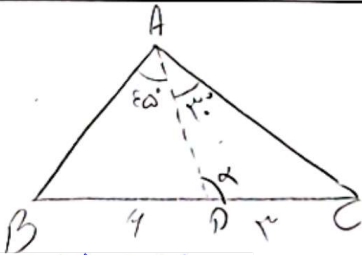


$$\alpha + \theta = \frac{\pi}{2} \rightarrow \sin \alpha = \cos \theta$$

$$\cos \theta = \frac{OT}{OA} = \frac{OT}{1+AB} \rightarrow \cos \theta = \frac{1}{1+AB}$$

$$\sin \alpha = \frac{1}{1+AB} \rightarrow 1+AB = \frac{1}{\sin \alpha} \rightarrow AB = \frac{1-\sin \alpha}{\sin \alpha}$$

(۲)

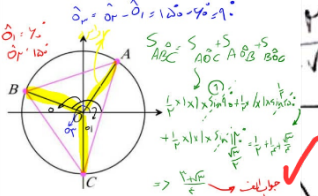


$$S_{ADC} = \frac{1}{2} S_{ABC} \rightarrow S_{ADC} = \frac{1}{2} \times DA \times AC \times \sin \theta$$

$$S_{ABD} = \frac{1}{2} S_{ABC} \rightarrow S_{ABD} = \frac{1}{2} \times AD \times AB \times \sin \theta$$

$$S_{ABD} = S_{ADC} \rightarrow \frac{1}{2} \times AD \times AB \times \sin \theta = \frac{1}{2} \times DA \times AC \times \sin \theta$$

(۲)



$$A\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}, \dots\right) \rightarrow \theta = 45^\circ = \frac{\pi}{4}$$

$$B\left(\dots, \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \rightarrow \theta = 135^\circ \rightarrow \frac{3\pi}{4}$$

$$AO = BO = CO = r \rightarrow (1)$$

$$AC = \sqrt{\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\right)^2} = \sqrt{\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2}} = 1$$

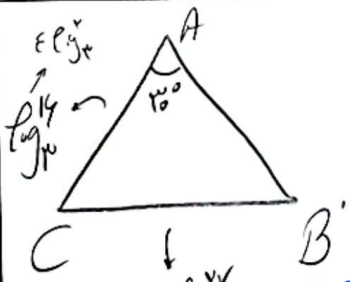
$$BC = \sqrt{\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\right)^2} = \sqrt{\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2}} = 1$$

$$\rightarrow AB = \sqrt{\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\right)^2} = \sqrt{\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2}} = 1$$

(1, 1, 1)

$$AC = \sqrt{2+2}$$

$$AB = \sqrt{2+2+2+2}$$



$$a^2 + b^2 - 2ab \cos C = c^2$$

$$a^2 + b^2 = c^2$$

$$0 = (c^2 - a^2) + a\sqrt{3}b - b^2 \rightarrow \frac{\sqrt{3}c^2 - a^2 + \sqrt{3}a}{2} = b$$

$$\frac{ab}{2} = ab \sin C \times \frac{1}{2} \rightarrow S = \frac{\sqrt{3}c^2 - a^2 + \sqrt{3}a}{2} \times \frac{a}{2} = \frac{a(\sqrt{3}c^2 - a^2 + \sqrt{3}a)}{4} = S$$

$$C = \alpha$$

$$S = \frac{1}{2} \times AB \times AC \times \sin \alpha = \frac{1}{2} \times \sqrt{2} \times \sqrt{2} \times \sin \alpha = \sin \alpha$$

(۲)

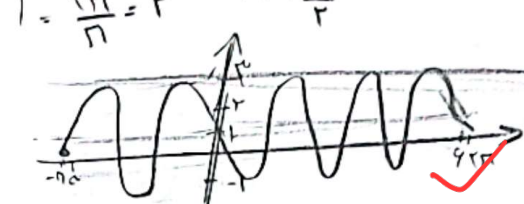
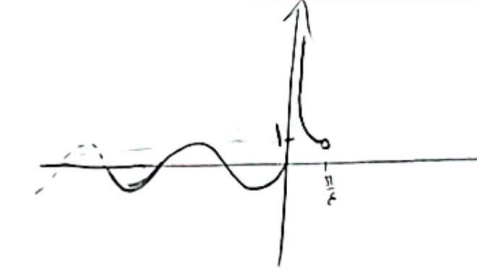
$$\sin \alpha = \cos \alpha \rightarrow y = 1$$

$$\sin^2 \alpha = 1 - \cos^2 \alpha \rightarrow 1 - 1 = 0$$

$$Y \cos^2 \alpha - \cos^2 \alpha - \sin^2 \alpha (Y \sin^2 \alpha - 1) = 1 \rightarrow Y(\cos^2 \alpha - \sin^2 \alpha) + \sin^2 \alpha - \cos^2 \alpha = 1$$

$$\rightarrow Y \cos^2 \alpha - Y \sin^2 \alpha + \sin^2 \alpha - \cos^2 \alpha = 1 \rightarrow \cos^2 \alpha - \sin^2 \alpha = 1 \rightarrow \cos 2\alpha$$

(۲)

$y = -r \sin nC \cdot \sin n + r \quad T = \frac{r\pi}{r} = \pi$ 	$y = r \cos \left(n + \frac{1}{r} \right) \pi + 1 \rightarrow -r \sin n\pi + 1$ $T = \frac{r\pi}{\pi} = r$ 	6
	$R_f \Rightarrow [-1, +\infty)$	7
$a + b \sin(rn) \left(\underbrace{\cos(rn)}_{\frac{1}{r} \sin(rn)} \right) \left(\underbrace{\cos(rn)}_{\cos(rn)} \right)$	$b r_0 \leftarrow \text{باقعة به بقدر}$ $b = -r$ $a + \frac{b}{r} \sin(\epsilon cn) \Rightarrow a - r \sin(\epsilon cn) \rightarrow a = r$ $T = \frac{\pi}{r} - \frac{\pi}{r} = \frac{\epsilon \pi}{1} = \frac{r\pi}{\omega} \rightarrow \frac{r\pi}{\epsilon c} = \frac{r\pi}{\omega} \rightarrow \epsilon c = \omega$ $c = \frac{\omega}{r}$	8
$T = \frac{r\pi}{b} \rightarrow b = r$ $\rightarrow a = -r, \max = r \rightarrow C = 1$	$a < 0 \leftarrow \text{استقر است}$ $f(n) = -r \cos rn + 1 \rightarrow -r \cos rn + 1$ $C \cdot \sin n = \frac{1}{r}$ $\rightarrow 1 + \tan^2 rn = \frac{1}{\cos^2 rn} \rightarrow 1 + \tan^2 rn = 9 \rightarrow \tan rn = \sqrt{8}$	9
$T = r \rightarrow f(n) = f(n + r k) \rightarrow f(-\frac{r}{2}) = f(\frac{r}{2} - r)$ $\Rightarrow f(\frac{r}{2} - r) = f(\frac{r}{2})$ $f(n) = \frac{1}{r} n + 1 \rightarrow f(\frac{r}{2}) = -\frac{1}{2} r + 1 = -\frac{1}{2} r + 1$	$k \in \mathbb{Z}$ $f(n) = \frac{1}{r} n + 1 \rightarrow f(\frac{r}{2}) = -\frac{1}{2} r + 1 = -\frac{1}{2} r + 1$	10