

(ا) جواب کے معادلات

الف) $\cos^2 x = r \sin x - 1$

$1 - r \sin^2 x = r \sin x - 1$

$r \sin^2 x + r \sin x - r = 0$

$\Delta = 9 - 4(r)(-r) = 4r$

$\sin x = \frac{-r \pm \omega}{r} = \frac{1}{r} \frac{r}{\omega} = \frac{r}{\omega}$

$\sin x = \sin \frac{\pi}{4}$

$x = 2k\pi + \frac{\pi}{4}$

$x = 2k\pi + \pi - \frac{\pi}{4} = 2k\pi + \frac{3\pi}{4}$

ب) $\cos^2 x + \cos x - r = 0$

$r \cos^2 x - 1 + \cos x - r = r \cos^2 x + \cos x - r = 0$

$\cos x = \frac{-1 \pm \omega}{r} = \frac{-1}{r}$

$x = 2k\pi$

الف) $\sin^2 x - \cos^2 x = \sin x$

$(\sin^2 x - \cos^2 x)(\sin^2 x + \cos^2 x) = \sin x$
 $-\cos^2 x = r \sin^2 x \cos^2 x$

$\cos^2 x = 0$

$r x = k\pi + \frac{\pi}{2} \Rightarrow x = \frac{k\pi}{r} + \frac{\pi}{2}$

$\sin^2 x = -\frac{1}{r} \quad r x = 2k\pi + \frac{\pi}{2} \Rightarrow x = 2k\pi + \frac{\pi}{2}$

$r x = 2k\pi - \frac{\pi}{2} \Rightarrow x = \frac{2k\pi - \pi}{r}$

ب) $r \cos^2 x + r \sin x \cos x = r \sin^2 x + \cos x$

$\cos^2 x - \sin^2 x = -\sin x \rightarrow \cos^2 x = -\sin x$

$r x = 2k\pi + \frac{\pi}{2} + r x$

$r x = 2k\pi - \frac{\pi}{2} - r x \rightarrow r x = 2k\pi - \frac{\pi}{2} \rightarrow x = \frac{2k\pi - \pi}{r}$

الف) $\frac{\cos x}{\sin x} (r \cos x + 1) = \frac{1}{\sin x}$

$\sin x \neq 0$

$\cos x = 0 \quad x = k\pi + \frac{\pi}{2}$

$\cos x = -\frac{1}{r} \quad x = 2k\pi \pm \frac{\pi}{r}$

ب) $r \sin^2 x - \sin x \cos x + \cos^2 x = r \div \sin^2 x \rightarrow r - \cot x + \cot^2 x = r(1 + \cot^2 x)$

$r - \cot x + \cot^2 x = r + r \cot^2 x \Rightarrow \cot^2 x + \cot x = 0$

$\cot x = 0 \quad k\pi + \frac{\pi}{2} = x$

$\cot x = -1 \quad k\pi - \frac{\pi}{4} = x$

$$\text{الف)} \cos\left(\frac{n}{F} + n\right) \cos\left(n - \frac{n}{F}\right) = \frac{1}{F}$$

$$\frac{n}{F} + n - n + \frac{n}{F} = \frac{n}{F}$$

(f)

$$\cos\left(\frac{n}{F} + n\right) \sin\left(\frac{n}{F} + n\right) = \frac{1}{F}$$

$$\frac{1}{F} \sin\left(\frac{n}{F} + n\right) = \frac{1}{F} \quad \checkmark \quad \sin\left(\frac{n}{F} + n\right) = \frac{1}{F} \Rightarrow \cos n = \frac{1}{F}$$

$$n = 2K\pi \pm \frac{\pi}{F} \rightarrow n = K\pi \pm \frac{\pi}{F}$$

✓

د

$$\text{ب)} \cos\left(n - \frac{n}{F}\right) = -\sin n \quad \cos\left(\frac{n}{F} + n\right)$$

$$n - \frac{n}{F} = 2K\pi + \frac{n}{F} + n$$

$$n - \frac{n}{F} = 2K\pi - \frac{n}{F} - n \rightarrow F n = 2K\pi - \frac{2n}{F} \rightarrow n = \frac{K\pi}{F} - \frac{2n}{F}$$

✓

$$\frac{\sin F n + \sin n}{\sin n} - \sin^2 n = \cos^2 n \quad \text{مجموع جواب معادلات مثلثاتی}$$

$$\frac{\sin F n + \sin n}{\sin n} = \sin^2 n + \cos^2 n$$

$$\sin n = \sin F n + \sin n$$

$$\sin F n = 0$$

$$F n = K\pi \quad n = \frac{K\pi}{F}$$

$$\sin 2n \neq 0$$

$$\sin 2n = 0$$

$$2n = K\pi \quad n = \frac{K\pi}{2}$$



$$1. \left[-n, \frac{n}{F}\right]$$

$$\text{دوره} \quad \frac{\sin \frac{n}{F}}{1 + \cos \frac{n}{F}} = \frac{1}{\sin \frac{n}{F}} + \cot \frac{n}{F}$$



$$n = \frac{K\pi}{F} \pm \frac{\pi}{F}$$

(f) درمطلق تفاضل جواب های

$$\frac{\sin \frac{n}{F}}{1 + \cos \frac{n}{F}} = 1 + \cos \frac{n}{F} + \cos \frac{n}{F}$$

