

$$y^3 - 2x^2 - 2x - 1 \Rightarrow y^3 = 2x^2 + 2x + 1 \Rightarrow y = \sqrt[3]{2x^2 + 2x + 1}$$

تابع است ✓
ب) $x \cos y = y \cos x \xrightarrow{\text{تفاضل}} x = \frac{\pi}{2} \Rightarrow \frac{\pi}{2} \cos y = 0 \Rightarrow y = k\pi + \frac{\pi}{2}$
تابع نیست ✓ $k \in \mathbb{Z}$

ج) $\frac{x+y}{2} = \sqrt{xy}$; $x, y > 0$ $\xrightarrow{\text{تفاضل}} x^2 + y^2 + 2xy = 4xy \Rightarrow x^2 + y^2 - 2xy = 0 \Rightarrow$

$(x-y)^2 = 0 \Rightarrow x-y=0 \Rightarrow x=y$ تابع است ✓

د) $xy^2 + 2x - y^3 - 2y = 0 \Rightarrow x(y^2 + 2) = y(y^2 + 2) \Rightarrow x=y$ تابع است ✓

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 2x^2 - b & ; |x-1| \geq 2 \\ a + 2x & ; -3 \leq x \leq -1 \end{cases} \xrightarrow{|x-1| \geq 2} \begin{matrix} x-1 \geq 2 \rightarrow x \geq 3 \\ x-1 \leq -2 \rightarrow x \leq -1 \end{matrix} \Rightarrow \begin{matrix} x \leq -1 \\ x \geq 3 \end{matrix}$$

$\Rightarrow x = -1 \Rightarrow 2x^2 - b = a + 2x \Rightarrow 2 - b = a - 2 \Rightarrow \boxed{a+b=4}$ ✓

$f(x) = \sqrt{a-bx-x^2}$; $D_f = [b, a]$

$\Rightarrow f(a) = 0 \Rightarrow \sqrt{a-ab-a^2} = 0 \Rightarrow a-ab-a^2 = 0 \Rightarrow 1-b-a=0$

$\Rightarrow 1 = a+b$ ✓

$y = \frac{2}{\sqrt{ax^2 + bx + c}}$, $D_f = (-\infty, 2)$ $2(1) + (-2b) - 2(-b) = b$
 $3a+c-3|b|=?$

$\sqrt{ax^2 + bx + c} = \sqrt{-(x-2)^2} \Rightarrow -x^2 + 4x - 4 = ax^2 + bx + c$
تایید صحت خود با مشتق گیری است $a < 0$, $b < 0$, $c < -2b$

$\Rightarrow a = -1$, $b = 4$, $c = -4 \Rightarrow 3a+c-3|b| = -3-4-12 = -19$

حساب b
 $b = 4 \Rightarrow \boxed{\text{جواب} = -\frac{19}{4}b}$

الف) $f(x) = \sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{|x| - [x]}} \rightarrow |x| - [x] \neq 0 \Rightarrow |x| \neq [x]$

$\Rightarrow D_f = \mathbb{Z}^+ \cup \{0\}$ ✓

1.5

ب) $f(x) = \sqrt{x} + \sqrt{y} = 9 \rightarrow \sqrt{y} = 9 - \sqrt{x} \Rightarrow y = 81 - 18\sqrt{x} + x$

$\Rightarrow y = x - 18\sqrt{x} + 81 \xrightarrow{[x]=t} t^2 - 18t + 81 = 0 \Rightarrow (t-9)^2 = 0 \Rightarrow t=9$
 $\Rightarrow x \in [0, 81]$

$\Rightarrow x = 81 \rightarrow \frac{1}{-1+} \xrightarrow{y \geq 0} D_f = [81, +\infty)$ $\sqrt{x} \rightarrow x \geq 0$
 $4 - \sqrt{x} \geq 0 \rightarrow \sqrt{x} \leq 4 \Rightarrow x \leq 16$

الف) $f(x) = \sqrt[n]{\log x^{n-1}}$ $\rightarrow \begin{cases} n-1 > 0 \\ x > 0 \end{cases} \Rightarrow x > \frac{1}{n}, x > 0$ I

