

سوال ۱۰

$$\sqrt{x} + \sqrt{y} = 9 \Rightarrow \sqrt{y} = 9 - \sqrt{x} \Rightarrow \textcircled{3}$$

$$x \geq 0 \Rightarrow y \geq 0 \Rightarrow 9 - \sqrt{x} \geq 0 \Rightarrow 9 \geq \sqrt{x} \Rightarrow x \leq 81$$

$$\Rightarrow D_f = [0, +\infty) \cap (-\infty, 81] = [0, 81]$$

$$f(x) = \sqrt[n]{x^{n-1}} \Rightarrow x^{n-1} > 0 \Rightarrow x^{n-1} > 1 \Rightarrow x > \frac{1}{x} \quad \textcircled{2} \text{ و } \textcircled{4}$$

$$x > 0, x \neq 1 \Rightarrow \sqrt[n]{x^{n-1}} > 1$$

$$\Rightarrow x^{n-1} > 1 \quad x^{n-1} > x \Rightarrow x > \frac{x}{x}$$

$$\Rightarrow x^{n-1} < 1 \quad x^{n-1} \leq x \Rightarrow x \leq \frac{x}{x}$$

$$D_f = \left(\frac{1}{x}, \frac{x}{x} \right] \cup (1, +\infty)$$

$$\sqrt[n]{x} = \frac{1}{x + \sqrt{x^2 - 1}} \Rightarrow x + \sqrt{x^2 - 1} = t \Rightarrow \sqrt{x^2 - 1} = t - x$$

$$\sqrt{x^2 - 1} = -x \quad \text{قبول نمی شود}$$

$$-t^2 + t + 1 = 0 \Rightarrow t^2 - t - 1 = 0$$

$$\sqrt{x^2 - 1} = x \Rightarrow x^2 - 1 = x^2 \Rightarrow x = \pm 1 \quad t = 1 \quad t = -1$$

$$\frac{-1}{-1} + \frac{1}{1} = 0$$

$$D_f = (-1, 1)$$

$$y = \sqrt{\frac{x^2 + 2}{x + b}} + a \Rightarrow y = \sqrt{\frac{x^2 + ax + ab + 2}{x + b}} \Rightarrow y = \sqrt{\frac{x(x + a) + ab + 2}{x + b}} \quad \textcircled{1}$$

$$a = -2 \Rightarrow y = \sqrt{\frac{-x^2 + 2}{x + b}} \Rightarrow [b = -2]$$

$$(2, +\infty)$$

رنگین همان

$$y, \sqrt{f(n) - n + 1} \Rightarrow f(n) \geq n - 1 \Rightarrow \textcircled{2} \textcircled{A}$$

$$\textcircled{1} \quad \begin{matrix} \leftarrow \\ [n] \geq f \end{matrix} \quad 2n-1 \geq n-1 \Rightarrow n \geq \omega \quad \text{و} \quad n \geq \omega \Rightarrow n \geq \omega$$

$$\textcircled{2} \quad \begin{matrix} \leftarrow \\ [n] \leq f \end{matrix} \quad 2n+3 \geq n-1 \Rightarrow 3n \geq -4 \Rightarrow n \geq -\frac{4}{3} \quad \text{و} \quad n < \omega$$

$$\text{عصره مربوط} \quad \left[-\frac{4}{3}, \omega\right) \cup [\omega, +\infty) = \left[-\frac{4}{3}, +\infty\right)$$

$$r \leq n^3 + 3n^2 + 1 \quad \text{و} \quad 3(n^3 + 3n^2 + 4n + 1) \quad \textcircled{2} \textcircled{A}$$

$$3(n+1)^3, \quad \varepsilon n^2 + \varepsilon n + 1, \quad (n+1)^2$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{3(n+1)^3}{(n+1)^2} \geq \frac{\varepsilon n^2 + \varepsilon n + 1}{(n+1)^2} \geq \frac{\varepsilon}{n+1}$$

$$n+1 \neq 0 \Rightarrow n \neq -1 \Rightarrow n \neq -\frac{1}{r} \quad \text{و} \quad \text{مستبعد است.}$$

$$\sqrt{1 - \log^{r(n-a)}} \Rightarrow r(n-a) \leq 1 \Rightarrow n \geq \frac{a}{r} \quad \textcircled{2} \textcircled{B}$$

$$1 - \log^{r(n-a)} \geq 0 \Rightarrow \log^{r(n-a)} \leq 1$$

$$r(n-a) \leq 1 \Rightarrow r(n-a) \leq 1 + a \Rightarrow n \leq \frac{1+a}{r}$$

$$\left(\frac{a}{r}, \frac{1+a}{r}\right] \quad b = \frac{a}{r}, \quad c = \frac{1+a}{r}$$

$$c - b = \frac{1+a}{r} - \frac{a}{r} = \frac{1}{r} < \omega$$