

الف)  $(x - 2\left[\frac{x}{2}\right])^2 \xrightarrow{RF} (2(x - \left[\frac{x}{2}\right]))^2$   $\text{---} [\frac{x}{2}] \in [0, 1]$  ①

$0 \leq \frac{x}{2} - \left[\frac{x}{2}\right] < 1 \xrightarrow{\times 2} 0 \leq 2(\frac{x}{2} - \left[\frac{x}{2}\right]) < 2 \xrightarrow{\text{---}} 0 \leq y < 2$   
 $\Rightarrow (RF = [0, 2]) \rightarrow ?$

$\Rightarrow -\sin x + \log y - 2 = 0 \xrightarrow{RF} \log y = \sin x + 2$

$\text{---} \sin x \in [-1, 1] \Rightarrow 1 \leq \sin x + 2 \leq 3 \Rightarrow 1 \leq \log y \leq 3$

①  $10^1 \leq y \leq 10^3$  و ②  $y > 0 \Rightarrow (RF = [10^1, 10^3]) \rightarrow ?$

$f(x) = \sqrt{\frac{x^2 - 2}{x^2 - 1}} \xrightarrow{RF} [a, b] \cup (c, +\infty)$  ,  $a+b+c = ?$  ②

$y = \sqrt{\frac{x^2 - 2}{x^2 - 1}} \Rightarrow y^2 = \frac{x^2 - 2}{x^2 - 1} \Rightarrow y^2 x^2 - 9y^2 = x^2 - 2$

$\Rightarrow y^2 x^2 - x^2 = 9y^2 - 2 \Rightarrow x^2 (y^2 - 1) = 9y^2 - 2 \Rightarrow x^2 = \frac{9y^2 - 2}{y^2 - 1}$

$\Rightarrow x = \sqrt{\frac{9y^2 - 2}{y^2 - 1}}$   $\text{---} \frac{9y^2 - 2}{y^2 - 1} \geq 0$  (فرض)  $\frac{-1}{2} \leq \frac{y^2}{2} \leq \frac{1}{2}$

②  $y \geq 0$   $\text{---} \text{I} \cup \text{II} \Rightarrow [0, \frac{1}{2}] \cup (1, +\infty)$   
 $a = 0, b = \frac{1}{2}, c = 1 \Rightarrow a+b+c = \frac{3}{2} \rightarrow ?$

الف)  $f(x) = x + \frac{1}{x} + 2\sqrt{x + \frac{1}{x}} \xrightarrow{RF} g = x + \frac{1}{x} + 2\sqrt{x + \frac{1}{x}} + 1$  ③

$\Rightarrow y = (\sqrt{x + \frac{1}{x}} + 1)^2 - 1$   $\frac{x + \frac{1}{x} \in (-\infty, -2] \cup [2, +\infty)}{0 \leq y \geq 0} \Rightarrow x + \frac{1}{x} \in [2, +\infty) \Rightarrow x \geq 1$

$\Rightarrow \sqrt{2} \leq \sqrt{x + \frac{1}{x}} \xrightarrow{+1} \sqrt{2} + 1 \leq \sqrt{x + \frac{1}{x}} + 1 \xrightarrow{\text{---}} 2 + 2\sqrt{2} \leq (\sqrt{x + \frac{1}{x}} + 1)^2$

$\Rightarrow 2 + 2\sqrt{2} \leq (\sqrt{x + \frac{1}{x}} + 1)^2 - 1 \Rightarrow (RF = [2 + 2\sqrt{2}, +\infty))$

$$\sin x \in [-1, 1]$$

$$\rightarrow y = (1 - \sin x)(1 + \sin x) \xrightarrow{RF} y = -\sin^2 x + \sin x + 1$$

