

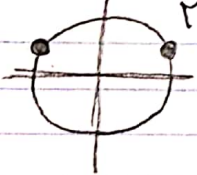
الف) $\cos 2x = 3 \sin x - 1$

(1)

$$1 - 2 \sin^2 x = 3 \sin x - 1 \rightarrow 2 \sin^2 x + 3 \sin x - 2 = 0$$

$$\sin x = \frac{-3 \pm \sqrt{9 + 16}}{4} = \begin{cases} \frac{-3 + 5}{4} = \frac{1}{2} \checkmark \\ \frac{-3 - 5}{4} = -2 \times \end{cases}$$

$$\sin x = \frac{1}{2} \rightarrow x = 2kn + \frac{\pi}{6}, 2kn + \frac{5\pi}{6}$$



ب) $\cos 2x + \cos x - 2 = 0$

$$2 \cos^2 x - 1 + \cos x - 2 = 0 \rightarrow 2 \cos^2 x + \cos x - 3 = 0 \quad a+b+c=0 \rightarrow$$

$$\cos x = 1 \rightarrow x = 2kn$$

$$\cos x = \frac{-1}{2} \times \rightarrow x = 2kn \pm \frac{2\pi}{3}$$

الف) $\sin^2 x - \cos^2 x = \sin 2x$

(2)

$$\sin^2 x - \cos^2 x = \sin 2x \rightarrow -\cos 2x = 2 \sin x \cos x \rightarrow$$

$$\cos 2x (\sin x + 1) = 0 \rightarrow \cos 2x = 0$$

$$\cos 2x = 0 \rightarrow 2x = 2kn \pm \frac{\pi}{2} \rightarrow x = kn \pm \frac{\pi}{4}$$

$$\sin 2x = -\frac{1}{2} \rightarrow 2x = 2kn - \frac{\pi}{6} \rightarrow x = kn - \frac{\pi}{12}$$

$$\sin -\frac{\pi}{6} \rightarrow 2x = 2kn + \frac{\pi}{6} \rightarrow x = kn + \frac{\pi}{12}$$

ب) $\gamma \cos^2 x + \gamma \sin x \cos x = 1$

$$\gamma \cos^2 x + \sin x \cos x = 0 \rightarrow \cos^2 x = -\sin x \cos x \rightarrow \cos^2 x = -\cos\left(\frac{\pi}{2} - x\right)$$

$$\cos^2 x = \cos\left(n\pi - \frac{\pi}{2} + x\right) \rightarrow \gamma x = \gamma kn + \frac{\pi}{\gamma} + \gamma x \times$$

$$\gamma x = \gamma kn - \frac{\pi}{\gamma} - \gamma x \rightarrow x = \frac{kn}{\gamma} - \frac{\pi}{\gamma}$$

الف) $\cot x (\gamma \cos x + 1) = \frac{1}{\sin x}$

$$\frac{\cos x (\gamma \cos x + 1) - 1}{\sin x} = 0 \rightarrow \frac{\gamma \cos^2 x + \cos x - 1}{\sin x} = 0 \rightarrow$$

$$\cos x = -\frac{1}{\gamma} \rightarrow x = \gamma kn \pm \pi \quad \sin x \neq 0 \rightarrow x \neq \gamma kn$$

$$\cos x = \frac{\gamma}{\gamma} \rightarrow x = \gamma kn + \frac{\pi}{\gamma} \quad \frac{\pi}{\gamma} \rightarrow x = \gamma kn, \gamma kn \pm \frac{\pi}{\gamma}$$

ب) $\gamma \sin^2 x - \sin x \cos x + \cos^2 x = \gamma$

$$\sin^2 x - \sin x \cos x - 1 = 0 \rightarrow -\cos^2 x - \sin x \cos x = 0 \rightarrow$$

$$-\cos x (\cos x + \sin x) = 0 \rightarrow \cos x = 0 \rightarrow x = \gamma kn \pm \frac{\pi}{\gamma}$$

$$\cos x + \sin x = 0 \rightarrow \sqrt{\gamma} \sin\left(x + \frac{\pi}{\gamma}\right) = 0 \rightarrow \sin\left(x + \frac{\pi}{\gamma}\right) = 0 \rightarrow$$

$$x + \frac{\pi}{\gamma} = \gamma kn \rightarrow x = \gamma kn - \frac{\pi}{\gamma}$$

$$x + \frac{\pi}{\gamma} = \gamma kn + \pi \rightarrow x = \gamma kn + \pi - \frac{\pi}{\gamma} = \gamma kn + \frac{\gamma\pi}{\gamma}$$

(۴)

الف) $\cos\left(\frac{n}{r} + x\right) \cos\left(x - \frac{n}{r}\right) = \frac{1}{r}$

$$\cos\left(x + \frac{n}{r}\right) \sin\left(x + \frac{n}{r}\right) = \frac{1}{r} \sin\left(2x + \frac{n}{r}\right) = \frac{1}{r}$$

$$\cos 2x = \frac{1}{r} \rightarrow \cos 2x = \cos \frac{n}{r} \rightarrow$$

$$2x = 2kn + \frac{n}{r} \rightarrow x = kn + \frac{n}{2r}$$

$$2x = 2kn - \frac{n}{r} \rightarrow x = kn - \frac{n}{2r}$$

ب) $\cos\left(2x - \frac{n}{r}\right) = -\sin 2x$

$$\sin\left(\frac{11n}{18} - 2x\right) = -\sin 2x \rightarrow \sin\left(2x - \frac{11n}{18}\right) = \sin 2x$$

$$2x - \frac{11n}{18} = 2kn + 2x \rightarrow \times$$

$$2x - \frac{11n}{18} = 2kn + n - 2x \rightarrow 4x = 2kn + \frac{19n}{18} \rightarrow x = \frac{kn}{2} + \frac{19n}{36}$$

$$\frac{y \sin 2x \cos 2x}{\sin 2x + \sin 2x} - \sin^2 x = \cos^2 x$$

$$\sin 2x$$

$$\frac{\sin 2x (y \cos 2x + 1)}{\sin 2x} = 1 \rightarrow y \cos 2x + 1 = 1 \rightarrow \cos 2x = 0$$

$$2x = 2kn \pm \frac{n}{2} \rightarrow x = kn \pm \frac{n}{4}$$

$$\sin 2x \neq 0 \rightarrow 2x \neq 2kn \rightarrow x \neq kn$$

$$x \neq 2kn + n \rightarrow x \neq kn + \frac{n}{2}$$

(۵)

