

نام و نام خانوادگی ... لیلیٰ حبیبی ... پاسخنامه تشریحی تکلیف شماره ... ۱۹ ... کلاس ... دوازدهم ...

$$f(x) = 2\left[\frac{x-1}{x}\right] + a\left[\frac{x+1}{x}\right]$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{مرداستر} &= 2\left[\frac{2-(1-2)^+}{2}\right] + a\left[\frac{-2^++2}{2}\right] = 2[2^+] + a[0] = 4 \\ \text{مردیپ} &= 2\left[\frac{2-(1-2)^-}{2}\right] + a\left[\frac{-2^++2}{2}\right] = 2[0^+] + a[0^-] = -2-a \end{aligned}$$

$$-2-a=4 \Rightarrow a=-6 \Rightarrow \left[\frac{a}{3}\right] = \left[\frac{-6}{3}\right] = -2$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right)^-} [2\sin x - 1] = \left[2\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^- - 1\right] = [1^- - 1] = [0^-] = \boxed{-1}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow -\frac{1}{4}} [8x^3 - 2] = \left[8\left(-\frac{1}{4}\right)^3 - \left(-\frac{1}{4}\right)\right] = \left[-\frac{1}{4}\right] = \boxed{-1}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \left(-\frac{1}{4}\right)^-} \frac{10x - 5 + \left[\frac{x}{x^2}\right]}{14x - \left[-\frac{x}{x^2}\right]} = \lim_{x \rightarrow \left(-\frac{1}{4}\right)^-} \frac{10x - 5 + [12^-]}{14x - [-1^+]} = \lim_{x \rightarrow \left(-\frac{1}{4}\right)^-} \frac{10x + 4}{14x + 1}$$

$$= \frac{-5 + 4}{0^-} = \boxed{-\infty}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 1^+} \frac{\sin^2 \pi x}{[x] + \cos \pi x} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 1^+} \frac{1 - \cos^2 \pi x}{1 + \cos \pi x} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 1^+} (1 - \cos \pi x) = 1 - \cos \pi = 1 - (-1) = \boxed{2}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow -1} \frac{\sqrt{2x+3} - \sqrt{3x+4}}{1 + \sqrt{x}} \xrightarrow{\text{HOP}} \lim_{x \rightarrow -1} \frac{\frac{2}{2\sqrt{2x+3}} - \frac{3}{2\sqrt{3x+4}}}{\frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}}} = \frac{1 - \frac{3}{2}}{\frac{1}{2}} = \boxed{\frac{-1}{2}}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{2x - \sqrt{2x+1}}{2x - \sqrt{3x+1}} & \xrightarrow{\frac{0}{0}} \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{(\sqrt{x}-1)(2\sqrt{x}-1)}{2x - \sqrt{3x+1}} \times \frac{2x + \sqrt{3x+1}}{2x + \sqrt{3x+1}} \\ & = \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{(\sqrt{x}-1)(2\sqrt{x}-1)(2x + \sqrt{3x+1})}{(x-1)(2x+1)} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{1(2\sqrt{x}-1)}{(\sqrt{x}+1)(2x+1)} = \boxed{-1/2} \end{aligned}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{a + \sqrt{bx+c}}{x} = \frac{1}{f} \xrightarrow{\frac{0}{0}} a + \sqrt{b(0)+c} = 0 \Rightarrow \sqrt{c} = -a \quad (1)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \left(\frac{\sqrt{bx+c} - \sqrt{c}}{x} \times \frac{\sqrt{bx+c} + \sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{bx+c} + \sqrt{c}} \right) & = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{bx+c-c}{x(\sqrt{bx+c} + \sqrt{c})} = \frac{1}{f} \Rightarrow \frac{b}{2\sqrt{c}} = \frac{1}{f} \Rightarrow \sqrt{c} = \frac{b}{2f} \quad (2) \\ 1, 2 \Rightarrow \sqrt{c} = -a & \Rightarrow \frac{ab}{c} = \frac{(-2b)b}{f^2 b^2} = \boxed{\frac{-1}{f}} \end{aligned}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} \frac{x + k[\frac{x}{k}]}{\sin x} = +\infty$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{محدود} & = \frac{x + k[\frac{(1-x)^+}{k}]}{\sin(-x)^+} = \frac{x + k(-1)}{0^+} = +\infty \Rightarrow -x + k > 0 \Rightarrow k < x \\ \text{محدود} & = \frac{x + k[\frac{(-x)^-}{k}]}{\sin(-x)^-} = +\infty \Rightarrow \frac{x - k}{0^-} = +\infty \Rightarrow x - k < 0 \Rightarrow k > \frac{x}{f} \\ & \Rightarrow \frac{x}{f} < k < x \\ & \Rightarrow [-k] = \boxed{-x} \end{aligned}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \lambda} \frac{b\sqrt{x+\sqrt{x}} - 2b}{ax - b} \xrightarrow{\frac{0}{0}} \lambda a - b = 0 \Rightarrow b = \lambda a \xrightarrow{\text{محدود}} \lim_{x \rightarrow \lambda} \frac{\lambda a(\sqrt{x+\sqrt{x}} - 2)}{(ax - \lambda a)}$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow \lambda} \frac{\lambda a(\sqrt{x+\sqrt{x}} - 2)}{a(x - \lambda)} \times \frac{\text{محدود}}{\text{محدود}} = \lim_{x \rightarrow \lambda} \frac{\lambda(x-\lambda)}{(x-\lambda)(1)(f)} = \boxed{\frac{1}{f}}$$