = k \Rightarrow 2k = -2 \Rightarrow k = -1$$

$$3a - \frac{b}{f} - k = f - \frac{\varepsilon}{f} - (-1) = 3$$

$$\varepsilon x - 3a \geq 1$$

$$3a \leq \varepsilon x$$

$$x \geq \frac{3a}{\varepsilon}$$

$$b - \varepsilon x \geq 1$$

$$\varepsilon x \leq b$$

$$x \leq \frac{b}{\varepsilon}$$

رنگین همان

در هر دو طرف

باید بازه را در نظر بگیرد

سوال ۱۰

$$g(x) = \sqrt{2x+2} \Rightarrow Dg: 2x+2 \geq 0 \Rightarrow 2x \geq -2 \Rightarrow x \geq -1 \quad (9)$$

$$Dg = [-1, +\infty)$$

$$Df \cap g = [-1, 5] \Rightarrow Df \cap g = [-1, 5] \Rightarrow Df = (-\infty, 5]$$

$$f(x) = \sqrt{m-x} + n \quad Df: m-x \geq 0 \Rightarrow m \geq x \Rightarrow m \geq 5$$

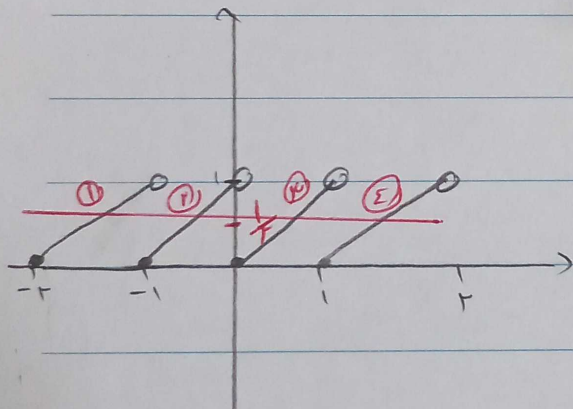
$$f(3) = 4\sqrt{2} \quad g(3) = \sqrt{8} = 2\sqrt{2}$$

$$f(5) = 4\sqrt{2} \quad f(3) = 1\sqrt{2}$$

$$f(x) =$$

$$y = (-1)^n (x - [x]) = \frac{1}{2} \Rightarrow y = x - [x] = \frac{1}{2} \quad (10)$$

همواره $y = x - [x]$ در بازه $[-2, 2]$



دکتر ۴ جواب است.