

الف) $\cos 2x = 2\sin x - 1$

$\cos^2 x - \sin^2 x = 2\sin x - 1 \rightarrow 1 - \sin^2 x - \sin^2 x = 2\sin x - 1$
 $\cos^2 x = 1 - \sin^2 x$

$2\sin^2 x + 2\sin x - 2 = 0$

$\Delta = 4 - 4(-2)(2) = 20$

$\sin x = \frac{1}{2} \rightarrow x = \begin{cases} 2k\pi + \frac{\pi}{6} \\ 2k\pi + \pi - \frac{\pi}{6} \end{cases}$
 $\sin x = \frac{-2 \pm \sqrt{20}}{4} \rightarrow \begin{cases} -\frac{1}{2} \times \text{خود} \\ \frac{1}{2} \checkmark \text{خود} \end{cases}$
جواب

ب) $\cos 2x + \cos x - 2 = 0 \rightarrow \cos^2 x - \sin^2 x + \cos x - 2 = 0$
 $\cos^2 x - (1 - \cos^2 x) + \cos x - 2 = 0$

$2\cos^2 x + \cos x - 2 = 0$

$\Delta = 1 - 4(-2)(2) = 20$

$\cos x = \frac{-1 \pm \sqrt{20}}{4} \rightarrow \begin{cases} \frac{1}{2} \times \text{خود} \\ 1 \checkmark \text{خود} \end{cases}$

$\cos x = 1 \rightarrow x = 2k\pi$
جواب

الف) $\sin^2 x - \cos^2 x = \sin 2x$

$(\sin^2 x - \cos^2 x)(\sin^2 x + \cos^2 x) = \sin 2x \rightarrow -\cos 2x = 2\sin x \cos x$

$2\sin x \cos x + \cos 2x = 0$

$\cos 2x (2\sin x + 1) = 0$

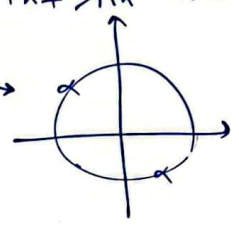
$\rightarrow \cos 2x = 0 \rightarrow 2x = k\pi + \frac{\pi}{2} \rightarrow x = \frac{k\pi}{2} + \frac{\pi}{4}$
جواب

$\rightarrow 2\sin x + 1 = 0 \rightarrow \sin x = -\frac{1}{2} \rightarrow x = \begin{cases} 2k\pi - \frac{\pi}{6} \\ 2k\pi - \frac{5\pi}{6} \end{cases} \rightarrow x = \begin{cases} k\pi - \frac{\pi}{12} \\ k\pi - \frac{5\pi}{12} \end{cases}$
جواب

ب) $2\cos^2 x + 2\sin x \cos x = 1$

$\underbrace{2\cos^2 x - 1}_{\cos 2x} + \underbrace{2\sin x \cos x}_{\sin 2x} = 0 \rightarrow \cos 2x + \sin 2x = 0 \rightarrow 2x = k\pi - \frac{\pi}{4}$

$\downarrow$
 $\cos^2 x - 1 + \cos^2 x = \cos^2 x - \sin^2 x = \cos 2x$
 $-\sin^2 x$



$x = \frac{k\pi}{2} - \frac{\pi}{8}$
جواب

$$b) \cos\left(r_n - \frac{n}{r}\right) = -\lim r_n - \lim r_n \cos\left(\frac{n}{r} + r_n\right)$$

نکته: $\cos(-x) = \cos(x)$

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$$\cos\left(r_n - \frac{n}{r}\right) = \cos\left(r_n + \frac{n}{r}\right)$$

$$r_n - \frac{n}{r} = r_k n \pm \left(r_n + \frac{n}{r}\right) \rightarrow r_n - \frac{n}{r} = r_k n + r_n + \frac{n}{r} \rightarrow \text{جواب ندارد}$$

$$\hookrightarrow r_n - \frac{n}{r} = r_k n - r_n - \frac{n}{r}$$

$$r_n = r_k n - \frac{n}{r} \rightarrow n = \frac{r_k n}{r} - \frac{n}{r}$$

جواب

$$\frac{\lim r_n + \lim r_n}{\lim r_n} = \lim r_n = \cos r_n$$

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$$\frac{\lim r_n + \lim r_n}{\lim r_n} = \frac{\cos r_n + \lim r_n}{1} \rightarrow \frac{\lim r_n}{\lim r_n} = 0 \quad \lim r_n \neq 0$$

