

۱۹، ۷۵ آفین

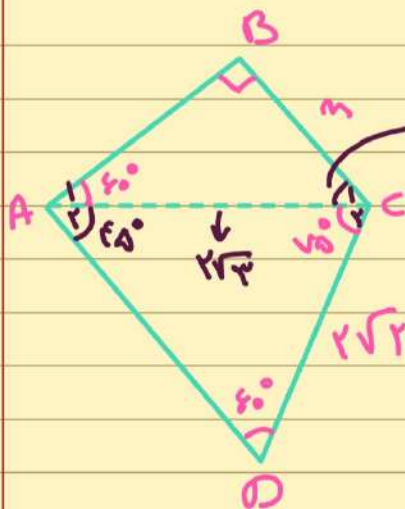
سارینا عابدینی

$$\hat{B} + \hat{C} = 120^\circ \xrightarrow{\hat{A} + \hat{B} + \hat{C} = 180^\circ} \hat{A} = 60^\circ$$

-۱

$$\frac{\sin 60^\circ}{10} = \frac{\sin \hat{B}}{\frac{10\sqrt{3}}{3}} \quad \sin \hat{B} = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \rightarrow \hat{B} = 60^\circ \xrightarrow{\hat{B} + \hat{C} = 120^\circ} \hat{C} = 60^\circ$$

-۲

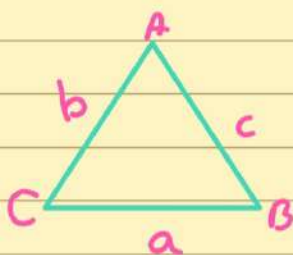


$$\begin{aligned} \hat{A} + \hat{B} + \hat{C} &= 180^\circ \Rightarrow \hat{C}_1 = 60^\circ \\ \hat{A} + \hat{C}_1 + \hat{D} &= 180^\circ \Rightarrow \hat{A}_1 = 60^\circ \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{DC}{\sin 60^\circ} = \frac{AC}{\sin 60^\circ} \Rightarrow \frac{10\sqrt{3}}{\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}} = \frac{10\sqrt{3}}{\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}}$$

$$AC \times \sin 60^\circ = n \rightarrow 10\sqrt{3} \times \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} = 15$$

-۳



$$(b^2 - 1) \frac{\sin \hat{C}}{\sin \hat{B}} = c$$

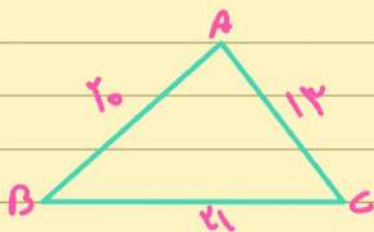
$$\frac{a}{\sin A} = \frac{b}{\sin B} = \frac{c}{\sin C}$$

$$b \frac{\sin 60^\circ}{\sin 60^\circ} = c \Rightarrow b^2 - 1 = b \rightarrow b^2 - b - 1 = 0$$

معادله درجه دوم است
با فرمول درجه دوم
ب = -1 و b = 2

★ اندازه‌ی ضلع دیگر از ضلع باقی‌مانده: $b = 2$

سارنيا عابدينى



$$a^2 = b^2 + c^2 - 2bc \cos \hat{A}$$

-4

$$169 = 400 + 144 - 280(\cos \hat{B})$$

2

$$\cos \hat{B} = \frac{20^2 + 11^2 - 12^2}{2 \cdot 20 \cdot 11}$$

$$\sin^2 \hat{B} + \cos^2 \hat{B} = 1$$

$$\sin^2 \hat{B} + \frac{16}{25} = 1 \Rightarrow \sin^2 \hat{B} = \frac{9}{25} \Rightarrow \sin \hat{B} = \frac{3}{5}$$

-5

$$a^2 = 12^2 + 11^2 + 2(12)(11)\left(\frac{3}{5}\right) - \left(12(11)\sqrt{1 - \left(\frac{3}{5}\right)^2}\right)$$

الف 2

$$a^2 = 144 + 121 + 112 + 11\sqrt{5} - 11\sqrt{5} = 28 \Rightarrow a = 2\sqrt{7}$$