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} \rightarrow \min \sin x \rightarrow \sin x = -1 \rightarrow y = 0 \\ \rightarrow \max \sin x \rightarrow \sin x = 1 \rightarrow y = 2 \\ \rightarrow \frac{-b}{2a} = \frac{-1}{-2} = \frac{1}{2} \checkmark \rightarrow \sin x = \frac{1}{2} \rightarrow y = \frac{5}{4} \end{array} \right\} \Rightarrow \boxed{RF = [0, 2]}$$

$$f(x) = -\frac{1}{x}x + 10 \rightarrow \text{Df} = \mathbb{N} \text{ و } \text{Rf} = ?$$

$$-\frac{1}{x}x_1 + 10 - \frac{1}{x}x_2 + 10 - \frac{1}{x}x_3 + 10 + \dots - \frac{1}{x}x_9 + 10 =$$

$$-\frac{1}{x}(x_1 + x_2 + \dots + x_9) + (10 \times 9) \rightarrow -\frac{1}{x} \left( \frac{(1+9) \times 9}{2} \right) + 90$$

$$-\frac{1}{x}(\Sigma x) + 90 = -10 + 90 = 80 \rightarrow \text{Df}$$

$$f(x) = \sqrt{ax^2 + bx + c} \rightarrow \text{Df} = [x_0, +\infty) \text{ و } f(x) = 1$$

$$g(x) = \sqrt{bx^2 + ax - xc}$$

$$0 \leq \text{دالة} \rightarrow ax^2 + bx + c \geq 0 \rightarrow x \geq r \rightarrow \text{بالمعادلة}$$

$$\rightarrow a = 0 \Rightarrow bx + c \geq 0 \rightarrow x \geq -\frac{c}{b} \rightarrow -\frac{c}{b} = r \Rightarrow c = -rb$$

$$f(x) = \sqrt{b(x) - rb} = \sqrt{b} = 1 \rightarrow b = 1 \text{ و } c = -r$$

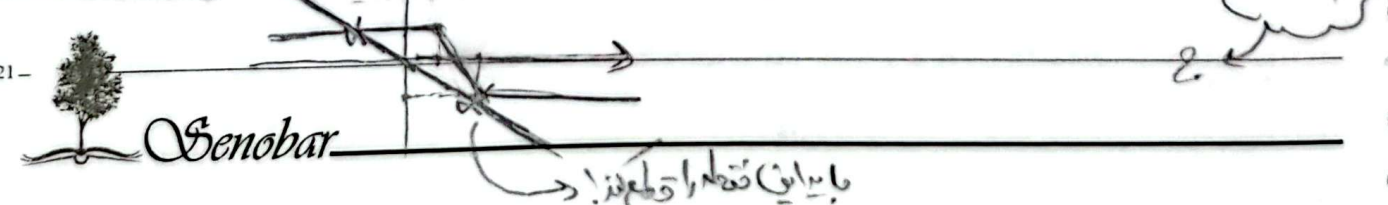
$$g(x) = \sqrt{x^2 + c} \Rightarrow y^2 = x^2 + c \rightarrow y^2 - c = x^2 \rightarrow x = \pm \sqrt{y^2 - c}$$

$$\text{دالة} \rightarrow y^2 \geq c \Rightarrow \text{I} \ y \geq \sqrt{c} \cup y \leq -\sqrt{c} \text{ و } \text{II} \ y \geq 0$$

$$\text{I} \cup \text{II} = [ \sqrt{c}, +\infty ) = \text{Df} \rightarrow \text{Df}$$

