

٢. آفرین

مسئله دو خط موازی

$$A = 40^\circ \Rightarrow$$

$$\frac{\frac{r_0}{\sin 40^\circ}}{\frac{\sqrt{c}}{r}} = \frac{\frac{r_0 \sqrt{c}}{r \sin 40^\circ}}{\frac{\sqrt{c}}{r}} \Rightarrow \frac{r_0 \sqrt{c}}{r \sin 40^\circ} = \frac{\sqrt{c}}{r} \Rightarrow \frac{r_0}{\sin 40^\circ} = 1 \Rightarrow r_0 = \sin 40^\circ$$

$$B = 20^\circ$$

$$120 - \epsilon \omega = \sqrt{c}$$

$$110 - 40 - \sqrt{c} = \epsilon \omega \Rightarrow$$

$$\frac{\frac{r_0 \sqrt{c}}{r \sin 40^\circ}}{\frac{\sqrt{c}}{r}} = \frac{AC}{\sin B} \Rightarrow AC = \sqrt{c}$$

$$\frac{\frac{r_0 \sqrt{c}}{r \sin 40^\circ}}{\frac{\sqrt{c}}{r}} = \frac{n}{\sin 40^\circ} \Rightarrow \frac{r_0}{r} = \frac{n}{\sin 40^\circ}$$

$$\frac{c}{\sin C} = \frac{b^2 - r^2}{\sin B} = \frac{b}{\sin B} \Rightarrow b^2 - b - r^2 = 0 \quad \begin{matrix} r \cos \omega \\ r \sin \omega \end{matrix}$$

$$\Rightarrow b = r$$

$$(r_0)^2 + (r_1)^2 - r_0 r_1 \cos B = (10)^2$$

$$20 + 20 - 149 = 100 \cos B \Rightarrow 40 - 149 = 100 \cos B \Rightarrow -109 = 100 \cos B \Rightarrow \cos B = -1.09$$

$$\cos B = -1 \Rightarrow \sin B = \frac{4}{10}$$

$$\cos \alpha = \sin \frac{1}{2} \Rightarrow \frac{1 - \frac{4}{10}}{1} = \frac{1}{10} = \frac{1}{10}$$

$$a^2 = b^2 + c^2 - 2bc \cos A \Rightarrow$$

$$14 + 1(1 + \sqrt{2})^2 - 2 \times 1 \times \sqrt{2} \times (1 + \sqrt{2})$$

$$14 + 14 + 1\sqrt{2} - 1 - 1\sqrt{2} = 28 \Rightarrow$$

$$a = \sqrt{28}$$

$$\frac{a}{\sin A} = \frac{b}{\sin B} \Rightarrow \frac{\sqrt{28}}{\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}} = \frac{r}{\sin 45^\circ}$$

$$\frac{\frac{\sqrt{28}}{2} \times 2}{\sqrt{2} \times \sqrt{2}} \Rightarrow \frac{\sqrt{28}}{2} = \frac{r}{1}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{28}}{2} \Rightarrow \frac{\sqrt{7}}{1}$$

$$\hat{B} = 90^\circ$$

$$110 - 40 - 90 = 20$$

$$\hat{C} = 20^\circ$$

$$ABC \Rightarrow 1^2 + 1^2 - 2 \times 1 \times 1 \times \cos A = 2$$

$$1 + 1 - 2 \cos A = 2 \Rightarrow \cos A = -\frac{1}{2} \Rightarrow A = \frac{2\pi}{3}$$

$$E = (E)^2 + (4)^2 - 2 \times (E) \times (4) \times \cos 120^\circ \Rightarrow$$

$$16 + 16 - 16 = 8 \Rightarrow EF = \sqrt{8}$$

$$(1)^2 + (\omega)^2 - 2 \times 1 \times \omega \times \cos 60^\circ \Rightarrow 1 + \omega^2 - \omega = 1 \Rightarrow \omega = 1$$

$$\Rightarrow CB = 1$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \times \omega \times 1 \times \sin 60^\circ \times \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} = \frac{10\sqrt{3}}{2}$$

$$\frac{r^2 + c^2 + 2bc - a^2}{(2c \cos A + bc) \times -r} \Rightarrow \frac{b^2 + c^2 + 2bc - a^2 - 2bc \cos A}{bc \cos A + bc} - 1$$

$$\frac{0}{0} \Rightarrow \frac{\frac{u}{u}}{r} \Rightarrow \frac{1}{r} = \frac{1}{r}$$

$$\frac{r^2 + b^2 - c^2}{a+b-c} = a^2 \Rightarrow a^2 + b^2 - c^2 = a^2 + a^2 b - a^2 c \Rightarrow (b-c)(b+c-bc) = a^2(b-c) \Rightarrow$$

$$b^2 + c^2 - 2bc = a^2 \Rightarrow \cos A = \frac{b^2 + c^2 - a^2}{2bc} = \frac{1}{2} \Rightarrow \cos A = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$1 + \frac{r \cos \theta}{t} \left(\frac{r - \cos \theta}{t} \right) \times \sin \theta \times \frac{1}{r} = r - s$$

$$1 + \frac{r^2 + r^2 + 1 + r^2}{r^2 + 1 + 1 + 1} = 1 \Rightarrow \frac{r^2 + r^2 + 1 + r^2}{r^2 + 1 + 1 + 1} = 1$$

$$(t+c)(t+r)=0 \Rightarrow t+c+1 = t+r \Rightarrow t+c+1 = t+r \Rightarrow t+c+1 = t+r$$

$$\frac{r^2 + c^2}{a^2} = \frac{r^2 + c^2}{a^2} \Rightarrow \frac{r^2 + c^2}{a^2} = \frac{r^2 + c^2}{a^2}$$

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