

$$y' = \sqrt{1 + f'(x)^2} \rightarrow \text{نسبت ارتفاع به عرض} \rightarrow |f'(x)| \geq 0 \quad - 9$$

$$D_f = P f'(x)$$

$$y_1 = f\left(\frac{x}{p} + 1\right) \rightarrow y = f(x)$$

$$p y_1 = [-1, 1]$$

$$-1 \leq x \leq 1 \rightarrow -\frac{1}{p} \leq \frac{x}{p} \leq \frac{1}{p} \rightarrow -\frac{1}{p} \leq \frac{x}{p} + 1 \leq \frac{1}{p} + 1$$

$$D_f = \left[-\frac{1}{p}, \frac{1}{p}\right]$$

$$\rightarrow D' = \left[-\frac{1}{p}, \frac{1}{p}\right]$$

$$y = \frac{x}{a} [ax] \rightarrow 0 \leq ax < 1 \rightarrow 0 \leq x < \frac{1}{a} \text{ دالة } \rightarrow \frac{1}{a} [x, 0] \rightarrow [ax] = 0 \Rightarrow \arg_0$$

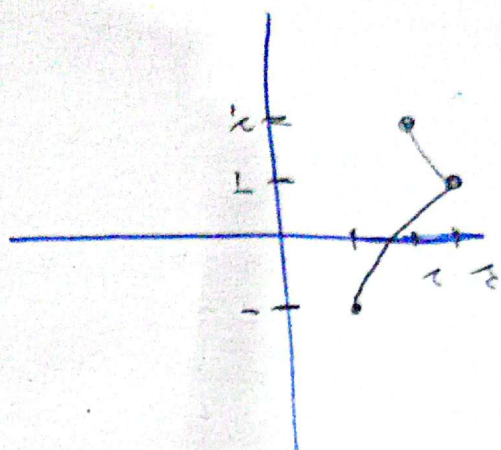
$$1 \leq ax < 2 \rightarrow \frac{1}{a} \leq x < \frac{2}{a} \rightarrow y = \frac{x}{a} \\ [ax] = 1 \quad A\left(\frac{1}{a}, \frac{1}{a}\right) \quad \frac{1}{a} = \frac{1}{x} \rightarrow ax = 1 \quad \star \\ a = \pm 1 \rightarrow \arg_0 \\ \hookrightarrow a = -1$$

$$y = \frac{x}{r} [-rx] \\ \frac{1}{r} = \log_2, \text{ دالة } \leftarrow \\ b = 1 \times \frac{1}{r} = 1 \\ b - a = 1 - (-1) = 2$$

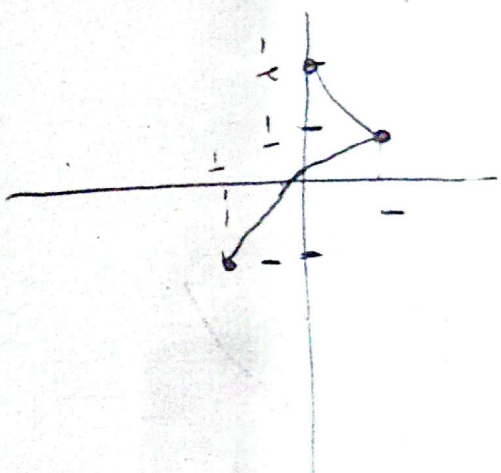
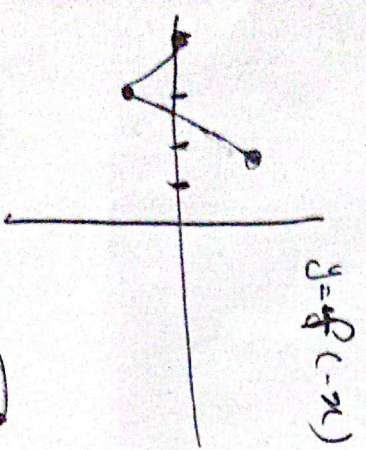
$$f(x) = \log_2 x \xrightarrow{\text{عكس الدالة}} y = \log_2 x + 1 \xrightarrow{\text{عكس الدالة}} y = -\log_2 x + 1$$

$$\xrightarrow{\text{عكس الدالة}} y = -\log_2 x + 1 \xrightarrow{\text{عكس الدالة}} g(x) = -\log_2 (-x + 1) + 1$$