$0 < n-1 \leq x^0 \rightarrow x \leq \frac{1}{n}$
 $D_f = (\frac{1}{n}, \frac{1}{n}] \cup (1, +\infty)$

$\log x^{n-1} \geq 0 \rightarrow n-1 \geq 1 \Rightarrow x \geq \frac{1}{n}$ II

$I \cap II \rightarrow D_f = x \geq \frac{1}{n}$

ب) $f(x) = \log \frac{1}{4 + \sqrt{|x|} - |x|} \rightarrow \frac{1}{4 + \sqrt{|x|} - |x|} > 0 \rightarrow 4 + \sqrt{|x|} - |x| > 0$
 $\xrightarrow{[|x|]=t} -t^2 + t + 4 > 0 \rightarrow -(t-4)(t+1) > 0 \Rightarrow t < 4$ ✓

$t=4 \rightarrow |x|=9 \Rightarrow x = \pm 9$ $\xrightarrow{\frac{4 + \sqrt{|x|} - |x| > 0}{-9 \pm 9}} D_f = (-9, 9)$ ✓

$y = \sqrt{\frac{x^2 + 1}{x+b} + a}$; $D = (1, +\infty)$ $\rightarrow \frac{x^2 + 1 + ax + ab}{x+b} > 0 \rightarrow$

$a < -1$ $\xrightarrow{\text{بسیار صریح باید از بین برد}}$
 $\frac{x(x^2 + a) + (1 + ab)}{x+b} \geq 0 \xrightarrow{\text{بسیار صریح}} x = \frac{-d}{c} \Rightarrow x = -b \xrightarrow{x=1} 1 = -b \Rightarrow b = -1$ ✓

1.7.8

$y = \sqrt{f(x) - x + 1}$; $f(x) = \begin{cases} x-1 ; [x] > 1 \\ x+1 ; [x] \leq 1 \end{cases} \rightarrow \begin{cases} x-1 ; x \geq 2 \\ x+1 ; x < 2 \end{cases}$

$x \geq 2 \rightarrow \sqrt{x-1-x+1} = \sqrt{x} \Rightarrow x \geq 0$ $D_f = [-\frac{1}{2}, +\infty)$

$x < 2 \rightarrow \sqrt{x+1-x+1} = \sqrt{x+1} \Rightarrow x+1 \geq 0 \Rightarrow x \geq -1$ $\xrightarrow{y \text{ real}} x \geq 0$

1.7.8

$$y = \frac{\Gamma x^{\Gamma} + \Gamma^2 x^{\Gamma-1} + 1}{(\Gamma x^{\Gamma} + \Gamma x + 1)^{\Gamma}} = \frac{\Gamma(\Gamma x + 1)^{\Gamma}}{(\Gamma x + 1)^{\Gamma}} = \Gamma(\Gamma x + 1); x \neq -\frac{1}{\Gamma}$$

9

(1, 18)

$\frac{\Gamma}{\Gamma x + 1} < \frac{\Gamma}{\Gamma x + 1}$

$$\Rightarrow y \text{ axis} = \mathbb{R} - \left\{-\frac{1}{\Gamma}\right\} \checkmark$$

$$y = \sqrt{1 - \log(\Gamma x - a)}; D = (b, c]$$

10

(1)

$$\rightarrow 1 - \log(\Gamma x - a) \geq 0 \Rightarrow \log(\Gamma x - a) \leq 1 \Rightarrow \Gamma x - a \leq 10 \Rightarrow x \leq \frac{10 + a}{\Gamma}$$

$$; \Gamma x - a > 0 \Rightarrow x > \frac{a}{\Gamma} \Rightarrow D = \left(\underbrace{\frac{a}{\Gamma}}_b, \underbrace{\frac{10 + a}{\Gamma}}_c \right]$$

$$\bullet c - b = \frac{10 + a}{\Gamma} - \frac{a}{\Gamma} = 10 \checkmark$$