

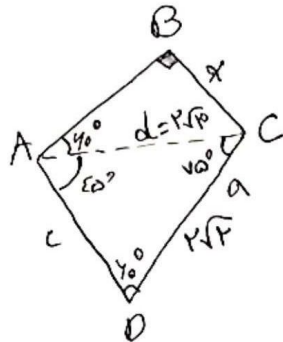
$$\hat{B} + \hat{C} = 135^\circ \Rightarrow \hat{A} = 90^\circ$$

$$\frac{a}{\sin \hat{A}} = \frac{b}{\sin \hat{B}}$$

$$\frac{20}{\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}} = \frac{20\sqrt{3}}{\sin \hat{B}} \Rightarrow \sin \hat{B} = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$$

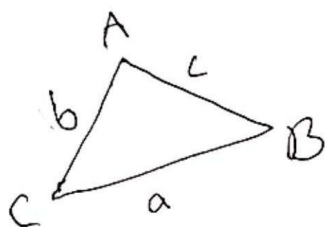
$$\hat{B} < 90^\circ \Rightarrow \hat{B} = 60^\circ$$

$$\Rightarrow \hat{C} = 45^\circ$$



$$\frac{a}{\sin \hat{A}} = \frac{d}{\sin \hat{B}} \Rightarrow \frac{2\sqrt{3}}{\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}} = \frac{d}{\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}} \Rightarrow d = 2\sqrt{3}$$

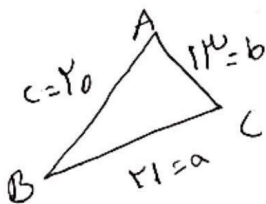
$$\sin 40^\circ = \frac{x}{d} \Rightarrow \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} (2\sqrt{3}) = x = 3$$



$$(b^2 - 2) \frac{\sin \hat{C}}{\sin \hat{B}} = c \Rightarrow (b^2 - 2) \frac{c}{b} = c$$

$$\Rightarrow b - \frac{2}{b} = 1 \Rightarrow b^2 - b - 2 = 0$$

$$\frac{c}{\sin \hat{C}} = \frac{b}{\sin \hat{B}} \Rightarrow \frac{c}{b} = \frac{\sin \hat{C}}{\sin \hat{B}} \Rightarrow \boxed{b=2}$$



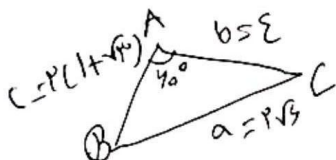
$$b^2 = a^2 + c^2 - 2ac \cos \hat{B}$$

$$17^2 = 20^2 + 21^2 - 2(20)(21) \cos \hat{B}$$

$$149 = 400 + 441 - 840 \cos \hat{B}$$

$$-94 = -840 \cos \hat{B}$$

$$\Rightarrow \cos \hat{B} = \frac{11}{105} \Rightarrow \sin \hat{B} = \frac{10}{105}$$



$$a^2 = b^2 + c^2 - 2bc \cos \hat{A}$$

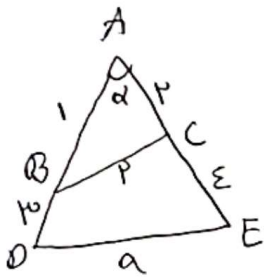
$$2^2 + (2(1+\sqrt{3}))^2 - 2(2)(2(1+\sqrt{3})) \cos \hat{A}$$

$$= 19 + 19 + 4\sqrt{3} - 4\sqrt{3} \cos \hat{A} = 19 + 4\sqrt{3}(1 - \cos \hat{A})$$

$$\frac{a}{\sin \hat{A}} = \frac{b}{\sin \hat{B}} \Rightarrow \frac{2\sqrt{3}}{\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}} = \frac{2}{\sin \hat{B}} \Rightarrow \sin \hat{B} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\hat{B} < 90^\circ \Rightarrow \hat{B} = 30^\circ$$

$$\hat{C} = 110^\circ$$

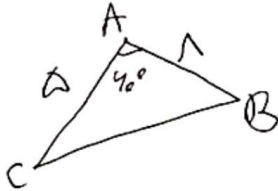


$$p^2 = p^2 + 1^2 - 2(1)(p)\cos\alpha \Rightarrow \cos\alpha = \frac{1}{\epsilon}$$

$$a^2 = \epsilon^2 + 1^2 - 2(\epsilon)(1)\left(\frac{1}{\epsilon}\right)$$

$$= 1 \quad \boxed{a = \sqrt{10}}$$

9



$$BC^2 = \omega^2 + 1^2 - 2(\omega)(1)\cos 40^\circ$$

$$\boxed{BC = \sqrt{10}}$$

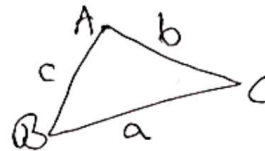
(\omega)

$$S_{ABC} = \frac{1}{2} \times \omega \times 1 \times \sin 40^\circ = \boxed{10\sqrt{10}}$$

(\omega)

v

$$\frac{(b+c)^2 - a^2}{bc(\cos A + 1)}$$



$$\frac{b^2 + c^2 + 2bc - a^2}{bc(\cos A + 1)} = \frac{2bc + 2bc\cos A}{bc(\cos A + 1)} \quad a^2 = b^2 + c^2 - 2bc\cos A$$

$$= \frac{2bc(1 + \cos A)}{bc(\cos A + 1)} = 2$$

\wedge

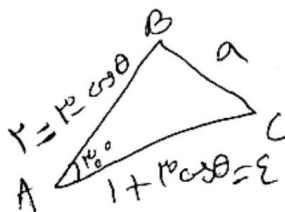
$$\frac{a^2 + b^2 - c^2}{a + b - c} = a^2 \Rightarrow a^2 + b^2 - c^2 = a^2 + ba^2 - ca^2$$

$$(b-c)(b^2 + b + c^2) = a^2(b-c)$$

$$\left. \begin{aligned} a^2 &= b^2 + c^2 + bc \\ a^2 &= b^2 + c^2 - 2bc\cos A \end{aligned} \right\} \Rightarrow$$

$$\cos A = \frac{1}{2} \Rightarrow \boxed{A = 120^\circ}$$

9



$$S_{ABC} = p \quad a^2 = 9$$

$$S_{ABC} = \frac{1}{2} (1^2 - \cos \theta)(1 + \cos \theta) \sin 120^\circ = p$$

$$1^2 \cos \theta - 1 \cos \theta + a = 0 \Rightarrow \cos \theta = 1$$

$$a^2 = b^2 + c^2 - 2bc\cos A$$

$$a^2 = 1^2 + \epsilon^2 - 2(1)(\epsilon)\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}\right) = \boxed{10 - 4\sqrt{10}}$$

10