(9)

$$\frac{\sin \frac{x}{p}}{1 + \cos \frac{x}{p}} = \frac{1}{\sin \frac{x}{p}} + \cot \frac{x}{p} \quad [-n, \frac{2n}{p}]$$

$$\frac{\sin \frac{x}{p}}{1 + \cos \frac{x}{p}} = \frac{1 - \cos^2 \frac{x}{p}}{\sin \frac{x}{p}} \Rightarrow \sin \frac{x}{p} = \cos^2 \frac{x}{p} + p \cos \frac{x}{p} + 1 \rightarrow$$

$$p \cos^2 \frac{x}{p} + p \cos \frac{x}{p} = 0 \rightarrow \cos \frac{x}{p} (\cos \frac{x}{p} + 1) = 0$$

$$\cos \frac{x}{p} = 0 \rightarrow \frac{x}{p} = pkn \pm \frac{\pi}{2} \rightarrow x = pkn \pm \frac{\pi}{2} \rightarrow \checkmark$$

$$\cos \frac{x}{p} + 1 = 0, \cos \frac{x}{p} + 1 \neq 0$$

k	0	1
x	n, \omega n, x	-n, \frac{2n}{p}, x

$$\sin \frac{x}{p} \neq 0 \Rightarrow \frac{x}{p} \neq pkn \rightarrow x \neq pkn$$

$$\frac{x}{p} \neq pkn + \pi \rightarrow x \neq pkn + \pi$$

تدقيق = |n+n| = 2n

(10)

$$\cos^2 x - \sin^2 x \cos^2 x = x \quad [0, 2\pi]$$

$$-\sin^2 x (1 + \cos^2 x) = 0 \rightarrow \sin^2 x = 0 \rightarrow x = pkn, x = pkn + \pi$$

$$1 + \cos^2 x = 0 \rightarrow \cos^2 x = -1 \rightarrow x = pkn \pm \frac{\pi}{2} \rightarrow x = \frac{pkn}{p} \pm \frac{\pi}{p}$$

k	0	1	2
x	0, \frac{n}{p}, \frac{2n}{p}	\frac{p\pi}{2}, \frac{3n}{p}, \frac{5n}{p}	\pi, \frac{4n}{p}, \frac{6n}{p}

$x \in \{0, \pi, \frac{n}{p}, \frac{2n}{p}, \frac{3n}{p}, \frac{4n}{p}, \frac{5n}{p}, \frac{6n}{p}\}$

$$\frac{1 - \tan x}{1 + \tan x} = \tan^2 x$$

①

$$\tan\left(\frac{n}{2} - x\right) = \frac{\tan \frac{n}{2} - \tan x}{1 + \tan \frac{n}{2} \tan x} = \frac{1 - \tan x}{1 + \tan x}$$

$$\tan\left(\frac{n}{2} - x\right) = \tan^2 x \rightarrow \frac{n}{2} - x = kn + \frac{\pi}{2} \rightarrow x = -kn + \frac{n}{2} \rightarrow x = \frac{-kn}{2} + \frac{n}{4}$$

$$\sqrt{1 + \sin 2x} = \sqrt{2} \cos x \quad [0, \pi]$$

②

$$\sqrt{(\sin x + \cos x)^2} = \sqrt{2} \cos x \rightarrow \sin x + \cos x = \sqrt{2} \cos x$$

$$\sqrt{\sin\left(x + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)} = \sqrt{\cos 2x} \rightarrow$$

$$\cos\left(\frac{n}{2} - x\right) = \cos 2x \rightarrow \frac{n}{2} - x = 2kn + 2x \rightarrow$$

$$\frac{n}{2} - x = 2kn + 2x \rightarrow 3x = \frac{n}{2} - 2kn \rightarrow x = \frac{n}{6} - \frac{2kn}{3}$$

$$\frac{n}{2} - x = 2kn - 2x \rightarrow x = 2kn - \frac{n}{2}$$

k	0	1
x	$\frac{n}{6}$	$-\frac{5n}{6}$
	$-\frac{n}{2}$	$\frac{5n}{6}$

→ جواب

الف) $\sin^2 x - \cos^2 x = 1 \rightarrow \sin^2 x - \cos^2 x = 1 \rightarrow -\cos^2 x = 1 \rightarrow \cos^2 x = -1$

$2x = 2kn + \pi \rightarrow x = kn + \frac{\pi}{2}$

k	0	1	2
x	$\frac{\pi}{2}$	$\frac{3\pi}{2}$	$\frac{5\pi}{2}$
	$-\frac{\pi}{2}$	$-\frac{3\pi}{2}$	$-\frac{5\pi}{2}$

$x \in \left\{ \frac{\pi}{2}, \frac{3\pi}{2} \right\}$

ب) $\sin^2 x - \cos^2 x = -1$

$x \in \left\{ 0, \pi \right\}$

