

11, 10 $\sin x$

المسألة

$$1) \frac{a \sin \frac{8\pi}{9} + b \cos \frac{4\pi}{9}}{a \sin \frac{11\pi}{9} + b \cos \frac{\pi}{9}}$$

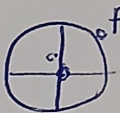
$$= \tan \frac{8\pi}{9} \Rightarrow \frac{b}{a} = ?$$

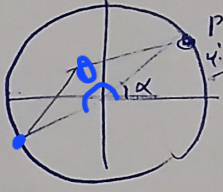
(1)

$$\frac{-\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}a - \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}b}{-\frac{1}{2}a + \frac{1}{2}b} = \frac{-\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}(a+b)}{\frac{1}{2}(b-a)} = -\frac{\sqrt{2}}{1} \Rightarrow r(a+b) = b-a$$

$$\Rightarrow ra = -rb$$

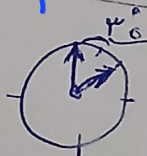
$$\Rightarrow \frac{b}{a} = -\frac{r}{r} = -1$$

2) $P(\frac{1}{2}, y)$  $\rightarrow -r \cdot i = p' \rightarrow S_{opp} = ?$

(10)  $\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{4}} = \frac{r}{2}$
 $\theta = \pi'$
 $S = \frac{1}{2} ab \sin \alpha$
 $PP' = \sqrt{(\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} - (-\frac{1}{2}))^2 + (\frac{1}{2} - (-\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}))^2} = \frac{\sqrt{4+\sqrt{2}}}{2}$
 $\Rightarrow \frac{\sqrt{2}}{r} \rightarrow$
 $\begin{matrix} \cos \pi' \\ \sin \pi' \end{matrix} \rightarrow \begin{matrix} -\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \\ -\frac{1}{2} \end{matrix}$
 $\frac{1}{2} \times 1 \times 1 \times \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{8}$
 $\frac{1}{2} = 1 + 1 + \frac{\sqrt{4+\sqrt{2}}}{2} = 1 + \frac{\sqrt{4+\sqrt{2}}}{2}$

3) $r + \frac{\pi}{9} = ?$

$$\omega = r \cdot \omega$$

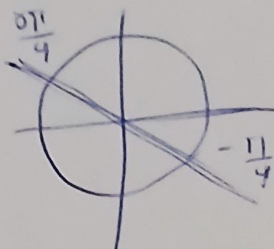


$$\Rightarrow \alpha = r' \rightarrow r, \sigma' \text{ حرة}$$

$$r \times r' = \epsilon \Rightarrow \omega = r = r_0$$

r, a

8) $\sin x = \frac{m-r}{d}$, $-\frac{\pi}{4} < x \leq \frac{\pi}{4} \Rightarrow m = ?$



$\Rightarrow \max \sin = 1$

$\min \sin = -\frac{1}{4}$

$\Rightarrow -\frac{1}{4} \leq \frac{m-r}{d} \leq 1$

$\Rightarrow -\frac{d}{4} < m-r \leq d \Rightarrow \frac{1}{4} < m \leq 1$ ↙
2011.11.1

9) $\frac{\sin(100^\circ) + k \cos(190^\circ)}{\cos(140^\circ) + r \sin(190^\circ)} = r \Rightarrow \tan 10^\circ = \frac{r}{k}$
 $k = ?$

$\frac{\sin(\frac{\pi}{r} + 10^\circ) + k \cos(\frac{r\pi}{r} - 10^\circ)}{\cos(\pi - 10^\circ) + r \sin(\pi + 10^\circ)} = \frac{\cos 10^\circ - k \sin 10^\circ}{-\cos 10^\circ - r \sin 10^\circ}$

$\div \cos 10^\circ \Rightarrow \frac{1 - k \tan 10^\circ}{-1 - r \tan 10^\circ} = \frac{1 - \frac{k}{r}}{-1 - \frac{1}{r}} = \frac{r - k}{-r - 1} = r \Rightarrow k = rr$

10) $\frac{1 - \cos x}{1 + \cos x} = r \Rightarrow \frac{\tan(\frac{\pi}{r} - x) - \cot(\pi - x)}{\cot(\frac{r\pi}{r} - x) + r \tan(\pi - x)} = ?$

$\frac{r \cot x}{- \tan x} = -r \cot x$

$\frac{\cot x + \cot x}{\tan x - r \tan x} = \frac{r \cot x}{-r \tan x} \Rightarrow \frac{1 - \cos x}{1 + \cos x} = r \times \frac{1 - \cos x}{1 - \cos x}$

$\Rightarrow \left(\frac{1 - \cos x}{\sin x} \right)^r = r \Rightarrow \frac{1 - \cos x}{\sin x} = \sqrt[r]{r}$

$\cot x = -\frac{1}{\sqrt[r]{r}}$
 $1 - \cos x = r + r \cos x$
 $r \cos x = -1$
 $\cos x = -\frac{1}{r}$

11) $\frac{10\lambda}{1\lambda_0} = \frac{n}{\pi} \Rightarrow x = \frac{r\pi}{8}$

$\frac{SA}{SB} = \left(\frac{r_A}{r_B} \right)^r = \frac{9}{4}$

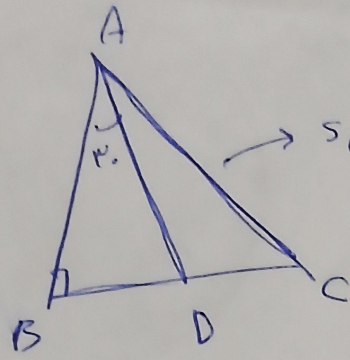
$\frac{r\pi}{8} \times r_A = \frac{4\pi}{10} \times r_B \Rightarrow \frac{r_A}{r_B} = \left(\frac{4}{r} \right)$

$S = \frac{\alpha}{r} R^r = \frac{SA}{SB} = \frac{\alpha A}{\alpha B} \times \left(\frac{r_A}{r_B} \right)^r = \frac{\frac{r\pi}{8}}{\frac{4\pi}{10}} \times \left(\frac{r}{4} \right)^r = \frac{r}{4} \times \frac{r}{4} = \frac{1}{4}$

مسئله

1

9)



$$S_{ABC} = \sqrt{3} \Rightarrow \sin \alpha = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$$

$$\left. \begin{aligned} \sin \alpha &= \frac{c}{b} \Rightarrow AB = c \\ \cos \alpha &= \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \Rightarrow AC = b \end{aligned} \right\} \rightarrow S = \frac{AB \times AC}{2} = \sqrt{3}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{\sqrt{3} \times BC}{2} = \sqrt{3} \Rightarrow BC = 2$$

نقطه D

$$\rightarrow \sqrt{c^2 + b^2} = \sqrt{2^2 + 2^2} = \sqrt{8} = 2\sqrt{2} = AC \rightarrow DC = 1$$

$$\sqrt{(2\sqrt{3})^2 + 2^2} = 4$$

ارتفاع = (نقطه D) از کمره و از
 در AB مسافت و مسافت

$$\rightarrow \sin \alpha = \frac{c}{b} = \frac{2\sqrt{3}}{4} = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$$

$$\sin \alpha = \frac{c}{b} \cos \alpha = \frac{2\sqrt{3}}{4} \times \frac{1}{2} = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$$

10/10