

$$f(x) = (x+1)^2 + (x-1)^2 + mx^2 + nx + mn$$

$$x^2 + 2x + 1 + x^2 - 2x + 1 + mx^2 + nx + mn$$

$$= (1+m)x^2 + (n-2)x + (2+mn)$$

$$\text{تساوی ثابت} \Rightarrow \text{ضرایب مساوی}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 1+m &= 0 \Rightarrow m = -1 \\ n-2 &= 0 \Rightarrow n = 2 \\ 2+mn &= 0 \Rightarrow 2+(-1)(2) = 0 \end{aligned} \Rightarrow f(x) = x^2 + 2x(-1) = -x^2$$

$$g(x) = \{(x, m), (n, p+1), (p+1, -1), (-9, p+k)\}$$

$$m = -1, n = 2 \Rightarrow g(x) = \{(2, -1), (2, p+1), (p+1, -1), (-9, p+k)\}$$

$$\begin{aligned} p+1 &= -1 \Rightarrow p = -2 \\ p+1 &= -9 \Rightarrow p = -10 \\ -1 &= p+k \Rightarrow k = 1 \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{الف) } y = \sqrt{\frac{x-2}{x^2+x-1}}$$

$$y = \sqrt{\frac{(x-2)}{(x^2-1)(x+1)}} = \sqrt{\frac{x-2}{(x-1)(x+1)(x+1)}}$$

$$\begin{aligned} x-2 &\geq 0 \Rightarrow x \geq 2 \\ x+1 &\neq 0 \Rightarrow x \neq -1 \\ x+1 &\neq 0 \Rightarrow x \neq -1 \end{aligned} \Rightarrow D_f = [2, +\infty) \cup (-1, -\infty)$$

$$\text{ب) } f(x) = \frac{x^2+1}{x^2-2x}$$

$$\begin{aligned} x^2-2x &\neq 0 \Rightarrow x(x-2) \neq 0 \\ x &\neq 0, x \neq 2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} x < 0 &\Rightarrow x < -2 \\ 0 < x < 2 &\Rightarrow x < 2 \end{aligned} \Rightarrow D_f = \mathbb{R} - \{0, 2\}$$

$$\text{ج) } f(x) = \sqrt{\frac{x(x^2-1)}{|x|+x}} \quad D_f = [1, +\infty)$$

$$\begin{aligned} x(x^2-1) &\geq 0 \Rightarrow x(x-1)(x+1) \geq 0 \\ x &\geq 0 \Rightarrow x \geq 1 \\ x < 0 &\Rightarrow x \leq -1 \end{aligned} \Rightarrow D_f = [1, +\infty) \cup (-\infty, -1]$$

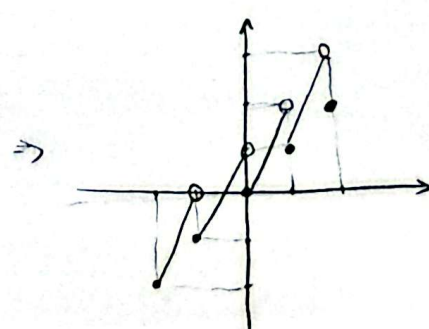
$$\text{د) } f(x) = \sqrt{|x-1|-x^2}$$

$$\begin{aligned} |x-1|-x^2 &\geq 0 \Rightarrow x^2 - |x-1| \leq 0 \\ x &\geq 1 \Rightarrow x^2 - (x-1) \leq 0 \Rightarrow x^2 - x + 1 \leq 0 \\ x < 1 &\Rightarrow x^2 - (-x+1) \leq 0 \Rightarrow x^2 + x - 1 \leq 0 \end{aligned}$$

$$y = \frac{1}{|x-1|-1-k} \quad \text{مخرج } \neq 0 \Rightarrow |x-1|-1-k \neq 0 \Rightarrow |x-1|-1=k \Rightarrow |x-1|=k+1$$

$$\begin{aligned} k+1 &= 2-k \Rightarrow 2k=1 \Rightarrow k=0.5 \\ k+1 &= 1-k \Rightarrow 2k=0 \Rightarrow k=0 \\ k+1 &= 1-k \Rightarrow 2k=0 \Rightarrow k=0 \\ k+1 &= 1-k \Rightarrow 2k=0 \Rightarrow k=0 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} y &= 2x - [x] \Rightarrow -2 < y < -1 \Rightarrow [x] = -2 \Rightarrow y = 2x + 2 \\ -1 < y < 0 &\Rightarrow [x] = -1 \Rightarrow y = 2x + 1 \\ 0 < y < 1 &\Rightarrow [x] = 0 \Rightarrow y = 2x \\ 1 < y < 2 &\Rightarrow [x] = 1 \Rightarrow y = 2x - 1 \\ x &= 2 \Rightarrow [x] = 2 \Rightarrow y = 2x - 2 \end{aligned}$$



