

Given $f(x) = c \rightarrow x \in \mathbb{R}$

$$f(x) = x^2 + 9x^2 + mx^2 + 2x - 4x + nx + 1 + 1 + mn = -$$

$$1 + 9 + m = - \rightarrow m = -10 \rightarrow mn = -10 \times 5 = -50$$

$$2 - 4 + n = - \rightarrow n = 2$$

$$g(x) = \{(5, -1), (5, 2), (-10, 2), (5, -1)\}$$

$$2 + 1 = -1 \rightarrow 2 = -1$$

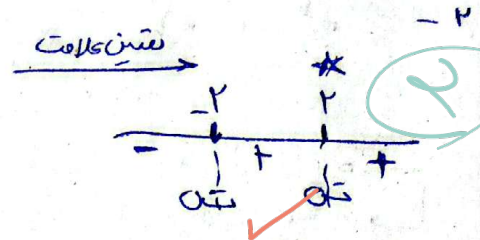
$$2 + 1 = -1 \rightarrow 2 = -1$$

$$m + n + p + k =$$

$$-10 + 2 + 10 - 1 = -1$$

$$1) g = \sqrt{\frac{x-2}{x^2-2x-1}}$$

$$\frac{x-2}{(x-2)(x+1)} > 0$$



$$D = (-1, +\infty) \cup (2, +\infty)$$

$$2) f(x) = \frac{2x^2+1}{x-2[-x]}$$

$$x-2[-x] = 0 \rightarrow x-2[-x] = 0 \rightarrow x-2[-x] = 0$$

$$D_f = \mathbb{R} - \{-2, 2\}$$

$$3) f(x) = \frac{\sqrt{x(x^2-1)}}{\sqrt{|x|+x}}$$

$$x(x^2-1) \geq 0 \rightarrow x \in \mathbb{R}^+$$

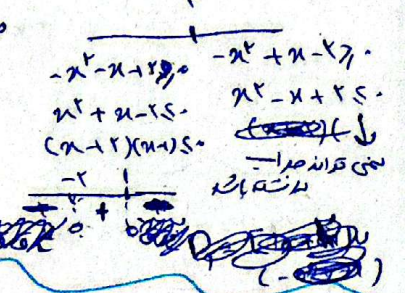
$$D_f = [1, +\infty)$$

$$4) f(x) = \sqrt{|x-1|-x^2}$$

$$|x-1|-x^2 \geq 0$$

$$D_f = [-1, 1] - \{1\}$$

$$|x-1|-x^2 \geq 0 \rightarrow x \in [-1, 1] - \{1\}$$



$$\frac{1}{|x-1|-1} - k = 0$$

$$|x-1|-1 = k$$

$$|x-1| = k+1$$

$$|x-1| = k+1$$

$$x-1 = k+1 \rightarrow x = k+2$$

$$x-1 = -(k+1) \rightarrow x = -k$$

$$k+1 = |x-1| \rightarrow k+1 = |x-1|$$

$$-|x-1| + 1 = k$$

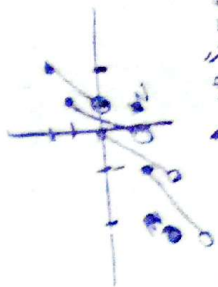
$$1-k = |x-1|$$

$$x-1 = 1-k \rightarrow x = 2-k$$

$$x-1 = -(1-k) \rightarrow x = k$$

$$D = [-1, 1]$$

$$\begin{aligned} -1 < a < 1 &\rightarrow [a] = 1 \rightarrow \forall n - (-1) = \forall n + 1 \\ -1 < n < 0 &\rightarrow [n] = -1 \rightarrow \forall n - (-1) = \forall n + 1 \\ 0 < a < 1 &\rightarrow [a] = 0 \rightarrow \forall n \\ 1 < a < \infty &\rightarrow [a] = 1 \rightarrow \forall n - (1) = \forall n - 1 \\ a = 1 &\rightarrow [a] = 1 \rightarrow \forall n - 1 \end{aligned}$$



