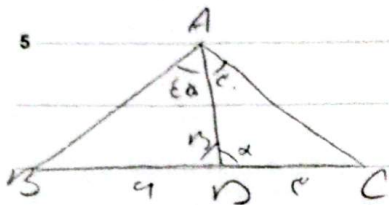


$$R + \alpha = 90^\circ$$

$$\tan\left(\frac{R}{r} - \alpha\right) = \cot \alpha = \frac{BT}{AT} \Rightarrow \cot \alpha + \frac{OT}{AT} = \frac{OB}{r} = \cot \alpha + 1 = \frac{OB}{r}$$

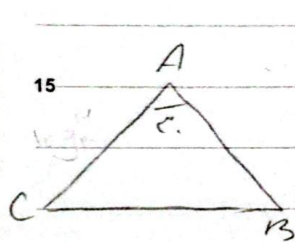
$$\text{Cans: } OB = \sqrt{\cot^2 \alpha + 1} \cdot \frac{1}{|\sin \alpha|} \quad OB - 1 = AB \Rightarrow \frac{1 - \sin^2 \alpha}{\sin \alpha} = AB$$



$$\frac{m}{\sin B} = \frac{4}{\frac{\sqrt{r}}{r}} \Rightarrow AB = \frac{4 \sin B \cdot r}{\sqrt{r}}$$

$$\frac{m}{\sin \alpha} = \frac{1}{\frac{1}{r}} \Rightarrow AC = r \sin B$$

$$\frac{AB}{AC} = \frac{\frac{4 \sin B \cdot r}{\sqrt{r}}}{r \sin B} = \frac{4 \sqrt{r}}{r \sin B} = \frac{4 \sqrt{r}}{r} = \sqrt{r}$$



$$\frac{1}{r} \log \frac{r}{r} \cdot \log \frac{1}{r} \times \sin \frac{\alpha}{2}$$

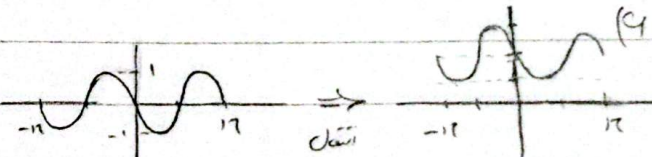
$$\frac{\log r}{\log r} = \frac{r \log r}{\log r} \times \frac{r \log r}{\log r} \times \frac{1}{r} = r$$

$$r \cos^2 \alpha - \cos^2 \alpha \sin^2 \alpha (r \sin^2 \alpha - 1) \Rightarrow \cos^2 \alpha (r \cos^2 \alpha - 1) + \sin^2 \alpha (-r \sin^2 \alpha + 1)$$

$$\cos^2 \alpha (r \cos^2 \alpha - 1) = 1 \Rightarrow \cos^2 \alpha = 1 \quad \sin^2 \alpha = 0$$

$$\text{a)} -r \sin \alpha \cos \alpha + r$$

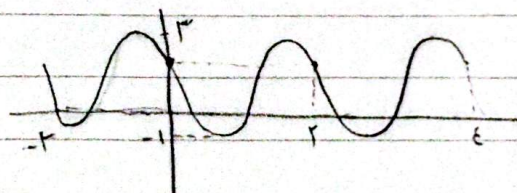
$$= -\sin^2 \alpha + r \Rightarrow T = \frac{r \pi}{1 \pi} = r$$



$$\Rightarrow r \cos\left(\frac{r \pi}{r} + \frac{r \pi}{r}\right) + 1$$

$$= -r \sin^2 \alpha + 1$$

$$T = \frac{r \pi}{r} = r$$



$$\text{30 Max: } r$$

$$\text{Min: } -1$$