

(ا) جواب دو معادله

$$\text{الف) } \cos^2 x = r \sin x - 1$$

$$1 - r \sin^2 x = r \sin x - 1$$

$$r \sin^2 x + r \sin x - r = 0$$

$$\Delta = 9 - 4(r)(-r) = 4r$$

$$\sin x = \frac{-r \pm \sqrt{4r}}{r} = \frac{-1 \pm \sqrt{4}}{1} = \frac{-1 \pm 2}{1}$$

$$\sin x = \sin \frac{\pi}{4}$$

$$x = 2k\pi + \frac{\pi}{4}$$

$$x = 2k\pi + \pi - \frac{\pi}{4} = 2k\pi + \frac{3\pi}{4}$$

$$\text{ب) } \cos^2 x + \cos x - r = 0$$

$$r \cos^2 x - 1 + \cos x - r = r \cos^2 x + \cos x - r = 0$$

$$\Delta = 4r$$

$$\cos x = \frac{-1 \pm \sqrt{4r}}{r} = \frac{-1 \pm 2}{r}$$

$$x = 2k\pi$$

(r)

$$\text{الف) } \sin^2 x - \cos^2 x = \sin^2 x$$

$$(\sin^2 x - \cos^2 x)(\sin^2 x + \cos^2 x) = \sin^2 x$$

$$\cos^2 x = 0 \Rightarrow \cos x = 0$$

$$-\cos^2 x = r \sin^2 x \cos^2 x$$

$$r x = k\pi + \frac{\pi}{2} \Rightarrow x = \frac{k\pi}{r} + \frac{\pi}{2r}$$

$$\sin^2 x = -\frac{1}{r} \quad r x = 2k\pi + \frac{\pi}{2} \Rightarrow x = 2k\pi + \frac{\pi}{2r}$$

$$r x = 2k\pi - \frac{\pi}{2} \Rightarrow x = \frac{2k\pi}{r} - \frac{\pi}{2r}$$

$$\text{ب) } r \cos^2 x + r \sin x \cos x = r \sin^2 x + \cos^2 x \quad \cos \left(\frac{\pi}{r} + k\pi \right)$$

$$\cos^2 x - \sin^2 x = -\sin^2 x \rightarrow \cos^2 x = -\sin^2 x$$

$$r x = 2k\pi + \frac{\pi}{2} + k\pi$$

$$r x = 2k\pi - \frac{\pi}{2} - k\pi \rightarrow k\pi = 2k\pi - \frac{\pi}{2} \rightarrow x = \frac{k\pi}{r} - \frac{\pi}{2r}$$

$$\text{الف) } \frac{\cos x}{\sin x} (r \cos x + 1) = \frac{1}{\sin x}$$

$$\sin x \neq 0$$

$$\cos x = 0 \quad x = k\pi + \frac{\pi}{2}$$

$$\cos x = -\frac{1}{r} \quad x = 2k\pi \pm \frac{\pi}{r}$$

$$\text{ب) } r \sin^2 x - \sin x \cos x + \cos^2 x = r \quad \div \sin^2 x \rightarrow r - \cot x + \cot^2 x = r(1 + \cot^2 x)$$

$$r - \cot x + \cot^2 x = r + r \cot^2 x \Rightarrow \cot^2 x + \cot x = 0$$

$$\cot x = 0 \quad k\pi + \frac{\pi}{2} = x$$

$$\cot x = -1 \quad k\pi - \frac{\pi}{4} = x$$

$$\text{الف)} \cos\left(\frac{n}{F} + \pi\right) \cos\left(n - \frac{n}{F}\right) = \frac{1}{F}$$

$$\frac{n}{F} + \pi - n + \frac{n}{F} = \frac{n}{F}$$

(f)

$$\cos\left(\frac{n}{F} + \pi\right) \sin\left(\frac{n}{F} + \pi\right) = \frac{1}{F}$$

$$\frac{1}{F} \sin\left(\frac{n}{F} + \pi\right) = \frac{1}{F} \quad \sin\left(\frac{n}{F} + \pi\right) = \frac{1}{F} \Rightarrow \cos \pi n = \frac{1}{F}$$

$$\pi n = 2K\pi \pm \frac{\pi}{F} \rightarrow n = K\pi \pm \frac{\pi}{F}$$

$$\text{ب)} \cos\left(\pi n - \frac{n}{F}\right) = -\sin \pi n \quad \cos\left(\frac{n}{F} + \pi n\right)$$