$$f(a) = a \quad \frac{a^1 - (-1 + 1^1)}{a + a} \cdot a \cdot b = a$$

$$\frac{a^1 - (-1 + b)1 + 1 + a \cdot b}{a + a} = a \rightarrow \cancel{a^1} (-1 + b) + \cancel{1} + \cancel{a} b = \cancel{a} + \cancel{a} b$$

$$\begin{aligned} \rightarrow b = 1 &\rightarrow a = 1^1 \rightarrow a - b = -1 \\ \rightarrow b = 1 &\rightarrow a = -1 \rightarrow a - b = -1 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} -1 + b &= a \\ -1 + b &= \frac{1}{b} \\ -1 + b + 1 &= \frac{1}{b} \end{aligned}$$

$$(b-1)(b-1) = 0$$

$$f(a) = \frac{a^1(a+1) - (a+1^1)}{a^1 - 1} \quad a \neq \pm 1 \Rightarrow \frac{(a^1 - 1)(a+1)}{a^1 - 1} \quad a \neq \pm 1$$

$$a = \pm 1$$

$$\rightarrow f(1) = \frac{a+1}{1+b} = 1 \rightarrow a + 1 = 1 + b$$

$$a - 1 = b \rightarrow a - 1 + 1 = b$$

$$f(-1) = \frac{-a+1}{-1+b} = 1 \rightarrow -1 + b = -a + 1$$

$$\rightarrow b + 1 = -a + 1$$

$$\frac{-a+1}{-1+b} = 1$$

$$f(a) = \frac{a^1 - (-1 + a)}{a^1 - 1} \rightarrow \frac{a^1 - (-1 + a)}{a^1 - 1}$$

$$\frac{a^1 - (-1 + a)}{a^1 - 1} \rightarrow \frac{a^1 - (-1 + a)}{a^1 - 1} = 1 \rightarrow a = 1$$

$$g(a) = \frac{a^1 - (-1 + a)}{a^1 - 1} \rightarrow \frac{a^1 - (-1 + a)}{a^1 - 1}$$

$$\rightarrow b - 1 = a$$

$$f(a) = a + 1$$

$$g(1) = 1 + 1$$

$$\rightarrow 1 + 1 = 2$$

$$1 + 1 = 2$$

$$1 + 1 = 2$$

$$1 + 1 = 2$$

$$D = \begin{bmatrix} -r & r \end{bmatrix}$$

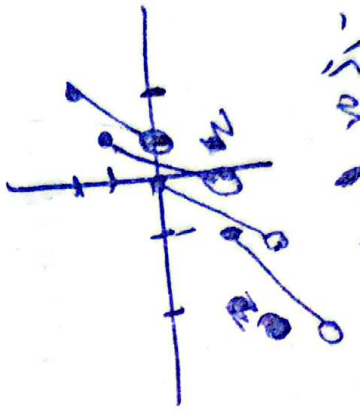
$$\rightarrow -r \leq a \leq -1 \rightarrow [a] = -r \rightarrow ra - (-r) = r + r$$

$$-1 \leq a < 0 \rightarrow [a] = -1 \rightarrow ra - (-1) = r + 1$$

$$0 \leq a < 1 \rightarrow [a] = 0 \rightarrow ra$$

$$1 \leq a < r \rightarrow [a] = 1 \rightarrow ra - (1) = r + 1$$

$$a = r \rightarrow [a] = r \rightarrow ra - r$$



$$f(a) = a$$

$$\frac{a^r - (-ra + r)}{a + a} \quad a + b = a$$

$$\frac{a^r (-r + b) + r + a + b}{a + a} = a \rightarrow \cancel{a^r} (-r + b) + \cancel{r} + \cancel{a} + b = \cancel{a^r} + a + a$$