3

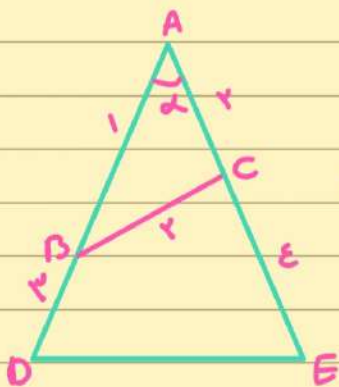
$$\frac{a}{\sin \hat{A}} = \frac{b}{\sin \hat{B}} = \frac{c}{\sin \hat{C}} \Rightarrow \frac{2\sqrt{7}}{\frac{\sqrt{5}}{2}} = \frac{12}{\sin \hat{B}}$$

$$\sin \hat{B} = \frac{\sqrt{5}}{2}$$

$$\hat{B} = 90^\circ$$

$$\hat{A} + \hat{B} + \hat{C} = 180^\circ \Rightarrow \hat{C} = 90^\circ$$

-6



$$a^2 = b^2 + c^2 - 2bc \cos \hat{A}$$

2

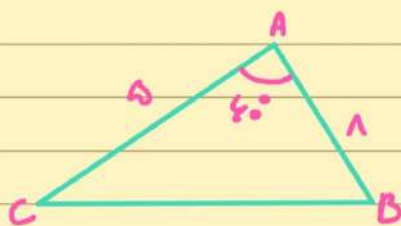
$$1 = 1 + 1 - 2 \cos \alpha \Rightarrow \cos \alpha = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$(DE)^2 = 1^2 + 1^2 - 2(1)(1)\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)$$

$$(DE)^2 = 1 \Rightarrow DE = 1$$

سارينا عابدين

-٧
الف



$$a^2 = b^2 + c^2 - 2bc \cos \hat{A}$$

$$(BC)^2 = 6^2 + 2^2 - 12 \left(\frac{1}{4}\right) \Rightarrow (BC)^2 = 49 \Rightarrow BC = 7$$

$$S_{\Delta} = \frac{1}{2} bc \sin \hat{A} \rightarrow \frac{1}{2} \times 6 \times 2 \times \frac{\sqrt{3}}{4} = 1.5\sqrt{3}$$

ب

$$a^2 = b^2 + c^2 - 2bc \cos \hat{A}$$

$$\frac{(b+c)^2 - a^2}{bc(\cos \hat{A} + 1)} = \frac{b^2 + c^2 + 2bc - a^2 + 2bc \cos \hat{A}}{bc(\cos \hat{A} + 1)} = \frac{2bc(\cos \hat{A} + 1)}{bc(\cos \hat{A} + 1)} = 2$$

-٨

ج

$$\frac{a^2 + b^2 - c^2}{a + b - c} = a^2 \rightarrow a^2 + b^2 - c^2 = a^2 + a^2b - a^2c$$

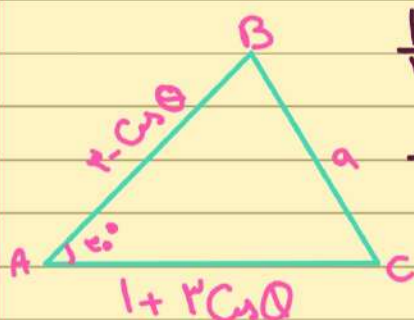
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$$b^2 - c^2 = a^2b - a^2c \xrightarrow{a \neq b \neq c} (b-c)(b^2 + c^2 + bc) = a^2(b-c)$$

$$a^2 = b^2 + c^2 + bc = b^2 + c^2 - 2bc \cos \hat{A}$$

$$2bc \cos \hat{A} = 1 \rightarrow \cos \hat{A} = \frac{1}{4} \rightarrow \cos \hat{A} = -\frac{1}{4} \rightarrow \hat{A} = 110^\circ$$

-٩



$$\frac{1}{4} \times (1 + 3 \cos \theta)(1 - \cos \theta) \times \frac{1}{4} = 2$$

$$-2 \cos \theta + 1 \cos \theta - 5 = 0 \xrightarrow{a+b+c=0} \cos \theta = 1$$

$$a^2 = b^2 + c^2 - 2bc \cos \hat{A}$$

$$a^2 = 14 + 5 - 14\sqrt{3}$$

$$a^2 = 10 - 14\sqrt{3}$$

