

آیدانامی
دوازدهم هجری
تلف ۱۴

$$\cos^2 x = y \sin x - 1$$

$$1 - y \sin^2 x - y \sin x + 1 = 0$$

$$-y \sin^2 x - y \sin x + 2 = 0$$

$$9 - 4(-y)(y) = 20$$

$$\frac{y+d}{-y} = \frac{y-0}{-y} = \left(\frac{1}{y}\right)$$

$$\sin = \frac{1}{y} \quad yk\pi + \frac{\pi}{4} \quad yk\pi + \pi - \frac{\pi}{4}$$



1

$$\cos^2 x + \cos x - y = 0$$

$$y \cos^2 x - 1 + \cos x - y = 0$$

$$y \sin^2 x + \sin x - y = 0$$

$$\frac{-1+d}{y} = \frac{-1-0}{y} = -\frac{1}{y}$$

$$\frac{-1-d}{y} = -\frac{1}{y}$$

$$\cos = 1$$



$$x = yk\pi$$

$$\sin^2 x - \cos^2 x = \sin^2 x$$

$$(\sin^2 x + \cos^2 x)(\sin^2 x - \cos^2 x)$$

$$-\cos^2 x = \sin^2 x$$

$$-\cos^2 x = y \sin^2 x \cos^2 x$$

$$\cos^2 x = 0$$

$$y \sin^2 x = -1$$

$$\sin^2 x = -\frac{1}{y}$$

$$x = k\pi + \frac{\pi}{2}$$

$$n = \frac{ky}{2} + \frac{\pi}{2}$$



$$n = k\pi - \frac{\pi}{4}$$

$$x = yk\pi - \frac{\pi}{4}$$

$$x = yk\pi + \pi + \frac{\pi}{4}$$

$$n = k\pi + \frac{y\pi}{4}$$

2

$$y \cos^2 x + y \sin^2 x = 1$$

$$y \cos^2 x - 1 + y \sin^2 x$$

$$\cos^2 x + \sin^2 x = 0$$

$$\cos^2 x = \sin(-x)$$

$$\sin\left(\frac{\pi}{y} - x\right) = \sin(-x)$$

$$-x = yk\pi + \frac{\pi}{y} - x$$

$$-x = yk\pi + \frac{\pi}{y} - x$$

$$-x = yk\pi + \frac{\pi}{y}$$

$$n = -\frac{ky}{2} - \frac{\pi}{y}$$

3

$$\cot(y \cos x + 1) = \frac{1}{\sin x}$$

$$\frac{\cos}{\sin} \times \sin x (y \cos x + 1) = 1$$

$$y \cos^2 x + \cos x - 1 = 0$$

$$y \sin^2 x + \sin x - 1 = 0$$

$$1 - f(y)(-1) = 9$$

$$\frac{-1+y}{y} = \frac{-1-0}{y} = \left(\frac{1}{y}\right)$$

$$x = yk\pi + \pi \quad \sin \neq 0$$

$$x = yk\pi + \frac{\pi}{y}$$

$$n = yk\pi - \frac{\pi}{y}$$

4

$$y \sin^2 x - \sin^2 x + \cos^2 x = y$$

$$\sin^2 x - \sin^2 x = 1$$

$$-\sin^2 x = \cos^2 x$$

$$-\sin^2 x - \cos^2 x$$

$$\cos(-\sin - \cos) = n$$

$$\cos = n$$

$$\sin = -\cos$$



$$k\pi - \frac{\pi}{4}$$

$$\cos\left(\frac{\pi}{r} + x\right) \cos\left(x - \frac{\pi}{r}\right) = \frac{1}{r}$$

$$\cos\left(\frac{\pi}{r} + x\right) \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{r} - x\right) = \frac{1}{r}$$

$$\sin\left(\frac{\pi}{r} + x\right)$$

$$\frac{1}{r} \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{r} + rx\right) = \frac{1}{r}$$

$$\sin\left(\frac{\pi}{r} + rx\right) = \frac{1}{r}$$

$$\frac{\pi}{r} + rx = rk\pi + \frac{\pi}{r}$$

$$\frac{\pi}{r} + rx = rk\pi + \frac{\pi}{r}$$

$$rx = rk\pi - \frac{\pi}{r}$$

$$rx = rk\pi + \frac{\pi}{r}$$

$$x = rk\pi + \frac{\pi}{r}$$

$$\cos\left(rx - \frac{\pi}{r}\right) = -\sin rx$$

$$\sin(-rx)$$

$$\cos\left(\frac{\pi}{r} + rx\right)$$

$$rx - \frac{\pi}{r} = rk\pi + \frac{\pi}{r} + rx$$

$$rx - \frac{\pi}{r} = rk\pi - \frac{\pi}{r} - rx$$

$$rx = rk\pi - \frac{\pi}{r}$$

$$rx = rk\pi$$

$$x = \frac{rk\pi}{r} - \frac{\pi}{r^2}$$

$$\frac{\sin rx + \sin rx}{\sin rx} = \sin rx = \cos rx$$

$$\frac{\sin rx + \sin rx}{\sin rx} = 1$$

$$\sin rx + \sin rx = \sin rx$$

$$\sin rx = 0$$

$$rx = k\pi$$

$$x = \frac{k\pi}{r}$$

* به ازای بعضی مقادیر کاه مقادیر صفر می شود

$$\frac{\sin \frac{x}{r}}{1 + \cos \frac{x}{r}} = \frac{1}{\sin \frac{x}{r}} + \cot \frac{x}{r}$$

$$\frac{1 + \cos \frac{x}{r}}{\sin \frac{x}{r}} = \frac{x \cos \frac{x}{r}}{x \sin \frac{x}{r} \cos \frac{x}{r}}$$

