

تابع $f(x)$ به گونه‌ای تعریف شده که $x=1 \Rightarrow f(x) = 1 + m + n + mn$, $x=-1 \Rightarrow f(x) = 1 + m - n + mn$

$\Rightarrow 2f + 2m + 2mn = 2f(x) \rightarrow 2(1 + m + mn - f(x))$, $f(x) = 1 + mn$

$\rightarrow m + 1 = 0 \Rightarrow m = -1$ / $g(x) = \{(x, m), (x, p+1), (p, r, -1), (-1, p+k)\}$

$\rightarrow m - n = -12 \Rightarrow n = 11$ $p = -1$ $k = 10$

$\Rightarrow m + n + p + k = -1 + 11 + (-1) + 10 = 9$

الف) $\frac{x-1}{(x-1)(x)(x^2+2x+2)} \geq 0 \xrightarrow{x \neq 1}$

$\frac{1}{x(x^2+2x+2)} \geq 0 \Rightarrow D_f = (0, +\infty) - \{1\}$

ب) $f = 1[-n] \neq 0 \rightarrow$
 $f = 1[-n] \rightarrow 1 = [-n] \rightarrow$
 $1 < -n < 2 \rightarrow -2 < n < -1$
 $\Rightarrow D_f = \mathbb{R} - (-2, -1]$

الف) $f(x) = \frac{\sqrt{x(x-1)(x+1)}}{\sqrt{|x|+x}} \rightarrow \frac{-1}{1+1} + \frac{1}{1-1} +$
 $\sqrt{|x|+x} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^+$

$\Rightarrow D_f = [1, +\infty)$

ب) $f(x) = \frac{\sqrt{|n-1-x^2|}}{|x|-1} \rightarrow x \neq \pm 1$

$\rightarrow |n-1| \geq x^2 \rightarrow$
 $x-1 \geq x^2 \rightarrow x^2-x+1 \leq 0 \rightarrow \text{no solution}$
 $x-1 \leq -x^2 \rightarrow x^2+x-1 \leq 0 \rightarrow \frac{-1 \pm \sqrt{5}}{2} \Rightarrow D_f = [-1, 1]$

$||n-1|-1|=k$

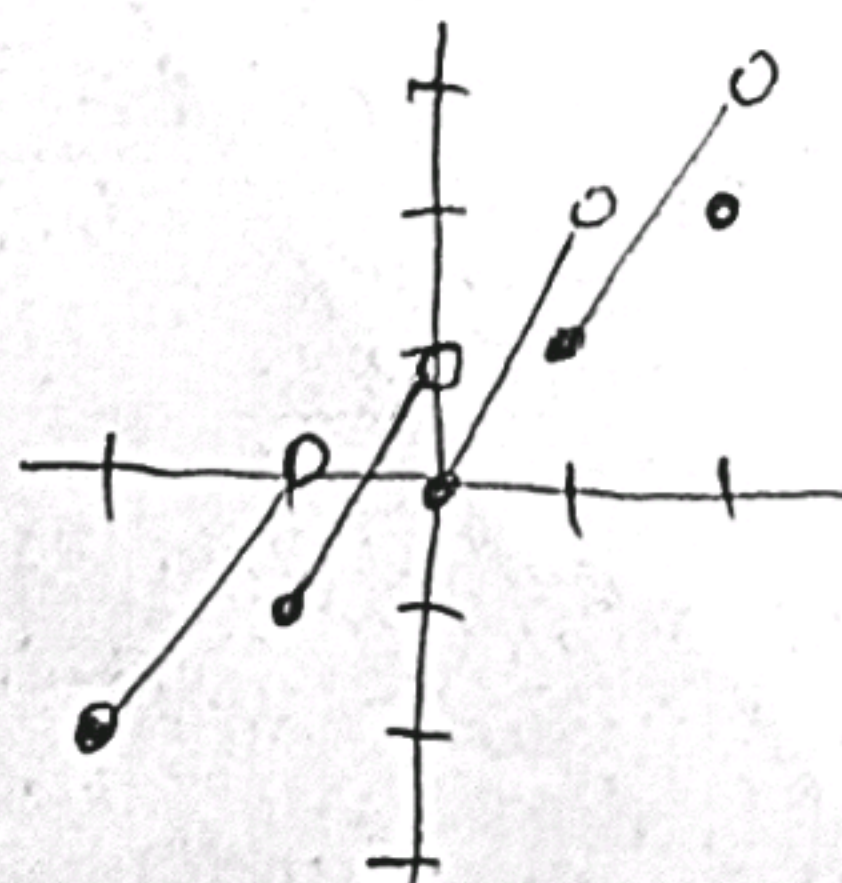
$|n-1|=k+1$ $\begin{cases} x-1=k+1 \Rightarrow x=k+2 \\ -x+1=k+1 \Rightarrow -x=k \Rightarrow x=-k \end{cases}$

