

نام و نام خانوادگی نام و نام خانوادگی پاسخنامه تشریحی تکلیف شماره ۲۳ کلاس (اول بهار) A

$$g'(\frac{\pi}{4}) = \sqrt{e} \cdot f'(\tan \sqrt{e} \sin x) \times (1 + \tan^2 x) - \sqrt{e} \sin x \xrightarrow{x = \frac{\pi}{4}}$$

$$\approx f'(1) \cdot \sqrt{e} - f'(1) \cdot \frac{\sqrt{e}}{e} \quad \text{✓}$$

$$f'(\frac{\sqrt{\pi}}{4}) - 2g'(\frac{\sqrt{\pi}}{4}) = (f - 2g)'(\frac{\sqrt{\pi}}{4}) \rightarrow \frac{1 + \cos^2 x}{1 - \cos^2 x} - \frac{f}{1 - \cos^2 x} =$$

$$\frac{1 + \cos^2 x - f(1 + \cos^2 x)}{1 - \cos^2 x} = \frac{\cos^2 x (\cos^2 x - 1)}{1 - \cos^2 x} = -\cos^2 x = -\frac{\sqrt{\pi}}{2}$$

$$\xrightarrow{\text{مشتق}} \sin x \xrightarrow{x = \frac{\sqrt{\pi}}{4}} \sin(\frac{\sqrt{\pi}}{4}) = -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$$

$$\text{مشتق است: } \frac{(x-1)a}{2\sqrt{x}} + \sqrt{x} \quad \text{مشتق می: } \frac{-a(x-1)}{2\sqrt{x}} - \sqrt{x}$$

$$\text{استفاده: } \frac{(x-1)a}{2\sqrt{x}} + \sqrt{x} \rightarrow \sqrt{x} \cdot \frac{a}{2} = 2\sqrt{x} \rightarrow \frac{a}{2} = 2 \rightarrow a = 4$$

$$a = \frac{1}{2} \quad \text{✓}$$

$$f(x) = x - xa, \quad f'(x) = -a \rightarrow x - 2ax - 1 \rightarrow a = \frac{x}{2}$$

$$f'(x) = -a = -\frac{x}{2} \quad \text{✓}$$

$$\frac{x+5}{\sqrt{x}} = \frac{ax-1}{x+1} \rightarrow \sqrt{(ax-1)} = (x+1)(x+1) \rightarrow x^2 + (14-5a)x + 12 = 0 \xrightarrow{\Delta=0}$$

$$(14-5a)^2 = 4 \times 12 \rightarrow 14-5a = \pm 2\sqrt{3} \quad \begin{cases} 14-5a = 2\sqrt{3} \rightarrow \frac{x+5}{\sqrt{x}} = \frac{ax-1}{x+1} \rightarrow x = -1 \\ 14-5a = -2\sqrt{3} \rightarrow \frac{x+5}{\sqrt{x}} = \frac{ax-1}{x+1} \rightarrow x = 2 \end{cases}$$

برای هر یک از این دو مقدار است یعنی $x = -1$ و $x = 2$ و $a = \frac{1}{2}$ و $a = \frac{1}{2}$ قابل قبول است.

$\Lambda - r a + b s = -r a + b s \Lambda$ $f'(x) = r a x + a \xrightarrow{x=1} 1r + a = 0 \rightarrow a = -1r$ $b - a = -r = (-1r) = -r$ $\left. \begin{aligned} & \rightarrow b = -r \\ & \rightarrow r a - b = -a \xrightarrow{a=-1r} b = -14 \\ & b - a = -14 - (-14) = -r \end{aligned} \right\}$	1/8 6
$\sin x \approx x \quad x \approx 0, \quad 1 - \cos x \approx \frac{x^2}{2} \quad x \approx 0 \rightarrow$ $\frac{f(x) \times f'(x)}{(1 - \cos x)^n} = \frac{x^n \times r n x^{n-1}}{\left(\frac{x^2}{2}\right)^n} = \frac{n^{n-1} \times r n}{\frac{2^n}{r^n} \times x^n} = \frac{r}{2} = r \sqrt{r} \rightarrow r n - 1 = r m \rightarrow$ $r n \times r^n = r \sqrt{r} \rightarrow n \times r^{\frac{r+1}{2}} = r^{\frac{1}{2}} \rightarrow n \sqrt{r} \rightarrow m = \frac{r}{2} \rightarrow r m - n = r + r = 9$	7
$\frac{\sqrt{x+1}}{\sqrt{x-1}} = y \rightarrow \frac{\sqrt{y+1}}{\sqrt{y-1}} = x \rightarrow \sqrt{y} = \frac{x+1}{x-1} \rightarrow y = \frac{(x+1)^2}{(x-1)^2} \rightarrow$ $y' = \frac{-2(x+1)^2}{(x-1)^3} \xrightarrow{x=1} y' = \frac{-2(1+1)^2}{1} = -12$	8
$\frac{1 - \Lambda(1-a)}{a - (-1)} = -11 \rightarrow 1 - \Lambda + \Lambda a = -11 \rightarrow \Lambda a = -12 \rightarrow a = \frac{-12}{\Lambda} \rightarrow -r a = 1$ $f'(x) = \frac{-1}{r} (x^r + 1) + r (x^r + 1)^{r-1} \times r x \left(\frac{-1}{r} x + 1\right) \rightarrow f'(x) = -r + r^2 = 7$	9
$\frac{-1 - \left(\frac{\sqrt{r}}{r} x\right)}{\frac{\sqrt{r}}{r}} = \frac{-r}{\sqrt{r}} \quad , \quad \frac{(1-0) - \left(\frac{1}{r} - \frac{1}{r}\right)}{\frac{\sqrt{r}}{r}} = \frac{r}{\sqrt{r}}$ $\frac{-\frac{r}{\sqrt{r}}}{\frac{\sqrt{r}}{r}} = -1$	10