$$\frac{x \sin \frac{x}{r} \cos \frac{x}{r}}{x \cos \frac{x}{r}} = \tan \frac{x}{r}$$

$$\tan \frac{x}{r} = \cot \frac{x}{r}$$

$$\tan \frac{x}{r} = \tan\left(\frac{\pi}{r} - \frac{x}{r}\right)$$

$$\frac{x}{r} = k\pi + \frac{\pi}{r} - \frac{x}{r}$$

$$\frac{x}{r} = k\pi + \frac{\pi}{r}$$

$$x = rk\pi + \pi$$

$$k = 0$$

$$k = -1$$

$$\cos rx - \sin rx \cos rx = 1$$

$$-\sin rx \cos rx = 1 - \cos rx$$

$$-\sin rx \cos rx - \sin rx = 0$$

$$\sin rx (-\cos rx - 1) = 0$$

$$\cos rx = -1$$

$$rx = rk\pi + \pi$$

$$x = \frac{rk\pi}{r} + \frac{\pi}{r}$$

$$\sin = 0$$

$$0$$

$$\pi$$

$$2\pi$$

جواب

$$\frac{1 - \tan x}{1 + \tan x} = \tan rx$$

$$\frac{\cos - \sin}{\cos} = \frac{\cos - \sin}{\sin + \cos} = \tan rx$$

$$\sqrt{1 + \sin^2 x} = \sqrt{2 \cos^2 x}$$

$$\sqrt{(\sin + \cos)^2}$$

$$1 + \sin^2 x = 2 \cos^2 x - 1$$

$$\cos^2 x = \sin^2 x$$

1, 2

$$\cos^2 x = \cos^2 \left(\frac{\pi}{4} - x \right)$$

$$x = 2k\pi + \frac{\pi}{4} - x$$

$$2x = 2k\pi - \frac{\pi}{4} + x$$

$$x = 2k\pi - \frac{\pi}{4}$$

$$x = k\pi - \frac{\pi}{4}$$

$$4x = 2k\pi + \frac{\pi}{2}$$

$$x = \frac{k\pi}{2} + \frac{\pi}{4}$$

جوابها؟

1, 4

$$(\sin^2 + \cos^2)(\sin^2 - \cos^2) = 1$$

$$-\cos^2 x = 1 \quad \cos^2 x = -1$$

$$2x = 2k\pi + \pi$$

$$x = k\pi + \frac{\pi}{2}$$

0	1
$\frac{\pi}{2}$	$\frac{3\pi}{2}$

$$\sin^2 - \cos^2 = -1$$



$$2\pi, \frac{5\pi}{2}$$

$$\frac{y \sin x_n \cos x_n + \sin x_n}{\sin x_n} = \sin x_n + \cancel{\cos x_n} = 1$$

سوال ۷

$$\frac{\sin x_n (\cancel{\cos x_n} + 1)}{\sin x_n} = 1 \xrightarrow{\sin x_n \neq 0} \cos x_n + 1 = 1 \rightarrow \cos x_n = 0$$

$$x_n = k\pi + \frac{\pi}{2} \rightarrow \boxed{x = k\pi + \frac{\pi}{2}}$$

$$\tan \frac{\pi}{4} = 1 \rightarrow \frac{1 - \tan x}{1 + \tan x} = \tan \left(\frac{\pi}{4} - x \right)$$

سوال ۸

$$\tan \left(\frac{\pi}{4} - x \right) = \tan x \rightarrow \frac{\pi}{4} - x = k\pi + x$$

$$-x = k\pi - \frac{\pi}{4} \xrightarrow{-k\pi = k\pi} x = k\pi + \frac{\pi}{4}$$

$$\boxed{x = \frac{k\pi}{2} + \frac{\pi}{4}}$$

در سوالات به فرم $\pm \sin^n x \pm \cos^n x$ برابر ۱ یا -۱. فقط نامی است نکات اصلی!

سوال ۱۰

$$\sin^4 x - \cos^4 x = 1$$

جواب ۱

$$x = 2k\pi \text{ یا } 0$$

$$x = \frac{3\pi}{2}$$

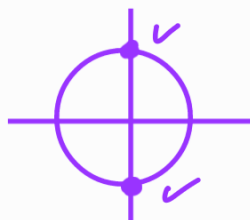


$$\sin^4 x - \cos^4 x = 1$$

الف ۱

$$x = \frac{\pi}{2}$$

$$x = \frac{5\pi}{2}$$



$$\sqrt{1 + \sin 2x} = \sqrt{2} \cos x \xrightarrow{\text{توان ۲}} 1 + \sin 2x = 2 \cos^2 x$$

سوال ۹

$$1 + \sin 2x = 2 - 2 \sin^2 x \rightarrow 2 \sin^2 x + \sin 2x - 1 = 0 \rightarrow \sin 2x = -1$$

$$\hookrightarrow \sin 2x = -\frac{1}{2}$$

$$\sin 2x = -1 \rightarrow 2x \in 2k\pi - \frac{\pi}{2} \xrightarrow[k \in \mathbb{Z}}{0 \leq x \leq \pi} x = \frac{3\pi}{4}$$

$$\sin 2x = \frac{1}{2} \rightarrow 2x \in 2k\pi + \frac{\pi}{6} \cup 2k\pi + \frac{5\pi}{6} \xrightarrow[k \in \mathbb{Z}}{0 \leq x \leq \pi} x = \frac{\pi}{12} \cup \frac{5\pi}{12}$$

چون عبارت به توان ۲ رسیده است جواب را باید تولید کردند
به ازای $x = \frac{5\pi}{12}$ $\cos 2x$ منفی می شود پس چون جواب را باید است محدود است

* معادله ۲ جواب دارد