

$$\frac{f(x) - f(1)}{x-1} = \frac{1 - a^x + a - 1}{x-1} = \frac{a}{x} \quad f'(x) = \frac{a}{x^2} \quad \frac{a}{x^2} = \frac{a}{x} \rightarrow x = \pm \sqrt{x}$$

$\begin{cases} x = -\sqrt{x} \times \\ x = \sqrt{x} \checkmark \end{cases}$
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$y_1 = 2ax^r - 5x + 11 \quad y_1' = 2ax^{r-1} - 5 \quad y_2 = x \quad y_2' = 1 \quad y_1' = y_2' \rightarrow$
 $2ax^{r-1} - 5 = 1 \rightarrow x = \frac{6}{2a} \quad y_1 = y_2 \rightarrow ax^r - rx + 9 = 0 \rightarrow$
 $\frac{9}{2a^r} - \frac{9}{2a} + 9 = 0 \rightarrow -\frac{1}{2a^r} = -1 \rightarrow a = \pm \frac{1}{2} \rightarrow a = \frac{1}{2}$

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$y' = 3x^2 - 12 = 0 \rightarrow x = \pm 2$
 $\begin{matrix} -2 & +2 \\ y' & + & - & + \\ y & \nearrow & \searrow & \nearrow \\ & \text{max} & & \text{min} \end{matrix}$

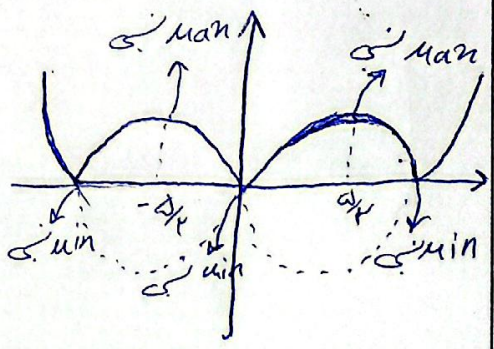
$\text{min: } (2, -12)$
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$y' = 3x^2 + 2ax - 2b = 0 \quad \begin{cases} x=0 & -2b=0 \rightarrow b=0 \\ x=-2 & 12 - 4a - 2b = 0 \rightarrow a=3 \end{cases}$
 $(0, -f) \quad (-2, 0) \quad \text{فاصله: } \sqrt{(-2-0)^2 + (0-9)^2} = 2\sqrt{10}$

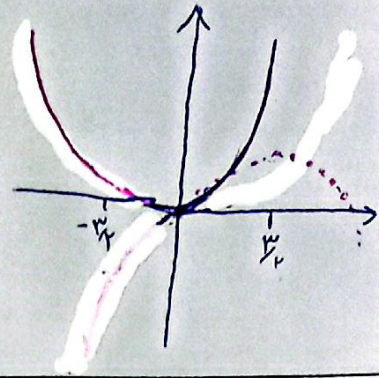
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$f(x) = 2x \pm 5 \rightarrow x = \pm 5 \quad m=2 \quad n=3$
 $\frac{n}{m} = \frac{3}{2} \checkmark$

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$$f(x) \begin{cases} x^2 + mx & x > 0 \\ -x^2 + mx & x < 0 \end{cases}$$



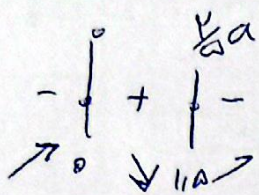
نقطه (نقطه بحرانی): نقطه (0,0)

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$$a > 0 \rightarrow f(x) = \sqrt{x^2} (a-x) \rightarrow f'(x) = -\sqrt{x^2} + \frac{2x}{2\sqrt{x^2}} (a-x) = 0$$

$$\rightarrow \frac{2x(a-x)}{2\sqrt{x^2}} = \sqrt{x^2} \rightarrow 2x(a-x) = 2x^2 \quad x=0 \rightarrow 2a - 2x = 2x$$

$$x = \frac{1}{2} a$$



$$f\left(\frac{1}{2}a\right) = \sqrt{\frac{\epsilon a^2}{4}} \times \frac{1}{2}a = \frac{1}{2} \frac{a^2}{2} \rightarrow \frac{\epsilon a^2}{4} = \frac{1}{4} \rightarrow a^2 = \frac{a^2}{\epsilon} \rightarrow a = \frac{1}{\sqrt{\epsilon}}$$

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$$f'(x) \begin{cases} \frac{2x-1}{2\sqrt{x^2-x}} & Df = [0, \infty) \cup \{x\} & \text{نقطه بحرانی} \rightarrow x = \frac{1}{2}, x=0, x=1 \\ -\frac{2x-1}{2\sqrt{x^2-x}} & Df = [-1, 0) & \text{نقطه بحرانی} \rightarrow x = -\frac{1}{2}, x=0, x=1 \end{cases}$$

نقطه بحرانی: $x=0, x=1, x=-1/2, x=1/2$ چون هر دو در همان است بحرانی است و \max و \min می باشد

$$\frac{km+n}{k-n} = \frac{f}{\epsilon} = 1 \quad \checkmark \quad k=f \leftarrow -\frac{1}{2} > \pm 1 \text{ و } 0 \text{ : نقطه بحرانی} \quad m=1 \leftarrow x=-\frac{1}{2} \text{ : } \max$$

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$$y' = \frac{m(m-1)-x^2}{(x-1+m)^2} < 0 \quad x=1 \begin{cases} f'(1) = 0 \quad \times \\ F'(1) = 0 \quad \checkmark \end{cases}$$

(1, 0)

$$(x-1+m)^2 = 0 \xrightarrow{x=1} m=0 \rightarrow m \text{ بحرانی}$$

$$f(x) < 0 \rightarrow ad-bc < 0 \rightarrow m^2 - m - 2 < 0 \rightarrow (m-2)(m+1) < 0 \rightarrow -1 < m < 2, m \neq 2 \rightarrow -1 < m < 2, \text{ II}$$

$$\text{مجموع} = 2 = 1 - m < 1 \rightarrow m > 0, \text{ III} \quad \text{II} \cap \text{III} \rightarrow m = 0, 1$$

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$$F'(x) \begin{cases} \frac{1+x^2}{(1-x^2)^2} & x > 0 \rightarrow x = \pm 1 \\ \frac{1-x^2}{(1+x^2)^2} & x < 0 \rightarrow x = \pm 1 \end{cases}$$

نقطه بحرانی: $x=1, x=-1$

$$D_{f(x)} = 1 - a^2 = 0 \rightarrow a^2 = 1 \rightarrow \begin{cases} a > 0 & a^2 = 1 \rightarrow a = 1 \quad \checkmark \\ a < 0 & -a^2 = 1 \rightarrow a = -1 \quad \times \end{cases} \rightarrow D_f = \mathbb{R} - \{1\}$$

(1, 0)

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