$$f(0) = 0 \Rightarrow \frac{r}{a} + b = 0 \Rightarrow \frac{r}{a} = -b \Rightarrow r = -ab \Rightarrow ab = -r$$

$$f(1) = 1 \Rightarrow \frac{0}{1+a} + b = 1 \Rightarrow b = 1 \Rightarrow a = -r$$

$$a - b = -r - 1 = \boxed{-r-1}$$

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$$\frac{x^r + r x^{r-1} - x - r}{x^r - x} \cdot \frac{x^r - 1}{x + r} \Rightarrow f(x) = \frac{(x^r - 1)(x + r)}{(x^r + r)(x + r)} = x + r$$

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} x \neq \pm 1 \\ f(x) = g(x) \end{array} \right\} \Rightarrow x + r = x + r \quad \boxed{r = r} \quad \hookrightarrow b + c = \boxed{r}$$

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$$f(x) = \frac{ax+r}{x+b} \quad \left. \begin{array}{l} x = \pm 1 \\ f(x) = g(x) \end{array} \right\} \Rightarrow \frac{ax+r}{x+b} = x+r$$

$$\begin{array}{l} x=+1: \frac{a+r}{1+b} = r \Rightarrow a+r = r+b \Rightarrow a=b \\ x=-1: \frac{-a+r}{-1+b} = -1 \Rightarrow r-a = b-1 \Rightarrow a+b=r \end{array} \Rightarrow \boxed{b=0, d=r}, \boxed{a=r, d}$$

$$f(1) = \sqrt{c \cdot r a} + k - 1$$

$$g(1) = \sqrt{b \cdot r} + r k$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{r a}{c} = \frac{b}{r} = 1 \Rightarrow \boxed{a = \frac{c}{r}}, \boxed{b = r}$$

$$\Rightarrow r f(1) - g(1) = k$$

$$\sqrt{c \cdot r} + r k - 1 - \sqrt{b \cdot r} - r k = k$$

$$\sqrt{c \cdot r} - \sqrt{b \cdot r} = k + 1$$

$$\sqrt{c \cdot r} - \sqrt{r} = k + 1$$

$$\sqrt{c} - 1 = k + 1 \Rightarrow \boxed{k = -1}$$

$$\hookrightarrow r a - \frac{b}{r} - k = r \times \frac{c}{r} - \frac{r}{r} - (-1) = r - r + 1 = \boxed{1}$$

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$$D_{f \circ g} = D_f \cap D_g = [-1, v] \Rightarrow m = v$$

$$\begin{array}{l} m < -1 \\ m > v \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l} \hookrightarrow r, n+r \\ x, -1 \end{array}$$

$$\Rightarrow m+n = v + \sqrt{r} - r$$

$$\boxed{v + \sqrt{r}}$$

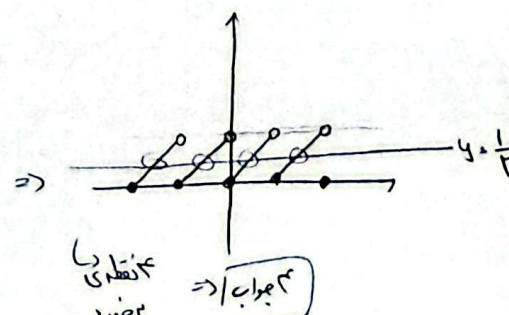
$$\sqrt{v-r} + n - \sqrt{v+r} = \sqrt{r} \Rightarrow n = \sqrt{r} - r$$

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$$y = \frac{(-1)^r (x - [x])}{r}$$

$$\hookrightarrow y = x - [x] \quad \begin{array}{l} -r \leq x < -1 \rightarrow [x] = -r \Rightarrow y = x + r \\ -1 \leq x < 0 \rightarrow [x] = -1 \Rightarrow y = x + 1 \\ 0 \leq x < 1 \rightarrow [x] = 0 \Rightarrow y = x \\ 1 \leq x < 2 \rightarrow [x] = 1 \Rightarrow y = x - 1 \\ x = 2 \rightarrow [x] = 2 \Rightarrow y = x - 2 \end{array}$$

$$y = \frac{1}{r}$$



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