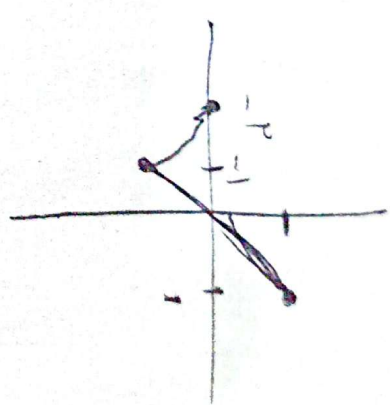
$$\rightarrow g(-1) \rightarrow y = -\log_2 \frac{1}{2} + 1 = -1 \\ \rightarrow g(-4) = y = -\log_2 \frac{1}{4} + 1 = -2 + 1 = -1 \\ \rightarrow g(-1) + g(-4) = -2$$



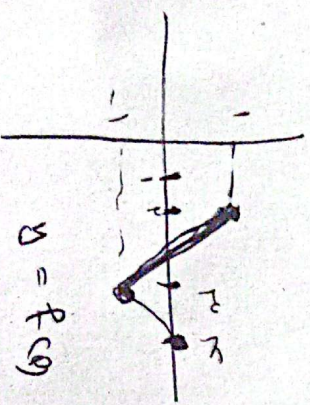
$$y = f(x - 2)$$



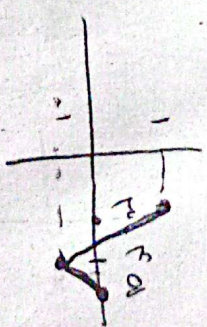
$$y = -f(x - 1)$$



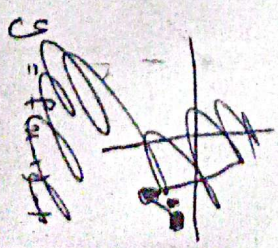
$$y = f(x - 1)$$



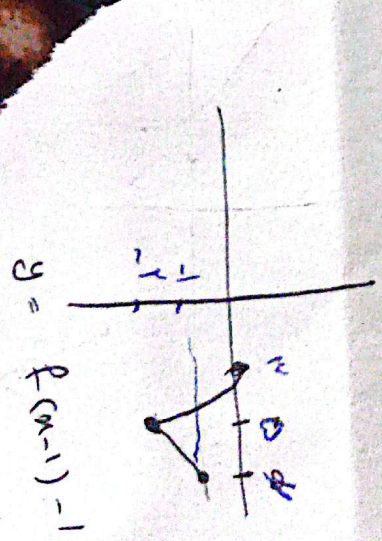
$$y = f(1 - x)$$



$$y = f(x - 1)$$



$$y = f(x - 1)$$



$$y = f(x - 1) - 1$$

$$f(x) = \left| \frac{x+1}{x^2-1} \right| \xrightarrow{(-\infty, -1) \cup (1, \infty)} P(x) = \left| \frac{(x+1)+1}{x(x-1)+1} \right| \xrightarrow{(0,1) \cup (1,\infty)} -9$$

$$\left| \frac{x-1}{x^2-1} \right| + 1$$

$$x + \theta(x) < \dots \rightarrow x + 1 + \left| \frac{x-1}{x^2-1} \right| < \dots \rightarrow \left| \frac{x-1}{x^2-1} \right| < -(x+1)$$

$$\frac{x-1}{x^2-1} < -x-1 \rightarrow \frac{x^2-1}{x^2-1} < \dots \quad \begin{array}{c} -\sqrt{x} \quad \sqrt{x} \quad \frac{x}{x} \\ \frac{1}{-} + 1 - \frac{1}{-} + \end{array}$$

$$x+1 < \frac{x-1}{x^2-1} \rightarrow \frac{x(x^2-x-1)}{x^2-1}$$

$$\text{استنتاج} \Rightarrow x \in (-\infty, -\sqrt{x})$$

$$\frac{1-\sqrt{x}}{x} < \frac{1+\sqrt{x}}{x}$$

$$y = (x-1)^k + 1$$

$\xrightarrow{1}$

$$(x-1)^k = -1 \rightarrow x-1 = -1 \rightarrow x = 0$$

$$y = \sqrt{1 - f(x) - f'(x)}$$

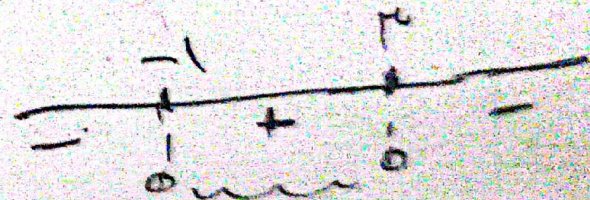
(0, 1)
 (1, 2)

$$1 - (x-1)^k - 1 = 0$$

$$(x-1)^k = 1 \rightarrow x-1 = 1 \rightarrow x = 2$$

$$1 - f(x) - f'(x) \geq 0$$

$$f(x) (1 - f(x)) \geq 0$$



$$D = [-1, 1]$$

$\rightarrow -1, 0, 1, 2, 3$
 $\rightarrow 0, 1, 2, 3$