$$|x-5| - |x-1| = Kx \rightarrow \text{Df}$$

$$\Rightarrow y = Kx \frac{(x_0-1)}{2} - 1 = 2K \rightarrow K = -1$$

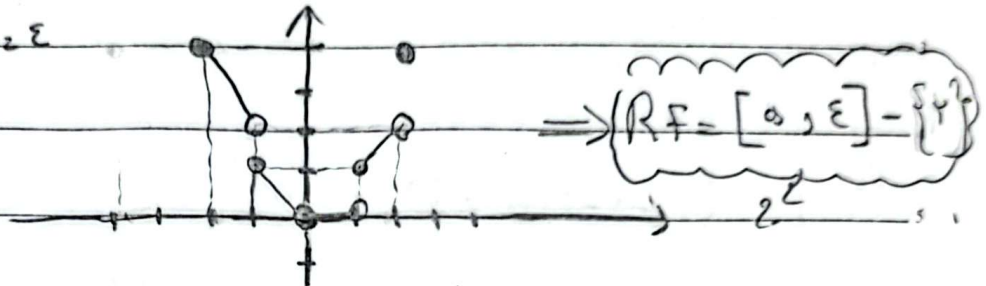




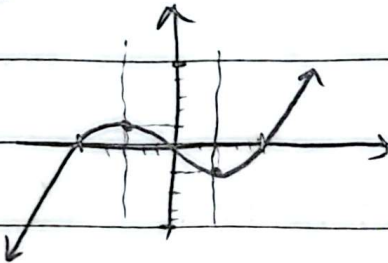
الف)  $y = x[x] \quad [-2, 2]$ ,  $x \in [-2, -1) \Rightarrow y = -2x$  (✓)

$x \in [-1, 0) \Rightarrow y = -x$  /  $x \in [0, 1) \Rightarrow y = 0$  /  $x \in [1, 2) \Rightarrow y = x$

$x \in \{2\} \Rightarrow y = 2$



ب)  $y = x|x| - x \quad [-2, 2]$



$\begin{aligned} & \text{For } x < 0: -9C - 9C \downarrow -\frac{b}{9a} = -\frac{1}{9} \downarrow y = \frac{1}{9} \\ & \text{For } x > 0: 9C - 9C \downarrow -\frac{b}{9a} = \frac{1}{9} \downarrow y = -\frac{1}{9} \end{aligned}$

$x = 2 \rightarrow y = 2$   
 $x = -2 \rightarrow y = -2$

$\Rightarrow (R_f = [-1, 1])$

$y = \frac{1}{x} + \frac{1}{x+1} + \frac{1}{x^2+x} \rightarrow R_f = R - \{a, b\} \rightarrow a+b = ?$  (A)

$\Rightarrow y = \frac{x + x+1 + 1}{x^2+x} = \frac{2x+2}{x^2+x} = \frac{2(x+1)}{x(x+1)} \quad x \neq -1, \quad \frac{2}{x} = y$

أي  $x = -1 \rightarrow \frac{2}{-1} = -2$  و  $\frac{0}{x} = 0 \rightarrow a = -2, b = 0$  (بملاحظة)

$\rightarrow a+b = -2+0 = -2$

$f(x) = \frac{x - \sqrt{x} + 2}{x - 2\sqrt{x} + 1} \quad R_f, \quad y = \frac{(\sqrt{x} - 1)(\sqrt{x} - 1)}{(\sqrt{x} - 1)(\sqrt{x} - 1)} \quad x \neq 1$  (✓)

$y = \frac{\sqrt{x} - 1}{\sqrt{x} - 1} \Rightarrow y\sqrt{x} - y = \sqrt{x} - 1$

$\Rightarrow y\sqrt{x} - \sqrt{x} = y - 1 \Rightarrow \sqrt{x} = \frac{y-1}{y-1} \Rightarrow \frac{y-1}{y-1} \geq 0 \Rightarrow \frac{1}{y-1} \geq 0$

$\Rightarrow (R_f = (-\infty, 1] \cup [1, +\infty)) \rightarrow 2$

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$$1 \quad f(x) = \frac{x^5 + 7x^4 - x - 7}{x^2 - 1} \quad Rf, \quad \begin{array}{r} x^5 + 7x^4 - x - 7 \mid x^2 - 1 \\ -x^5 + x \\ \hline 7x^4 - x - 7 \end{array} \quad (1)$$

$$3 \Rightarrow y = \frac{(x^2 - 1)(x + 7)}{(x^2 - 1)} \quad x \neq \pm 1 \Rightarrow y = x + 7 \quad \begin{array}{l} \rightarrow x = 1 \rightarrow y = 8 \\ \rightarrow x = -1 \rightarrow y = +6 \end{array}$$

$$5 \quad Rf = \mathbb{R} - \{7, +1\} \Rightarrow +7 + 1 = (8) \rightarrow 2.$$