

$$f(x) = 1 - \frac{a}{x} \rightarrow f(1) = 1 - a \rightarrow \frac{df}{dx} = \frac{1-a - (-1+a)}{x^2} = \frac{a}{x^2}$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{a}{x^2} \rightarrow \frac{a}{x^2} = \frac{a}{x^2} \Rightarrow x = \pm \sqrt{x}$$

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معمولاً $y = 2ax^2 - 2x + 11a$ $\rightarrow 2ax^2 - 2x + 11a = x$
 $2ax^2 - 4x + 11a = 0$
 $ax^2 - 2x + 9a = 0 \rightarrow x = \frac{2 \pm \sqrt{4 - 36a^2}}{2a}$
 $f(ax - 2 = 1) \Rightarrow f(ax) = 1 \Rightarrow x = \frac{1}{a}$
 $\frac{4}{9a} < 0 \Rightarrow a < 0^*$
 $a \neq 0 \Rightarrow \sqrt{4 - 36a^2} = 2 \Rightarrow 4 - 36a^2 = 0 \Rightarrow a^2 = \frac{1}{9} \Rightarrow a = \pm \frac{1}{3} \Rightarrow a = -\frac{1}{3}$

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$y = x^2 - 12x + 2 \Rightarrow y' = 2x - 12 = 2(x - 6)$
 در $x = 6$ $y = -14$

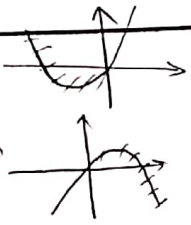
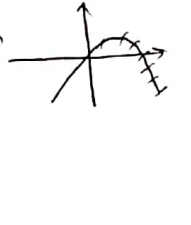
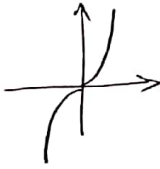
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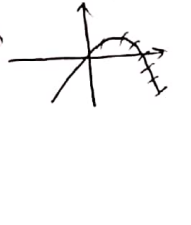
$y = x^2 + ax^2 - 2bx - f \rightarrow y = x^2 + 2x^2 - f$ $x=0 \Rightarrow y=-f$
 $y' = 2x + 4x - 2b \xrightarrow{b=0} x=0 \Rightarrow y=0$ $a=-2 \Rightarrow y=0$
 $x = -2 \Rightarrow y = 1 - 4a - 2b$
 $1 - 4a > 0 \Rightarrow a < \frac{1}{4}$
 $\hookrightarrow \sqrt{(x-0)^2 + (0+f)^2} = \sqrt{f+4} = \sqrt{4+a}$

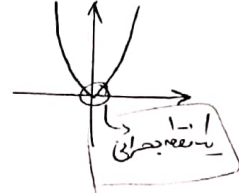
$f(x) = x^2 - 2|x| \Rightarrow y = |f(x)| = |x^2 - 2|x||$
 $\Rightarrow y = x^2 - 2x \Rightarrow y = x^2 - 2|x| \Rightarrow y = |x^2 - 2|x||$

 $\Rightarrow \frac{m}{n} = \frac{1}{2} \Rightarrow \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{2}$

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$f(x) = x(m+1)^r \xrightarrow{x>0} f(x) = x^r + 1^r x \Rightarrow$  \Rightarrow  \Rightarrow 

$x < 0 \rightarrow f(x) = -x^r + 1^r x \Rightarrow$ 

$\Rightarrow y = |f(x)| \Rightarrow$ 

$[0, a] \Rightarrow 0 \leq x \leq a \Rightarrow -a \leq x-a \leq 0 \Rightarrow |x-a| = a-x$

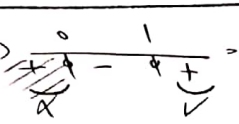
$f(x) = \sqrt[r]{x^r} (a-x) = ax^{\frac{r}{r}} - x^{\frac{r}{r}}$

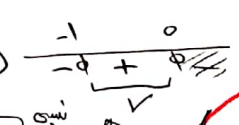
$f'(x) = \frac{r}{r} ax^{\frac{r}{r}-1} - \frac{d}{dx} x^{\frac{r}{r}} \Rightarrow \frac{r}{r} x^{\frac{r}{r}-1} (a - \frac{d}{dx} x) = \frac{r(a - \frac{d}{dx} x)}{r \sqrt[r]{x}}$

$f(0) = f(a) = 0$

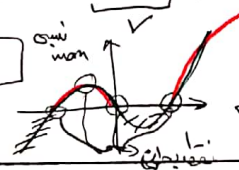
$f(\frac{r}{a}) = 1 \Rightarrow \sqrt[r]{(\frac{r}{a})^r} (a - \frac{r}{a}) = \frac{r}{a} \xrightarrow{\text{EQUATE}} \frac{r}{a} a^r \times \frac{r}{a} a^r = \frac{r}{a} \Rightarrow a^r = \frac{a^r}{r}$

$[a > r]$

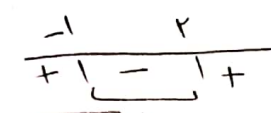
$f(x) = \sqrt{x^r - x} = \sqrt{x(x-1)} \Rightarrow$  $\Rightarrow x > 1 \Rightarrow f'(x) = \frac{r x - 1}{\sqrt{x^r - x}} = 0 \Rightarrow x = \frac{1}{r}$

$x < 0 \Rightarrow f(x) = \sqrt{-x^r - x} = \sqrt{-x(x+1)} \Rightarrow$  $\Rightarrow 0 \leq x \leq -1 \Rightarrow f'(x) = \frac{-r x - 1}{\sqrt{-x^r - x}} = 0 \Rightarrow x = -\frac{1}{r}$

$\Rightarrow m=1, n=0, k=r$



$y' = \frac{m(x-1+m) - (m x + r)(1)}{(x-1+m)^r} = \frac{m^2 - m - r}{(x-1+m)^r} < 0 \Rightarrow (m-r)(m+1) < 0$



$\Rightarrow m \in (-1, r)$

$f(x) = \frac{x}{1-x^r} \Rightarrow f'(x) = \frac{1(1-x^r) - x(-rx)}{(1-x^r)^2} = \frac{1-x^r+rx^r}{(1-x^r)^2} = \frac{1+rx^r}{(1-x^r)^2} \neq 0$

$x > 0 \Rightarrow 1-x^r = 0 \Rightarrow x = +1 \checkmark$

$f(x) = \frac{x}{1+x^r} \Rightarrow f'(x) = \frac{1(1+x^r) - x(rx)}{(1+x^r)^2} = \frac{1-x^r}{(1+x^r)^2} = 0 \Rightarrow x = -1 \checkmark$

$x < 0 \Rightarrow x = -1 \checkmark$

$\text{then } \rightarrow f(0^+) = f(0^-) = 0 \checkmark$

$\hookrightarrow f'_+(0) = f'_-(0) = 1 \checkmark$