(1, 0)

$$2 \cos \frac{n}{F} + 2 \cos \frac{n}{F} = 0 \rightarrow 2 \cos \frac{n}{F} (\cos \frac{n}{F} + 1) = 0$$

$$\cos \frac{n}{F} = 0 \quad \frac{n}{F} = K\pi + \frac{\pi}{2}$$

$$\left| \frac{n}{F} - (-n) \right| = \frac{2n}{F}$$

$$\cos \frac{n}{F} = -1 \quad \frac{n}{F} = 2K\pi + \pi \quad n = 2K\pi + \pi$$

باید $[0, 2\pi]$ داشته باشیم $\cos^2 x - \sin^2 x \cos^2 x = 1$

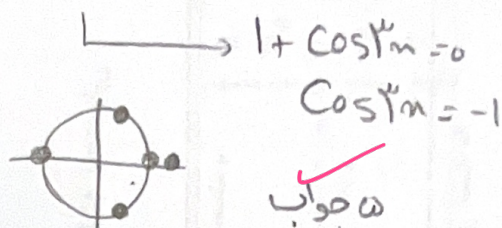
(۷) تعداد جواب‌های

$$1 - \sin^2 x - \sin^2 x \cos^2 x = 1$$

$$\sin^2 x (1 + \cos^2 x) = 0 \rightarrow \sin^2 x = 0$$

$x = k\pi$ $x = 0, \pi, 2\pi$

k	0	1	2	3
x	0	π	2π	3π



$$\frac{1 - \tan^2 x}{1 + \tan^2 x} = \tan^2 x$$

$x = 2k\pi + \pi$
 $x = \frac{2k\pi}{3} + \frac{\pi}{3}$

(۸) جواب‌های معادله مشتقاتی

$$\tan\left(\frac{\pi}{6} - x\right) = \tan^2 x$$

$$x = k\pi + \frac{\pi}{6} - x$$

$$x = k\pi + \frac{\pi}{12}$$

$$x = \frac{k\pi}{2} + \frac{\pi}{12}$$

$[0, 2\pi]$ چند جواب دارد؟

(۹) معادله مشتقاتی $\sqrt{1 + \sin^2 x} = \sqrt{2} \cos^2 x$ (مبارزه)

توان $\rightarrow 1 + \sin^2 x = 2 \cos^2 x$

$$\sin^2 x = 2 \cos^2 x - 1$$

$$\sin^2 x = \cos^2 x = \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{4} + x\right)$$

$$x = 2k\pi + \frac{\pi}{4} + x$$

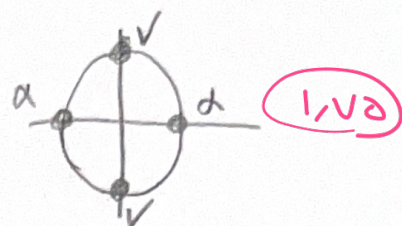
$$x = 2k\pi - \frac{\pi}{4} - x$$

$$x = 2k\pi - \frac{\pi}{4}$$

$$x = \frac{k\pi}{2} - \frac{\pi}{4}$$

تعداد جواب‌ها؟

۶) جواب های معادلات مشتقاتی زیر را در باره $[0, 2\pi]$ به دست آورید.

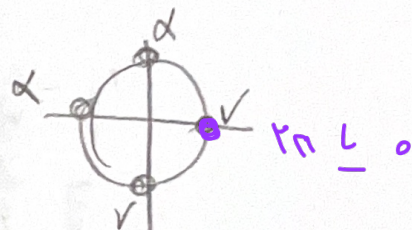


الف) $\sin^4 x - \cos^4 x = 1$

$\frac{\pi}{2}, \frac{3\pi}{2}$ ✓

ب) $\sin^4 x - \cos^4 x = -1$

$0, \frac{\pi}{2}$ ارفاق



$\sqrt{1 + \sin 2x} = \sqrt{2} \cos x \xrightarrow{\text{توان ۲}} 1 + \sin 2x = 2 \cos^2 x$ سوال ۹

$1 + \sin 2x = 2 - 2 \sin^2 x \rightarrow 2 \sin^2 x + \sin 2x - 1 = 0 \rightarrow \sin 2x = -1$

$\sin 2x = -1 \rightarrow 2x \in 2k\pi - \frac{\pi}{2} \xrightarrow[0 \leq x \leq \pi]{k \in \mathbb{Z}} x = \frac{3\pi}{4}$ $\sin 2x = \frac{1}{2}$

$\sin 2x = \frac{1}{2} \rightarrow 2x \in k\pi + \frac{\pi}{6} \cup 2k\pi + \frac{5\pi}{6} \xrightarrow[0 \leq x \leq \pi]{k \in \mathbb{Z}} x = \frac{\pi}{12} \cup \frac{5\pi}{12}$

چون عبارت به توان ۲ رسیده است جواب زاویه تولید می کنند
به ازای $\cos 2x = \frac{5\pi}{12}$ منظم می شود به این جواب را بیاید است نمودار است

* معادله ۲ جواب دارد

$$\frac{\sin \frac{\pi}{r}}{1 + \cos \frac{\pi}{r}} = \tan \frac{\pi}{2r}$$

$$\frac{1}{\sin \frac{\pi}{r}} + \cot \frac{\pi}{r} = \frac{1 + \cos \frac{\pi}{r}}{\sin \frac{\pi}{r}} = \frac{1}{\tan \frac{\pi}{2r}} = \cot \frac{\pi}{2r}$$

$$\tan \frac{\pi}{2r} = \cot \frac{\pi}{2r} \rightarrow \tan \frac{\pi}{2r} = \tan \left(\frac{\pi}{r} - \frac{\pi}{2r} \right)$$

$$\frac{\pi}{2r} = K\pi + \frac{\pi}{r} - \frac{\pi}{2r} \rightarrow \frac{\pi}{r} = K\pi + \frac{\pi}{r} \rightarrow n = 2K\pi + \pi$$

جواباً $\rightarrow K=0 \rightarrow n=\pi$

$\rightarrow K=-1 \rightarrow n=-\pi$

$\rightarrow$ افتاد $= | \pi - (-\pi) | = 2\pi$