

$$\cos \alpha - \sin \alpha = 1$$

$$\cos \alpha = \cos \alpha + 1$$

$$\cos \alpha = \frac{1}{\cos \alpha}$$

$$\cos \alpha = 1 \quad \sin \alpha = \frac{1}{\lambda}$$

$$\cos \alpha = \frac{1}{\lambda}$$

$$\sin \alpha + \cos \alpha = -1$$

$$\sin(1 - \cos \alpha) + \cos(\cos \alpha - \sin \alpha) + 1 = 0$$

$$\cos \alpha - \sin \alpha - \cos \alpha + \sin \alpha + 1 = 0$$

$$a + c = b + d$$

$$\cos \alpha - \sin \alpha - \cos \alpha + \sin \alpha + 1 = (\cos \alpha + 1) (1)$$

$$1 = \cos \alpha - \sin \alpha + 1$$

$$(\cos \alpha + 1)(\cos \alpha - \sin \alpha + 1) = 0 \rightarrow \cos \alpha = -1$$

$$\pi \leftarrow \text{جواب}$$

$$\sin \alpha \cos \alpha + \sin \alpha = 1$$

$$\sin \alpha (1 - \sin \alpha) + \sin \alpha = 1$$

$$\sin \alpha - \sin^2 \alpha = 1$$

$$\sin^2 \alpha = 1$$

$$\cos \alpha = \cos \pi + \frac{\pi}{4}$$

$$\cos \alpha = \cos \pi + \frac{\pi}{4}$$

$$\alpha = \frac{\pi}{4} + \frac{\pi}{4}$$

$$\frac{\pi}{4} + \frac{\pi}{4} + \frac{\pi}{4} = \frac{\pi}{4}$$

$$\frac{1}{\sin(\frac{\pi}{4} + \alpha)} + \frac{1}{\cos(\frac{\pi}{4} + \alpha)} = \frac{1}{\cos \alpha} + \frac{1}{-\sin \alpha} \Rightarrow \cos \alpha = \sin \alpha$$

$$\sin \alpha = \sin(\frac{\pi}{4} - \alpha) \rightarrow \alpha = \frac{\pi}{4} - \alpha$$

$$\alpha = \frac{\pi}{4}$$

$$m(\cos \alpha - \sin \alpha) - \sqrt{4} \sin \alpha = \sqrt{4}$$

$$\cos(\alpha + \frac{\pi}{4}) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{4}}$$

$$\cos(\alpha + \frac{\pi}{4}) = \frac{\sqrt{4}}{4}(\cos \alpha - \sin \alpha) = \frac{\sqrt{4}}{4}$$

$$\cos \alpha - \sin \alpha = \frac{\sqrt{4}}{4}$$

$$(\cos \alpha - \sin \alpha)^2 = 1 - \sin \alpha = (\frac{\sqrt{4}}{4})^2$$

$$\sin \alpha = \frac{1}{4}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{4}}{4} \alpha - \sqrt{4} \times \frac{1}{4} = \sqrt{4}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{4}}{4} \alpha - \sqrt{4} = \sqrt{4}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{4}}{4} \alpha = \sqrt{4} \quad (m=4)$$

$$\sin(\alpha + \frac{\pi}{4}) \cos(\frac{\pi}{4} - \alpha) = 1$$

$$\alpha + \frac{\pi}{4} + \frac{\pi}{4} - \alpha = \frac{\pi}{4}$$

$$\sin x + \sqrt{r} \cos x = \sqrt{r} \quad [-\pi, \pi]$$

$$\frac{1}{r} \sin x + \frac{\sqrt{r}}{r} \cos x = \frac{\sqrt{r}}{r} \quad \cos \theta_0 \sin x + \sin \theta_0 \cos x = \frac{\sqrt{r}}{r} \quad \sin(x + \theta_0) = \frac{\sqrt{r}}{r}$$

$$x + \frac{\pi}{4} \leq r k \pi + \frac{\pi}{4}$$

$$x \leq r k \pi - \frac{\pi}{4}$$

$$\frac{r k \pi}{4} - \frac{\pi}{4} + \frac{\pi}{4} \leq \frac{9\pi}{4}$$

$$x + \frac{\pi}{4} \leq r k \pi + \pi - \frac{\pi}{4}$$

$$x \leq r k \pi + \frac{3\pi}{4}$$

$$r \sin x \sin\left(\frac{r\pi}{4} - x\right) = 1 \quad -r \sin x \cos x = 1 \quad -r \sin x = 1$$

$$\sin x = -\frac{1}{r}$$

$$x = r k \pi - \frac{\pi}{4}$$

$$x = k \pi - \frac{\pi}{4}$$

Sol

$$x \leq r k \pi - \pi + \frac{\pi}{4}$$

$$x \leq k \pi - \frac{3\pi}{4}$$

$$(1 + \cos(rx))(1 + \cos(tx))(1 + \cos(\lambda x)) = \frac{1}{\lambda} \quad [0, \pi]$$

$$(1 + \cos^2 x)(1 + \cos^2 tx)(1 + \cos^2 \lambda x) = \frac{1}{\lambda} \quad (\cos^2 x)(\cos^2 tx)(\cos^2 \lambda x) = \frac{1}{4\lambda}$$

$$\cos x \cdot \cos tx \cdot \cos \lambda x = \frac{1}{\lambda} \quad \frac{x \sin x}{\sin x}$$

$$\frac{1 - \sin^2 x}{\lambda \sin x} = \frac{1}{\lambda}$$

$$\sin \lambda x = \sin x$$

$$\tan x \tan x = 1$$

$$\tan x = \cot x$$

$$\tan x = \tan\left(\frac{\pi}{4} - x\right)$$

$$x = k\pi + \frac{\pi}{4} - x$$

$$x = \frac{k\pi}{2} + \frac{\pi}{4}$$

$$\frac{9\pi}{4} + \frac{11\pi}{4} + \frac{15\pi}{4} + \frac{19\pi}{4} = \frac{r\lambda\pi}{\lambda} \quad (\leq 2\pi)$$