

٢٥

$$Dg \circ f = \{x \in Df, f(x) \in Dg\}$$

①

$$f(x) = \sqrt{\log_r^{x-1}} \quad Df = x-1 > 0 \quad x > 1 \quad \log_r^{x-1} > 0$$

$$x-1 > 1 \quad \boxed{x \geq 2}$$

$$g(x) = \sqrt{-(x-r)^2} \rightarrow Dg = \sqrt{\log_r^{x-1}} = r$$

$$\frac{x \geq r}{\log_r^{x-1} = \varepsilon} \quad x-1 = 1 \quad \boxed{x = 4V}$$

$$Dg \circ f = \{r\}$$

$$f \circ g(x) = g \circ f(x)$$

②

$$r(x^2 - 4x + 1) = (x-0)^2 - r(x-0) + 1 \rightarrow \varepsilon x^2 + 4x - 4x + 1 + 1$$

$$x^2 - 4x + 1 = \varepsilon x^2 - 4x + \varepsilon \Rightarrow x^2 - 2x + 2V \quad \delta = \frac{r}{r} = 10$$

$$2^2 + 3^2 = 5^2 - 2p \quad 100 - 2V = 4r \quad p = \frac{4V}{4}$$

$$g(f(x)) = 2x^2 + 11 \quad f(x) = 2x \quad g(x) = 2x^2 + 11$$

③

$$g(x) = 2\left(\frac{x}{r}\right)^2 + 11$$

$$2x = t \quad x = \frac{t}{2}$$

$$g\left(\frac{t}{x}\right) = 2\frac{t^2}{\varepsilon} + 11 \rightarrow g(x-v) = 2\frac{(x-v)^2}{\varepsilon} + 11 \quad \min: x=v$$

$$g(x-v) = 11$$

$$f(g(x)) = 2x^2 - 4x - 1$$

$$g(x) = \frac{2x^2 - 4x + 2}{r}$$

$$r g(x) - \varepsilon = 2x^2 - 4x - 1 \quad g(x) = \frac{2x^2 - 4x + 1}{(x-1)^2}$$

④

$$g(f(x)) = (2x - \varepsilon - 1)^2 = (2x - 0)^2 = 2x^2 - 2x + 2V$$

⑤

$$\begin{cases} f(u) - g(u) = -u + 1 \quad \forall u \in \mathbb{R} \\ f(u) = g(u) + 1 \end{cases} \quad \begin{aligned} & f(u) - g(u) = -u + 1 \\ & f(u) - f(u) = -1 \end{aligned}$$

(3)

$$f \circ g(u) = f(g(u)) = f(2u-1) = 4u-1$$

$$f \circ g(u) = -\frac{1}{a}u + 1 = 4u-1 \quad \boxed{a = -\frac{1}{4}} \quad \checkmark$$

(5)

$$f(u) = a^u \quad f \circ g(u) = g \circ f(u)$$

$$g(u) = \log_r a^u = u \log_r a$$

(4)

$$u^r \leq ru \quad u^r - ru \leq 0 \quad \boxed{u \in [0, r]}$$

$$u \in (0, r] \leftarrow Dg = u > 0 \quad Df = \mathbb{R} \quad \checkmark$$

$$f\left(\frac{u^r-r}{u}\right) = u^r - \frac{r}{u} + \frac{r}{u} = u^r$$

$$f(u) = u^r + u \quad \checkmark$$

(7)

$$u - \frac{r}{u}$$

$$u - \frac{r}{u} > 0 \rightarrow u^2 > r \rightarrow u > \sqrt{r}$$

(5)

$$f(u) = \log_r u \quad A = \{u \in Dg, g(u) \in Df\}$$

$$g(u) = -u^r + nu \quad Dg = \mathbb{R}, Df = u > 0 \rightarrow -u^r + nu > 0$$

$$B = \log_r(-u^r + nu)$$

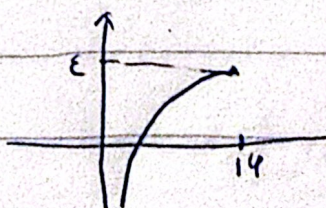
$$A \cap B = (0, \varepsilon]$$

$$B = (-\infty, \varepsilon]$$

$$1, r, r, \varepsilon$$

$$\varepsilon \text{ صغير}$$

(5)



$$0 < u < 1$$

نقطة تقاطع المحاور

