

$$\frac{1}{\sin x} = -\frac{1}{\cos x} \rightarrow -\frac{1}{\cos x} = \frac{1}{\sin x}, \quad \frac{\cos x}{\sin x} = -\frac{1}{\cos x} \rightarrow \frac{1}{\cos x} = -\frac{1}{\sin x} \quad (13)$$

(1)

$$(\sin x \cos x - \cos x \sin x) = \sin x \cos x - \cos x \sin x = 0 \quad (14)$$

$$\cos x \sin x - \sin x \cos x = \cos x \sin x - \sin x \cos x = 0 \quad (15)$$

$$\cos x \sin x - \sin x \cos x = \cos x \sin x - \sin x \cos x = 0 \quad (16)$$

$$\cos x \sin x - \sin x \cos x = \cos x \sin x - \sin x \cos x = 0 \quad (17)$$

$$\cos x \sin x = \cos x \sin x \quad (18)$$

Axy

عند $\tan\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right) = 1$

$$\frac{\pi}{2} = T \quad \frac{12\pi}{2} = \frac{\pi}{2} = \frac{\pi}{2} \quad (19)$$

$$\frac{1}{\cos x} = \frac{1}{\sin x} \quad (20)$$

$$\frac{1}{\cos x} = \frac{1}{\sin x} \quad (21)$$

$$\log(\sin x) = \log r \rightarrow \sin x = r \quad (22)$$

$$\sin x = r \rightarrow \sin x = r \quad (23)$$

$$\sin^2 x + \cos^2 x = 1 \quad (24)$$

$$\frac{\sin x + \cos x}{\sin x} = \frac{\sin x + \cos x}{\sin x} \quad (25)$$

$$\sin x + \cos x = \sin x + \cos x \quad (26)$$

$$\hat{a} \rightarrow \log(\sin \alpha) \rightarrow \sin \alpha > \quad \left. \begin{array}{l} \log(-\cos \alpha) \rightarrow -\cos \alpha > \rightarrow \cos \alpha < \end{array} \right\} \text{ممنوع}$$

$$\log\left(\frac{\sin \alpha}{-\cos \alpha}\right) = \log r \rightarrow -\tan \alpha = r \rightarrow \tan \alpha = -r$$


$$\sin \alpha = \frac{r}{\sqrt{1+r^2}}, \quad \cos \alpha = -\frac{1}{\sqrt{1+r^2}} \rightarrow \sin \alpha - \cos \alpha = \frac{r}{\sqrt{1+r^2}} - \left(-\frac{1}{\sqrt{1+r^2}}\right) = \frac{r+1}{\sqrt{1+r^2}}$$

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} 1 - r^2 \sin^2 \delta = c \cdot s \delta \\ r c \cdot s \delta - 1 = c \cdot s r \end{array} \right\} \text{فرضياتي}$$

$$\frac{1 - \tan^2 r}{1 + \tan^2 r} = \frac{c(r \cdot r) = c \epsilon:}{\frac{c \cdot s^2 r - \sin^2 r}{c \cdot s^2 r + \sin^2 r}} = c \cdot s f.$$

سوال ٨

$$(s \sin \delta) \cdot c \cdot s \delta \times c \cdot s r \times c \cdot s f =$$

$$\frac{1}{r} \sin r \times c \cdot s r \times c \cdot s f =$$

$$\frac{1}{r} \times \frac{1}{r} \sin \epsilon \times c \cdot s \epsilon =$$

$$\frac{1}{r} \times \frac{1}{r} \times \frac{1}{r} \sin \alpha = \frac{\frac{1}{r} \sin \alpha}{\sin \alpha} = \frac{1}{r} \cot \alpha$$

$$\sqrt{1 + \sin \delta} = \sqrt{1 + c \cdot s f} \xrightarrow{\text{فرضياتي}} \sqrt{r c \cdot s r} = \sqrt{r} |c \cdot s r| = \sqrt{r} c \cdot s r$$

$$\sin \delta + \sin \alpha = \sin(r + \alpha) + \sin(r - \alpha) =$$

$$\sin r \cdot c \cdot s r + \sin r \cdot s \cdot c + \sin \alpha \cdot c \cdot s r - \sin \alpha \cdot s \cdot c = r \left(\frac{1}{r}\right) c \cdot s r = c \cdot s r$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{r} c \cdot s r}{c \cdot s r} = \boxed{\sqrt{r}}$$

$$c \cdot s \frac{A}{r} = \frac{1 + c \cdot s A}{r} \rightarrow r \sin B \sin c = 1 + c \cdot s A \xrightarrow{A+B+C=\pi} A = \pi - (B + C)$$

$$1 + c \cdot s(\pi - (B + C)) = 1 - c \cdot s(B + C) = r \sin B \sin c$$

$$1 - c \cdot s B c \cdot s C + \sin B \sin c = r \sin B \sin c \rightarrow \sin B \sin c + c \cdot s B c \cdot s C = 1$$

$$c \cdot s(B - C) = 1 \rightarrow B - C = 0 \quad \checkmark$$

$$B - C = \pi \times \text{ممنوع} \rightarrow B = C \rightarrow A = \pi - 1 \times \frac{\pi}{4} = \frac{3\pi}{4}$$

↓

$$B + C = 2B \quad (r \times r)$$