

۲. ~ افندنی ☆

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$$f(x) = 2 \left[\frac{x-2}{x} \right] + a \left[\frac{x+2}{x} \right]$$

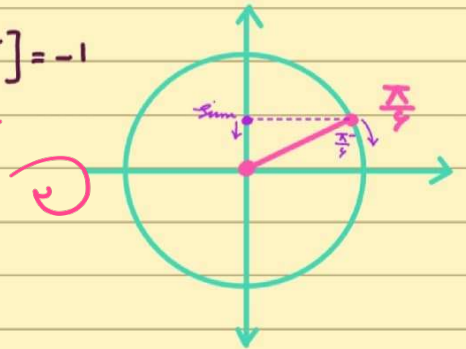
$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 2^+} 2 \left[\frac{x-2}{x} \right] + a \left[\frac{x+2}{x} \right] = 2 \left[\frac{2^-}{2} \right] + a \left[\frac{4^+}{2} \right] = 2$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 2^-} 2 \left[\frac{x-2}{x} \right] + a \left[\frac{x+2}{x} \right] = 2 \left[\frac{2^+}{2} \right] + a \left[\frac{4^-}{2} \right] = 4 - a$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} f(x) \text{ موجود است } \rightarrow 2 = 4 - a \rightarrow a = 2 \rightarrow \left[\frac{a}{x} \right] = \left[\frac{2}{x} \right] = 0 \quad \checkmark$$

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$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \frac{\pi}{6}^-} [x \sin x - 1] = \left[\frac{\pi}{6} \cdot \frac{1}{2} - 1 \right] = \left[\frac{1}{2} - 1 \right] = \left[-\frac{1}{2} \right] = -1$$



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$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \frac{1}{2}^+} [8x^3 - x] \xrightarrow{x \rightarrow \frac{1}{2}^+} \left[-1^- + \frac{1}{2}^- \right] = -1$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \frac{1}{2}^-} [8x^3 - x] \xrightarrow{x \rightarrow \frac{1}{2}^-} \left[-1^+ + \frac{1}{2}^- \right] = -1 \quad \checkmark$$

حد چپ و راست برابر (-) می باشد.

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$$\lim_{x \rightarrow (-\frac{1}{4})^-} \frac{\log x - 5 + \left[\frac{3}{x^2} \right]}{\frac{1}{x^2} - 1} = \frac{-\infty - 5 + 11}{-\infty + 1} = \frac{1}{0^-} = -\infty$$

$$x < -\frac{1}{4} \rightarrow x^2 > \frac{1}{16} \rightarrow \frac{1}{x^2} < 16 \rightarrow \frac{3}{x^2} < 12 \rightarrow \left[\frac{3}{x^2} \right] = 11 \quad \checkmark$$

$$\downarrow$$

$$\frac{1}{x^2} < 16 \rightarrow -\frac{2}{x^2} > -16 \rightarrow \left[-\frac{2}{x^2} \right] = -17$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow 1^+} \frac{\sin^2 \pi n}{[n] + \cos \pi n} = \frac{1 - \cos^2 \pi n}{1 + \cos \pi n} = \frac{(1 - \cos \pi n)(1 + \cos \pi n)}{(1 + \cos \pi n)} = 1 - \cos \pi n = 1 - (-1) = 2$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow -1} \frac{\sqrt{2n+3} - \sqrt{2n+1}}{1 + \sqrt{n^2}} \times \frac{\sqrt{2n+3} + \sqrt{2n+1}}{\sqrt{2n+3} + \sqrt{2n+1}} \times \frac{(\sqrt{n^2} - \sqrt{n} + 1)}{(\sqrt{n^2} - \sqrt{n} + 1)} = \frac{2n+3-2n-1}{1+n} \times \frac{(\sqrt{n^2} - \sqrt{n} + 1)}{\sqrt{2n+3} + \sqrt{2n+1}}$$

$$= (-1) \times \frac{2}{2} = -1$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow 1} \frac{2n - \sqrt{n+1}}{2n - \sqrt{2n+1}} \xrightarrow{\text{HOP}} \frac{2 - \frac{1}{\sqrt{n}}}{2 - \frac{1}{\sqrt{2n+1}}} = \frac{2 - \frac{1}{2}}{2 - \frac{1}{2}} = -1/2$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow 0} \frac{a + \sqrt{bn+c}}{n} = \frac{1}{\epsilon} \rightarrow a + \sqrt{c} = 0 \rightarrow \sqrt{c} = -a \quad \text{I}$$

$$\text{HOP} \rightarrow \lim_{n \rightarrow 0} \frac{\frac{b}{\sqrt{c}}}{1} = \frac{b}{\sqrt{c}} = \frac{1}{\epsilon} \rightarrow \epsilon b = \sqrt{c} \rightarrow b = \frac{\sqrt{c}}{\epsilon} \quad \text{II}$$

$$\text{I} \cap \text{II} \rightarrow \frac{a \times b}{c} = \frac{-\sqrt{c} \times \frac{\sqrt{c}}{\epsilon}}{c} = -\frac{1}{\epsilon}$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow 2\pi} \frac{f + k[\frac{n}{\pi}]}{\sin n} \xrightarrow{n \rightarrow 2\pi^+} \frac{f - 2k}{0^+} = +\infty \rightarrow f - 2k > 0 \rightarrow f > 2k \quad \text{I}$$

$$\xrightarrow{n \rightarrow 2\pi^-} \frac{f - 2k}{0^-} = +\infty \rightarrow f - 2k < 0 \rightarrow \frac{f}{2} < k \quad \text{II}$$

$$\text{I} \cap \text{II} \rightarrow \frac{f}{2} < k < f \rightarrow -2 < k < -\frac{f}{2} \rightarrow [-k] = -2$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow 1} \frac{b\sqrt{2n+1} - 2b}{a n - b} = \frac{0}{\Lambda a - b} \rightarrow \Lambda a - b = 0 \rightarrow \Lambda a = b$$

$$\text{HOP} \rightarrow \lim_{n \rightarrow 1} \frac{b \frac{1}{\sqrt{2n+1}} - \frac{2}{\sqrt{2n+1}}}{a} = \frac{\Lambda a \times \frac{1}{\epsilon} \times \frac{1}{\sqrt{2n+1}}}{\epsilon a} = \frac{1}{\epsilon}$$