$$\lim r_n = 0 \rightarrow r_n = k n$$

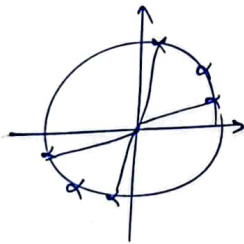
$$n = \frac{k n}{r} \quad \text{جواب}$$

$$\frac{\lim \frac{n}{r}}{1 + \cos \frac{n}{r}} = \frac{1}{\lim \frac{n}{r}} + \cot \frac{n}{r} \rightsquigarrow \frac{1}{\lim \frac{n}{r}} + \cot \frac{n}{r} = \frac{1 + \cos \frac{n}{r}}{\lim \frac{n}{r}}$$

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$$\frac{\lim \frac{n}{r}}{1 + \cos \frac{n}{r}} = \tan \frac{n}{r} \quad \frac{1 + \cos \frac{n}{r}}{\lim \frac{n}{r}} = \frac{1}{\tan \frac{n}{r}} = \cot \frac{n}{r}$$

$$\rightarrow \tan \frac{n}{r} = \cot \frac{n}{r} \rightarrow$$



$$\frac{n}{r} = k n + \frac{n}{r}$$

$$n = r k n + n$$

$$\text{قد مطلق منفی} \rightarrow |-r_n - (-n)| = n \quad \text{جواب}$$

جواب دارد

$$\rightarrow n = -n, -r_n$$

$$[-n, \frac{r_n}{r}] \quad k = -1$$

$$\frac{n}{r} = \frac{k n}{r} + \frac{n}{r}$$

$$n = r k n + n$$

$$\cos^r n - \sin^r n \cos r_n = 1$$

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$$-\sin^r n \cos r_n = 1 - \cos^r n \rightarrow -\sin^r n \cos r_n = \sin^r n$$

$$\sin^r n + \sin^r n \cos r_n = 0 \rightarrow \sin^r n (1 + \cos r_n) = 0$$

$$\sin^r n = 0 \rightarrow n = k\pi$$

$$\cos^r n + 1 = 0 \rightarrow \cos r_n = -1 \rightarrow r_n = 2k\pi + \pi \rightarrow n = \frac{2k\pi}{r} + \frac{\pi}{r}$$

تعداد جواب ها $\rightarrow$ $\{0, \pi, 2\pi, \frac{\pi}{r}, \frac{2\pi}{r}\} \rightarrow$ $\frac{5}{2}$

$[0, 2\pi]$

$$\sqrt{1 + \sin^r n} = \sqrt{r} \cos r_n$$

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$$1 + \sin^r n = r \cos^r r_n$$

$$\sin^r n = r \cos^r r_n - 1 \rightarrow \sin^r n = \underbrace{\cos^r r_n - 1}_{-\sin^r r_n} - \cos^r r_n$$

$$\sin^r n = -(\sin^r r_n + \cos^r r_n) \rightarrow \sin^r n = -1$$

$$r_n = 2k\pi + \frac{3\pi}{r} \rightarrow n = k\pi + \frac{3\pi}{r}$$

جواب ها $\rightarrow$ $\frac{3\pi}{r}$ جواب

$[0, \pi]$

$$\sin^r n - \cos^r n = 1 \rightarrow (\underbrace{\sin^r n - \cos^r n}_{-\cos^r r_n}) (\underbrace{\sin^r n + \cos^r r_n}_1) = 1$$

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$$\cos r_n = -1$$

$$r_n = 2k\pi + \pi \rightarrow n = k\pi + \frac{\pi}{r} \rightarrow$$

جواب $\rightarrow \frac{\pi}{r}, \frac{3\pi}{r}$

در بازه $[0, 2\pi]$

ب) $\sin^r n + \cos^r n = -1$

$$n = \frac{3\pi}{r} \rightarrow n = 2k\pi - \frac{\pi}{r}$$

$$n = 0 \rightarrow n = 2k\pi$$

جواب $\rightarrow 0, 2\pi, \frac{3\pi}{r}$

