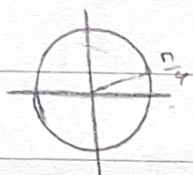


1. تابع $f(x) = x \left[\frac{x-2}{x} \right] + a \left[\frac{x+2}{x} \right]$ در نقطه $x = 2$ حد دارد. مقدار $\left[\frac{a}{x} \right]$ ؟

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 2^+} x \left[\frac{x-2}{x} \right] + a \left[\frac{0^+}{x} \right] = x(1) + 0 = 2$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 2^-} x \left[\frac{x-2}{x} \right] + a \left[\frac{0^-}{x} \right] = x(1) - a = 2 \rightarrow 2 - a = 2 \quad a = 0$$

$$\left[\frac{a}{x} \right] \xrightarrow{x^+} 0$$



$$x < \frac{\pi}{4} \rightarrow \sin x > \frac{1}{2}$$

$$x \sin x > 1 \rightarrow x \sin x - 1 > 0$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow (\frac{\pi}{4})^-} [x \sin x - 1] = [0^+] = 0$$

2. مقدار $\lim_{x \rightarrow (\frac{\pi}{4})^-} [x \sin x - 1]$ ؟

$$x \left(-\frac{1}{x} \right) + \frac{1}{x} = -\frac{1}{x}$$

3. حد $\lim_{x \rightarrow -\frac{1}{x}} [14x^3 - x]$ ؟

$$\left[-\frac{1}{x} \right] = -1$$

4. مقدار $\lim_{x \rightarrow (-\frac{1}{x})^+} \frac{10x - 5 + \left[\frac{x}{x^2} \right]}{14x - \left[\frac{-2}{x^2} \right]}$ ؟

$$\frac{1}{x} > -2 \rightarrow \frac{1}{x^2} < 2 \rightarrow \frac{x}{x^2} < 2$$

$$\frac{1}{x} > -2 \rightarrow \frac{1}{x^2} < 2$$

$$\frac{10x - 5 + 1}{14x - 1} = \frac{10x + 6}{14x + 1} = \frac{1}{-1 + 1} = \frac{1}{0^-} = -\infty$$

$$\frac{-1}{x^2} > -2 \rightarrow \frac{-2}{x^2} > -1$$

حد ندارد

! $\lim_{n \rightarrow 1^+} \frac{\sin^n n}{[n] + \cos n}$ - 5

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow 1^+} \frac{\sin^n n}{1 + \cos n} = \frac{1 - \cos n}{1 + \cos n}$$

$$\frac{(1 - \cos n)(1 + \cos n)}{1 + \cos n} = \lim_{n \rightarrow 1^+} 1 - \cos n = 1 - (-1) = 2$$

! $\lim_{n \rightarrow -1} \frac{\sqrt{n+1} - \sqrt{n+1}}{1 + \sqrt[n]{n}}$ Ques 9

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow -1} \frac{\sqrt{n+1} - \sqrt{n+1}}{1 + \sqrt[n]{n}} \times \frac{p}{p} \times \frac{0}{0} = \frac{-(n+1)}{1 + n^{\frac{1}{n}}} \times \frac{1}{1} = \frac{-1}{1} \times \frac{1}{1} = -\frac{1}{1}$$

! $\lim_{n \rightarrow 1} \frac{n - \sqrt{n} + 1}{n - \sqrt{n+1}}$ Ques - 1

$$\text{Hop} \rightarrow \frac{1 - \frac{1}{\sqrt{n}}}{1 - \frac{1}{\sqrt{n+1}}} = \frac{1 - \frac{1}{1}}{1 - \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}} = \frac{0}{\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} - 1} = -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2} - 1}$$

! $\frac{ab}{c}$ rec. int. $\lim_{n \rightarrow 0} \frac{a + \sqrt{bn+c}}{n} = \frac{1}{F}$ ✓

$$a + \sqrt{c} = 0 \rightarrow a + \sqrt{b} = 0 \rightarrow a = -\sqrt{b}$$

$$\rightarrow \frac{-\sqrt{b} \times \sqrt{b}}{F \sqrt{b}} = -\frac{1}{F}$$

$$\frac{b}{1 + \sqrt{bn+c}} = \frac{1}{F} \rightarrow \frac{b}{1 + \sqrt{c}} = \frac{1}{F} \rightarrow 1 + \sqrt{c} = Fb \rightarrow Fb^2 = c$$

Subject : _____

Year: _____ Month: _____ Day: _____

✓ اگر $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{f+k \left[\frac{n}{\pi} \right]}{f-k} = +\infty$ باشد مقدار $[-k]$ ؟

$$-n^+ \rightarrow \frac{f-2k}{0^+} = +\infty \quad f-2k > 0 \quad n \rightarrow -2n \quad \sin n \quad k < 2$$

$$-n^- \rightarrow \frac{f-3k}{0^-} = +\infty \quad f-3k < 0 \quad k > \frac{f}{3} \quad \frac{f}{3} < k < 2 \quad -2 < -k < -\frac{f}{3}$$

$$[-k] = -2$$

۱۰. مقدار غیر صفر حد $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{b\sqrt{2+\sqrt[3]{n}}-2b}{an-b}$ را بیابید. (حقیقی و غیر صفر)

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{n^2}}}{\frac{b}{n}} = \frac{\frac{1}{12}}{\frac{f}{1}} = \frac{1}{fn} = \frac{n}{fn} = \frac{1}{9}$$

$$an-b=0$$

$$a = \frac{b}{n}$$