

IV Cont'

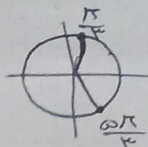
Cont'

$$\sec x = \tan x + 1 \Rightarrow \sec x \cdot \frac{1}{\cos x} \Rightarrow \sec^2 x = 1$$

$$\sec^2 x = 1 \Rightarrow \cos^2 x = \frac{1}{\sec^2 x}$$

$$x = 2k\pi \pm \frac{\pi}{4}$$

...  $\Rightarrow$  ...  $\Rightarrow$  ...



(1)

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$$\frac{1}{\sin(\frac{\pi}{4} + x)} + \frac{1}{\cos(\frac{\pi}{4} + x)} = 0 \Rightarrow \frac{1}{\cos x} - \frac{1}{\sin x} = 0 \Rightarrow \frac{1}{\sin x} = \frac{1}{\cos x}$$

(2)

$$\sin x = \cos x \Rightarrow \sin x = \cos x \Rightarrow \sin x = \cos x$$

$$\cos x \neq 0 \Rightarrow \sin x = \frac{1}{\cos x} \Rightarrow x = 2k\pi + \frac{\pi}{4} \quad \text{or} \quad x = 2k\pi + \frac{3\pi}{4}$$

$$x = 2k\pi + \frac{\pi}{4}$$

$$x = 2k\pi + \frac{3\pi}{4}$$

$$x = \frac{3\pi}{4} - \frac{\pi}{4} = \frac{\pi}{2}$$

$$x = \frac{\pi}{4}$$

$$x = \frac{3\pi}{4}$$

$$\sin \frac{\pi}{4} = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$$

(3)

$$\cos(x + \frac{\pi}{2}) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \cos x - \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \sin x \Rightarrow \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} (\cos x - \sin x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \Rightarrow \cos x - \sin x = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$$

$$\cos(\frac{\pi}{4}) - \sin(\frac{\pi}{4}) = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$$

$$\sin\left(n+\frac{\pi}{4}\right) \cos\left(n-\frac{\pi}{4}\right) = 1 \Rightarrow \sin\left(n+\frac{\pi}{4}\right) \cos\left(-n+\frac{\pi}{4}\right) = 1 \quad (9)$$

$$\cos \alpha = \cos(-\alpha)$$

$$n+\frac{\pi}{4} + (-n+\frac{\pi}{4}) = \frac{\pi}{2} \Rightarrow \sin^2\left(n+\frac{\pi}{4}\right) = 1 \Rightarrow \sin\left(n+\frac{\pi}{4}\right) = 1$$

$$\sin\left(n+\frac{\pi}{4}\right) = -1$$

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} \sin \alpha = 1 \quad n+\frac{\pi}{4} = 2k\pi + \frac{\pi}{4} \Rightarrow n = 2k\pi + \frac{\pi}{4} \quad n = \frac{\pi}{4} \\ \sin \alpha = -1 \quad n+\frac{\pi}{4} = 2k\pi - \frac{\pi}{4} \Rightarrow n = 2k\pi - \frac{\pi}{4} \quad n = \frac{7\pi}{4} \end{array} \right\}$$

$$a \sin \alpha + b \cos \alpha \Rightarrow \frac{a}{\sqrt{a^2+b^2}} \sin(\alpha + \alpha)$$

$$\sqrt{2} \sin\left(\alpha + \frac{\pi}{4}\right) = \sqrt{2} \Rightarrow \sin\left(\alpha + \frac{\pi}{4}\right) = 1 \Rightarrow \alpha + \frac{\pi}{4} = 2k\pi + \frac{\pi}{2}$$

$$\alpha + \frac{\pi}{4} = 2k\pi + \frac{\pi}{2} \Rightarrow \alpha = 2k\pi + \frac{\pi}{4}$$

$$\frac{-\pi}{12} + \frac{\pi}{12} + \frac{2k\pi}{12} = \frac{2k\pi}{12} \quad n = \frac{2k\pi}{12}$$

$$n = \frac{\pi}{4}, \frac{5\pi}{4}$$

$$\sqrt{2} \sin \alpha \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{4} - \alpha\right) = 1 \Rightarrow -\sqrt{2} \sin \alpha \cos \alpha = 1 \Rightarrow +\sqrt{2} \sin \alpha \cos \alpha = -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \quad (10)$$

$$\sin 2\alpha = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$$

$$2\alpha = 2k\pi - \frac{\pi}{4}, \quad 2\alpha = 2k\pi + \frac{\pi}{4}$$

$$\alpha = k\pi - \frac{\pi}{8}, \quad \alpha = k\pi + \frac{\pi}{8}$$

$$\alpha = \frac{11\pi}{8}, \frac{13\pi}{8}$$

$$\alpha = \frac{7\pi}{8}, \frac{15\pi}{8}$$

$$\frac{11\pi}{8} + \frac{13\pi}{8} + \frac{7\pi}{8} + \frac{15\pi}{8} = \frac{46\pi}{8} = \frac{23\pi}{4}$$

$$(1 + \cos \alpha)(1 + \cos \beta)(1 + \cos \gamma) = \frac{1}{\lambda} \Rightarrow (\cos^2 \frac{\alpha}{2})(\cos^2 \frac{\beta}{2})(\cos^2 \frac{\gamma}{2}) = \frac{1}{\lambda} \quad (11)$$

$$\lambda (\cos \alpha \cos \beta \cos \gamma)^2 = \frac{1}{\lambda} \Rightarrow \cos \alpha \cos \beta \cos \gamma = \pm \frac{1}{\lambda}$$

$$\lambda \sin \alpha$$

$$\lambda \sin \alpha \cos \alpha \cos \beta \cos \gamma = \pm \frac{1}{\lambda} \Rightarrow \sin \alpha \cos \alpha \cos \beta \cos \gamma = \pm \frac{1}{\lambda^2}$$

$$\sin 2\alpha$$

$$\sin 2\beta$$

$$\sin 2\gamma$$

$$\sin \alpha$$

$$\sin \alpha = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\sin \alpha = -\frac{1}{2}$$

$$\sin(-\alpha)$$

$$\alpha = 2k\pi + \frac{\pi}{6}, \quad \alpha = 2k\pi + \frac{5\pi}{6}$$

$$\alpha = \frac{\pi}{6}, \quad \alpha = \frac{5\pi}{6}$$

$$\alpha = 2k\pi - \frac{\pi}{6}, \quad \alpha = 2k\pi + \frac{7\pi}{6}$$

$$\alpha = \frac{11\pi}{6}, \quad \alpha = \frac{7\pi}{6}$$

$$m\alpha = \frac{21\pi}{6} + \frac{\pi}{6} = \pi$$

$$\tan \alpha = \cot \alpha \Rightarrow \tan \alpha = \tan\left(\frac{\pi}{2} - \alpha\right) \Rightarrow \alpha = k\pi + \frac{\pi}{4} - \alpha$$

$$\tan \alpha = \frac{1}{\tan \alpha}$$

$$\alpha = \frac{\pi}{4}, \quad \alpha = \frac{5\pi}{4}$$

$$\alpha = \frac{9\pi}{4}, \frac{11\pi}{4}, \frac{13\pi}{4}, \frac{15\pi}{4} \Rightarrow \frac{9\pi}{4} + \frac{11\pi}{4} + \frac{13\pi}{4} + \frac{15\pi}{4} = \frac{58\pi}{4} = \frac{29\pi}{2}$$