$|n-1|=1-k$ $\begin{cases} x-1=1-k \Rightarrow x=k \\ -x+1=1-k \Rightarrow -x=k \Rightarrow x=-k \end{cases}$

$x \neq \pm 1 \Rightarrow k=0 \leq 1$

$y = 1x - [x]$, $[-1, 1]$

$x = [-1, -1) \rightarrow 1x + 1$
 $x = [-1, 0) \rightarrow 1x + 1$
 $x = [0, 1) \rightarrow 1x$
 $x = [1, 1) \rightarrow 1x - 1$



$$f(n) \rightarrow f(n)=x \Rightarrow \frac{x^r - f(n+r)}{n+n} + b = x \rightarrow x^r - f(n+r) = (n-b)(n+a)$$

$$(x-r)(n-1) = (n-b)(n+a) \Rightarrow \begin{cases} x-b = x-r \\ x+a = n-1 \end{cases} \rightarrow b=r, a=-1$$

$$\begin{cases} x-b = x-1 \\ x+a = n-r \end{cases} \rightarrow b=1, a=-r$$

$$\rightarrow a-b = \begin{cases} -r \\ -1 \end{cases} \Rightarrow a-b = \{-r\}$$

$$f(n) = \begin{cases} \frac{(x-1)(x+1)(x+r)}{(x-1)(x+1)} = x+r & x \neq \pm 1 \\ \frac{ax+r}{x+1} & x = \pm 1 \end{cases}, g(n) = f(n) \Rightarrow$$

$$n+c = n+r \Rightarrow \boxed{c=r} \quad \left/ \begin{array}{l} \xrightarrow{n=1} \frac{a+r}{1+b} = r \rightarrow r(b-a) = -1 \\ \xrightarrow{n=-1} \frac{r-a}{b-1} = 1 \rightarrow b+a = r \end{array} \right\} \begin{array}{l} a = \frac{a}{r} \\ b = \frac{1}{r} \end{array} \Rightarrow \boxed{b+c = \frac{a}{r}}$$

$$\begin{cases} f(n) = \sqrt{r_n - r_a} + k - 1 \rightarrow D_f = x \geq \frac{r_a}{\epsilon} \\ g(n) = \sqrt{b - \epsilon x} + rk \rightarrow D_g = x \leq \frac{b}{\epsilon} \end{cases} \xrightarrow{D_{rf-g} = \{1\}} \begin{array}{l} \frac{r_a}{\epsilon} = 1 \rightarrow a = \frac{\epsilon}{r} \\ \frac{b}{\epsilon} = 1 \rightarrow b = \epsilon \end{array}$$

$$\xrightarrow{n=1} rf - g = k \Rightarrow rk + 1 = x \sqrt{\frac{r_a}{r} - 1} - \sqrt{1-x} \Rightarrow k+1 = \sqrt{r}$$

$$\Rightarrow k = \sqrt{r} - 1 \rightarrow ra - \frac{b}{r} - k = r - r + 1 - \sqrt{r} = \boxed{r - \sqrt{r}}$$