$$\pi n - \frac{n}{F} = 2K\pi + \frac{\pi}{F} + \pi n$$

$$\pi n - \frac{n}{F} = 2K\pi - \frac{\pi}{F} - \pi n \rightarrow F n = 2K\pi - \frac{\pi}{F} \rightarrow n = \frac{K\pi}{F} - \frac{\pi}{F}$$

$$\frac{\sin F n + \sin \pi n}{\sin \pi n} - \sin^2 n = \cos^2 n$$

(د) مجموعه جواب معادلات مثلثی

$$\frac{\sin F n + \sin \pi n}{\sin \pi n} = \sin^2 n + \cos^2 n$$

$$\sin \pi n \neq 0$$

$$\sin \pi n = 0$$

$$\pi n = K\pi \quad n = \frac{K\pi}{F}$$



$$\sin \pi n = \sin F n + \sin \pi n$$

$$\sin F n = 0$$

$$F n = K\pi \quad n = \frac{K\pi}{F}$$



$$n = \frac{K\pi}{F} \pm \frac{\pi}{F}$$

$$\text{ج} \left[-n, \frac{\pi n}{F}\right] \quad \text{داریم} \quad \frac{\sin \frac{n}{F}}{1 + \cos \frac{n}{F}} = \frac{1}{\sin \frac{n}{F}} + \cot \frac{n}{F}$$

(ه) سدهمطلق تفاضل جواب های

$$\frac{\sin \frac{n}{F}}{1 + \cos \frac{n}{F}} = 1 + \cos \frac{n}{F} + \cos \frac{n}{F}$$

$$2 \cos \frac{n}{F} + \cos \frac{n}{F} = 0 \rightarrow 2 \cos \frac{n}{F} (\cos \frac{n}{F} + 1) = 0$$

$$\cos \frac{n}{F} = 0 \quad \frac{n}{F} = K\pi + \frac{\pi}{F}$$

$$\left| \frac{\pi n}{F} - (-n) \right| = \frac{\pi n}{F}$$

$$\cos \frac{n}{F} = -1 \quad \frac{n}{F} = 2K\pi + \pi$$

$$n = 2K\pi + \pi$$

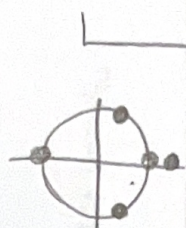
باید $[0, 2\pi]$ داشته باشیم $\cos^2 x - \sin^2 x \cos^2 x = 1$

(۷) رفتار جواب های

$$1 - \sin^2 x - \sin^2 x \cos^2 x = 1$$

$$\sin^2 x (1 + \cos^2 x) = 0 \rightarrow \sin^2 x = 0 \quad x = k\pi \quad x = 0, \pi, 2\pi$$

k	0	1	2	3
x	0	π	2π	3π



$$\frac{1 - \tan^2 x}{1 + \tan^2 x} = \tan^2 x$$

جواب

$$x = 2k\pi + \pi$$

$$\cos^2 x = -1$$

$$x = \frac{2k\pi}{3} + \frac{\pi}{3}$$

(۸) جواب های معادله مثلثاتی

$$\tan\left(\frac{\pi}{6} - x\right) = \tan^2 x$$

$$x = k\pi + \frac{\pi}{6} - x$$

$$x = k\pi + \frac{\pi}{12}$$

$$x = \frac{k\pi}{2} + \frac{\pi}{12}$$

[0, 2\pi] چند جواب دارد؟

(۹) معادله مثلثاتی $\sqrt{1 + \sin^2 x} = \sqrt{2} \cos^2 x$ (مبارزه)

$$\sqrt{1 + \sin^2 x} = \sqrt{2} \cos^2 x$$

$$\cos^2 x \geq 0$$

$$\sin^2 x = 2 \cos^2 x - 1$$

$$\sin^2 x = \cos^2 x = \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{4} + x\right)$$

$$x = 2k\pi + \frac{\pi}{4} + x$$

$$x = 2k\pi - \frac{\pi}{4} - x$$

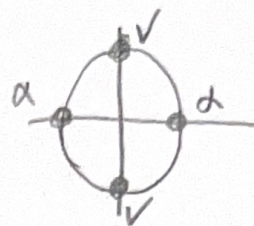
$$x = 2k\pi - \frac{\pi}{4}$$

$$x = \frac{k\pi}{2} - \frac{\pi}{4}$$

۵) جواب های معادلات مشتقاتی زیر را در بازه $[0, 2\pi]$ به دست آورید.

الف) $\sin^4 x - \cos^4 x = 1$

$$\frac{\pi}{2}, \frac{3\pi}{2}$$



ب) $\sin^4 x - \cos^4 x = -1$

$$0, \frac{\pi}{2}$$

