

$$\Lambda \cos x = 1 + \tan^2 x \rightarrow \Lambda \cos x = \frac{1}{\cos^2 x} \rightarrow \cos x = \frac{1}{\Lambda} \rightarrow \cos x = \cos \frac{\pi}{\Lambda} \rightarrow x = 2k\pi \pm \frac{\pi}{\Lambda}$$

$(0, \frac{\pi}{\Lambda})$ $x = \frac{\pi}{\Lambda}, \frac{2\pi}{\Lambda} \rightarrow$ جواب

$$\Delta(1 - \frac{\cos 2x}{\Lambda}) + 2 \cos 2x = -2 \rightarrow \frac{\Delta}{\Lambda} - \frac{\Delta}{\Lambda} \cos 2x + 2 \cos 2x = -2 \rightarrow \frac{\Delta \cos 2x}{\Lambda} - \Delta \cos 2x = -2$$

$\cos 2x = -1 \rightarrow 2x = 2k\pi + \pi \rightarrow x = \frac{2k\pi + \pi}{2}$ $R = [-\frac{\pi}{2}, \frac{\pi}{2}]$ $\tilde{R} = [-\frac{\pi}{2}, \frac{\pi}{2}]$

$\cos 2x = 1 \rightarrow 2x = 2k\pi \rightarrow x = k\pi$ $x = \{-\pi, 0, \pi\} \rightarrow$ جواب

$$\sin x (2 \cos 2x + 1) = 1 \rightarrow \sin(2(1 - 2 \sin^2 x) + 1) = 1 \rightarrow \sin x (2 - 4 \sin^2 x) = 1$$

$\rightarrow \frac{2 \sin x - 4 \sin^3 x}{\sin x} = 1 \rightarrow \sin 2x = \sin \frac{\pi}{2} \rightarrow x = \frac{2k\pi}{2} + \frac{\pi}{2}$ $x \in [0, 2\pi]$ $x = \{\frac{\pi}{2}, \frac{5\pi}{2}, \frac{3\pi}{2}, \frac{7\pi}{2}\} \rightarrow \frac{2\pi}{\Lambda}$

$$\frac{1}{\sin(\frac{\pi}{\Lambda} + 2x)} + \frac{1}{\cos(\frac{\pi}{\Lambda} + 2x)} = 0 \rightarrow \frac{1}{\cos 2x} + \frac{1}{-\sin 2x} = 0 \rightarrow \cos 2x = \sin 2x$$

$\rightarrow \cos 2x (\sin 2x - 1) = 0 \rightarrow \begin{cases} \cos 2x = 0 \rightarrow x = k\pi + \frac{\pi}{4}, k\pi + \frac{3\pi}{4} \\ \sin 2x = 1 \rightarrow x = k\pi + \frac{\pi}{2} \end{cases} \rightarrow x = \{\frac{\pi}{4}, \frac{3\pi}{4}, \frac{\pi}{2}, \frac{5\pi}{2}\}$

$\xrightarrow{\text{آسان}} \frac{\pi}{\Lambda} \rightarrow \tan(2x \frac{\pi}{\Lambda}) = \tan \frac{\pi}{2}$

$$\cos(x + \frac{\pi}{4}) = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{\Lambda} (\cos x - \sin x) = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{\Lambda} \rightarrow \cos x - \sin x = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{\Lambda} \rightarrow (\cos x - \sin x)^2 = 1 - \sin^2 x \rightarrow \sin^2 x = \frac{1}{\Lambda^2}$$

$\rightarrow m(\frac{\sqrt{2}}{\Lambda}) = \Lambda \sqrt{2} \sin(x) + \sqrt{2} \rightarrow \frac{\sqrt{2}}{\Lambda} m = 2(\frac{1}{\Lambda}) + 2 \rightarrow m = 2(\frac{1}{\Lambda}) + 2$

$$-1 \leq \sin x \leq 1 \rightarrow \sin(x + \frac{\pi}{4}) = 1 \rightarrow x = 2k\pi + \frac{\pi}{4} \rightarrow x = \{\frac{\pi}{4}\} \rightarrow$$

$-1 \leq \cos x \leq 1 \rightarrow \cos(x - \frac{\pi}{4}) = 1 \rightarrow x = 2k\pi + \frac{\pi}{4}$

$$\sqrt{2} \cos x + \sin x = 2 \sin(x + \frac{\pi}{4}) = \sqrt{2} \rightarrow \sin(x + \frac{\pi}{4}) = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \rightarrow x = 2k\pi + \frac{\pi}{4}$$

$x = \{0, \pi, \frac{\pi}{2}\} \rightarrow \frac{\sqrt{2}}{\Lambda}$

$$-1 \leq \sin x \leq 1 \rightarrow \sin 2x = -\frac{1}{\Lambda} \rightarrow \sin 2x = -\frac{1}{\Lambda} \rightarrow \begin{cases} 2x = 2k\pi - \frac{\pi}{6} \rightarrow x = k\pi - \frac{\pi}{12} \\ 2x = 2k\pi + \frac{5\pi}{6} \rightarrow x = k\pi + \frac{5\pi}{12} \end{cases}$$

$(-\frac{\pi}{2}, \frac{\pi}{2})$ $x = \{\frac{11\pi}{12}, \frac{7\pi}{12}, \frac{5\pi}{12}, \frac{19\pi}{12}\} \rightarrow \frac{2\pi}{\Lambda}$

$$2 \cos^2 x + 2 \cos^2 x + 2 \cos^2 x = \frac{1}{\Lambda} \rightarrow \Lambda \cos^2 x + \cos^2 x + \cos^2 x = \frac{1}{\Lambda} \rightarrow |\cos x \cos x \cos x| = \frac{1}{\Lambda}$$

$\frac{\text{میانگین}}{\text{جواب}} \alpha = \frac{\pi}{6} \rightarrow |\cos \alpha - \cos 2\alpha \cos 3\alpha| = |\frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{2}| = \frac{1}{4} \sqrt{2} \rightarrow A = \{\frac{\pi}{6}, \frac{5\pi}{6}\}$

$\beta = \frac{\pi}{6} \rightarrow |\frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{2}| = \frac{1}{8} \sqrt{2}$

$\downarrow$ $\max_A = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{\Lambda}$

$$\tan \alpha \cdot \tan \pi \alpha = 1 \xrightarrow{\div \tan \alpha} \cot \alpha = \tan \pi \alpha \rightarrow \tan \pi \alpha = \tan \left(\frac{\pi}{\lambda} - \alpha \right)$$

$$\rightarrow \pi \alpha = k\pi + \frac{\pi}{\lambda} - \alpha \rightarrow \alpha = \frac{k\pi}{\lambda} + \frac{\pi}{\lambda} \xrightarrow{[1, \pi]} \alpha = \left\{ \frac{9\pi}{\lambda}, \frac{11\pi}{\lambda}, \frac{13\pi}{\lambda}, \frac{15\pi}{\lambda} \right\} \xrightarrow{\text{Ex}} \boxed{4\pi}$$