$$-r + b = a$$

$$ab = -r$$

$$-r + b = -\frac{r}{b}$$

$$a = -\frac{r}{b}$$

$$-r + b + r = \dots$$

$$\rightarrow b^r - r + r = \dots$$

$$(b-1)(b-r) = \dots$$

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$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{x^r(x+1) - (x+1)^r}{x^r - 1} & x \neq \pm 1 \Rightarrow \frac{(x^r)^{1/r} (x+1)}{x^{r/1}} & x \neq \pm 1 \\ \frac{a_{x+1}}{a_{x+b}} & \end{cases}$$

$$\rightarrow c=r$$

$$\frac{a_{x+1}}{a_{x+b}}$$

$$a = \pm 1$$

$$g(x) = x+r$$

$$g(1) = r$$

$$g(-1) = 1$$

$$\rightarrow f(1) = \frac{a+r}{1+b} = r \rightarrow a+r = r+b$$

$$a-rb = 1 \rightarrow -a+r b = -1$$

$$f(-1) = \frac{-a+r}{-1+b} = 1 \rightarrow -1+b = -a+r$$

$$b+a = r$$

$$\rightarrow b+c = \frac{a}{r} = 1, 0$$

$$-a+r b = -1$$

$$r b = a \rightarrow b = \frac{a}{r}$$

$$f(x) = \sqrt{x-a} + k-1 \rightarrow \sqrt{x-r a}$$

$$x > r a \rightarrow \sqrt{x-r a} \rightarrow \sqrt{x-r a} = 1 \rightarrow x = \frac{a}{r}$$

-1

$$g(x) = \sqrt{b-r x} + r k \rightarrow b-r x = 0$$

$$b \geq x \rightarrow \frac{b}{r} \geq x \rightarrow \frac{b}{r} = 1$$

$D = \{1, \frac{a}{r}\}$
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$$f(x) = k-1$$

$$\rightarrow r k - r - r k = k$$

$$b = \frac{a}{r}$$

$$g(1) = r k$$

$$-k-r = k$$

$$r k = -r$$

$$k = -1$$

$$r a - \frac{a}{r} - k = r - r - \frac{a}{r} = \frac{a}{r}$$

$$f(x) = \sqrt{m-x} + n \rightarrow m-x \geq 0 \rightarrow m \geq x \rightarrow m = V$$

-9

$$g(x) = \sqrt{x+1} \rightarrow x+1 \geq 0 \rightarrow x \geq -1$$

$$\rightarrow Df \cap Dg = Df \cap Dg$$



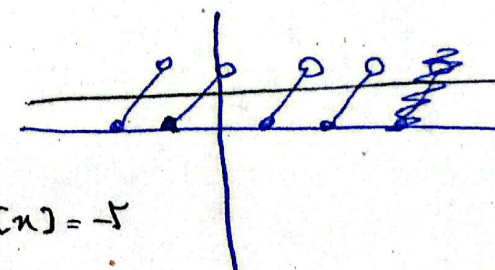
$$f(x) = \sqrt{v-x} + n \quad \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \sqrt{v-x} + n = \sqrt{x+1} + 2 = 4\sqrt{v} \end{array} \right.$$

$$m+n = 8 + 1\sqrt{v}$$

$$\rightarrow v+n = 1\sqrt{v}$$

$$n = 1\sqrt{v} - v$$

$$\underbrace{(-1)^x}_{1} \underbrace{(x - [x])}_{\text{بقدره جزء}} = \frac{1}{x}$$



بقدره جزء

$$y = x - [x] = \frac{1}{x} \Rightarrow -1 \leq x < -1 \rightarrow [x] = -1$$

$$y = x + 1$$

$$\rightarrow -1 \leq x < 0 \rightarrow [x] = -1 \rightarrow y = x + 1$$

$$\rightarrow 0 \leq x < 1 \rightarrow [x] = 0 \rightarrow y = x$$

$$\rightarrow 1 \leq x < 2 \rightarrow [x] = 1 \rightarrow y = x - 1$$

$$\rightarrow x = 2 \rightarrow [x] = 2 \rightarrow y = x - 2$$

بقدره جزء

-10