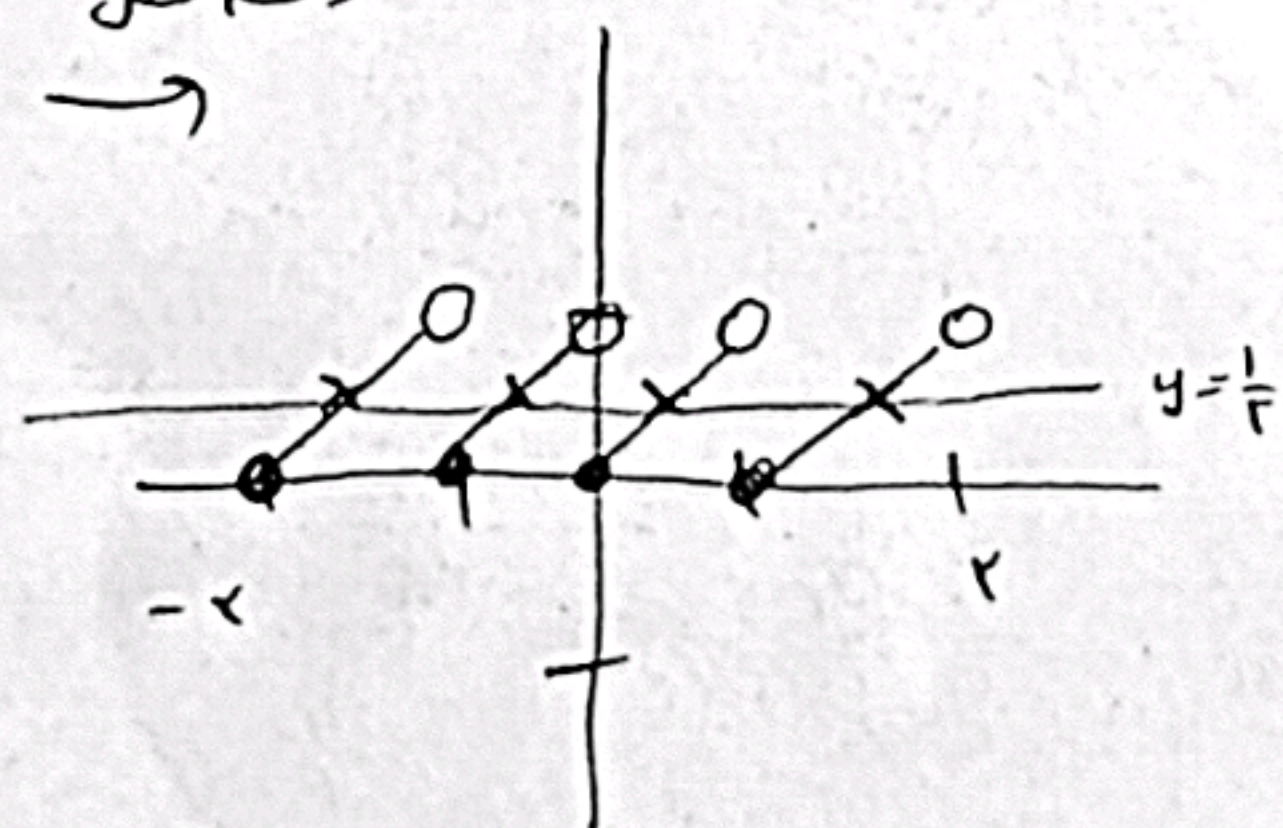
$$f(n) = \sqrt{m-n} + n \quad D_{f \times g} = [-1, v] \quad m-x \geq 0 \rightarrow m \geq x$$

$$g(n) = \sqrt{r_n + r} \rightarrow n \geq -1 \quad x \leq v \Rightarrow \boxed{m=v}$$

$$\rightarrow f - g(r) = 4\sqrt{r} \Rightarrow r+n - r\sqrt{r} = 4\sqrt{r} \Rightarrow \boxed{n = 4\sqrt{r} - r}$$

$$\boxed{m+n = 4\sqrt{r} + r}$$

$$y = (x - [x]) = \frac{1}{r} \rightarrow$$



$$\Rightarrow 2b - 1 \geq r$$

$$[-5, 5] \text{ و } 2b \geq r$$

1.